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M. ZAIMIS REFUSING, M. CALOGEROPOULOS COMPLETES CABINET

Short Life Prophesied if Benevolent Neutrality Attitude Maintained

ALLIES CONSULTED

New Premier Is German Admirer, But Promises Not To Cross Entente

GREEKS KIDNAPPED

Kavalla Garrison Cut Off By Bulgarians At German Orders

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Athens, September 16.—M. Zaimis was sounded again, with a view to resuming the Premiership, but he said that his health is unsatisfactory. He declined to return to office.

M. Calogeropoulos, who was a member of the Theotokis Ministry, before the war, then formed a Cabinet, with himself as Premier, Minister of War and Minister of Finance; M. Damianos, Minister of Marine; M. Ronfos, Minister of the Interior; M. Carapanos, Minister for Foreign Affairs; M. Bokotopoulos, Minister of Justice; M. Canaris, Minister of Education; M. Caftangoglou, Minister of Communications and M. Bassios, Minister of Economy.

Prior to accepting office, M. Calogeropoulos, the new Premier, conferred with the Entente diplomats. Although the new Cabinet is not composed of men favorable to the Entente, it will be given every chance, but it is believed that its life will be a short one if it continues the attitude of so-called benevolent neutrality.

Strictest Neutrality

M. Calogeropoulos states that he will observe the strictest neutrality towards the Entente. He denies he is a Germanophile, though he admires the Germans.

Mass meetings will be held tomorrow at important pro-Ally centers, at which resolutions will be brought forward begging King Constantine to adopt a policy conforming to national interests.

5,000 men belonging to the Greek garrison of Kavalla have arrived at Thasos, where they are awaiting transports for Greece. There are indications that the Greek troops at Kavalla did not seek German protection, but were practically kidnapped by the Bulgarians, acting under German orders, cutting them off from Salonica and Athens.

Amsterdam, September 15.—It is officially announced from Berlin that the Commander of the 4th Greek Army Corps, stationed at Kavalla, has sought German protection and his fully equipped forces have been sent to Germany, where they will be treated as guests. It is unofficially estimated that the corps consists of 25,000 officers and men.

Bulgars Occupy Kavalla

London, September 17.—An official communique issued in Berlin states that the Bulgarians have occupied Kavalla.

A British official despatch from Salonica yesterday reported: Our raiding detachments crossed the Struma and attacked Dzamimah and Komaja, capturing some prisoners. Our mounted troops also raided the upper and lower Gudels. We are maintaining a steady bombardment on the Doiran front.

A despatch today reported: On the Struma front, our patrols successfully raided the enemy line at Neohori and north of the Seres road on the 16th. Our bombers killed 150 Germans on the 13th.

The operations of our machine-guns inflicted heavy casualties during the enemy's counter-attacks.

Salonica, September 16.—A Servian communique reports: Our attacks continued yesterday in the Moglena region, where the enemy are in great strength, besides very difficult Alpine country, with veritable walls of rock to climb.

The situation is good in the direction of Florina. More guns have been captured. Our losses were slight and the enemy's, judging from the

(Continued on Page 2)

Yet Another Clash Between China and Japan Troops In Mongolia, Is Report in Tokio

London Hears Peking Is Conciliatory; Another Message Says Demands Not Touched on Yet

Reuter's Service

London, September 17.—A telegram from Tokio states that a report has been received from Changchun of a fresh attack by Chinese troops against Japanese cavalry guarding the withdrawal of Mongolian troops from the zone of the Manchurian Railway. The negotiations in Peking are progressing satisfactorily. The attitude of the Chinese Government is conciliatory, ensuring a friendly solution.

Hayashi Visits Waichiaopu

Reuter's Pacific Service to The China Press

Peking, September 18.—Baron Hayashi, on Friday afternoon, visited the Waichiaopu. The conference lasted for three hours and it is understood that the facts of the Chengchiatung incident were discussed, which is regarded in Chinese circles as a hopeful sign, since it was feared that the Japanese might refuse further investigation of the facts and insist upon the acceptance of the Japanese version.

It is premature to state that the Chengchiatung negotiations are progressing satisfactorily. Hitherto, there has only been one conference between Baron Hayashi and Chen Chin-tao, whereat only the facts of the case were discussed. The Japanese demands were not touched upon.

There is no confirmation of the Tokio report from Changchun of a fresh attack by Chinese troops against Japanese cavalry, though a report has reached Peking that, during a fight between Chinese troops and Mongolian bandits, a stray bullet wounded a Japanese cavalryman.

Tuchuns' Ultimatum

Considerable excitement has been caused in political circles by the Government's receipt of a so-called "ultimatum" from the Tuchuns and other high military officers of fifteen Provinces, demanding the dismissal of Mr. Chang Yao-tseng, Minister of Justice, for his alleged connection with the opium case.

After setting forth their reasons for the demand, the petition concludes: "If the Government should consider our words of some value, we ask the Government to immediately dismiss Mr. Chang Yao-tseng or tell him to resign. If the Government considers us wrong, then let the Government dismiss us all in order to appease the mind of Mr. Chang Yao-tseng.

"If neither of these courses is acceptable to the Government, then we are compelled to state that, hereafter, we shall not recognise orders issued by the Ministry of Justice or the officials appointed thereby in the Provinces."

It is stated that General Chang Hsun, the Tuchun of Anhui, who has already petitioned the Government three times to dismiss Mr. Chang Yao-tseng, is one of the leaders of the movement.

It is understood that Chang Yueh-tsen has tendered his resignation and that General Tsao Kun has been appointed Tuchun of Chihli.

Ask Group Banks For Loan

The Chinese Government has approached the Group Banks, from which Germany is now excluded, requesting a loan of ten millions sterling on the security of the salt revenue, for reorganisation purposes. Hitherto, there has only been a preliminary discussion.

The Ministry of Finance has concluded a loan of five million dollars from Japanese capitalists. It is stated that the loan is of the nature of a temporary advance if the big loan is concluded, or an independent loan if the latter falls through.

Chinese newspapers comment severely on the loan and are especially indignant owing to the report that the silver mines of Hsuikoushan, in Hunan and the copper mines of Tungkuanshan, in Anhui, which are named as security, are really in the nature of a commission to the capitalists advancing the five millions, the condition being that the Japanese will be allowed to own half the shares in the mines in the event of the big loan being concluded.

It is not clear whether the shares will be given to the Japanese, or whether the latter will be given the privilege of purchasing them. The Senate, on Saturday, held a secret session and closely questioned the Ministers of Finance and Agriculture who are also concerned through the question of the mines.

Tong Shao-yi arrived at Tientsin yesterday. He is expected to reach Peking in a few days.

Tong Shao-yi in Tientsin

Ostasiatische Lloyd

Peking, September 18.—Tong Shao-yi, Minister of Foreign Affairs, is staying at Tientsin; the date of his arrival at Peking is unknown.

Some days ago, the Cabinet discussed the engagement of Lieutenant-General Aoki as military advisor but no decision was reached.

On October 5, President Li Yuan-hung will hold a review of troops in the neighborhood of Peking. Nearly two Divisions will take part.

At yesterday's meeting of the Senate, the Speaker was requested to make inquiries through both the Ministers of Finance and Agriculture about the Japanese industrial loan of five million Dollars, as proposed by the Japanese Industrial Syndicate against the security of Shui-ku-shan Mines in Hunan and the Tung-kuan-shan copper mines, near Wuhu. The House expects an answer on Monday.

Allies Tackle Sweden On Broken Neutrality

Reply Is No Modification Will Be Made of Precautions In Territorial Waters

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, September 16.—It is evident that the Allies have made a strong protest to Sweden regarding breaches of neutrality arising from Swedish precautions in territorial waters. A telegram from Stockholm states that the Allies' remonstrance was contained in a verbal Note, to which the Swedish Government replied that it does not propose any modification of the measures it has taken.

GERMAN SHIPPING RUINED

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Amsterdam, September 15.—The Cologne Gazette damps the optimistic expectations of a great future for German shipping after the war. It admits that German shipping has suffered worse than any industry and that the situation every month grows more anxious, while it contrasts the prosperity of French and Italian shipping. It appeals for assistance from the Imperial funds.

Villa Heads 600 Men In Raiding Chihuahua

Enters Town, But Is Driven Out, With Heavy Loss; All Prisoners Executed

Reuter's Service

El Paso, September 16.—Villa attacked the town of Chihuahua with 600 men and penetrated into part of the town, but was driven out, with heavy loss. All of his followers captured were executed.

[Chihuahua is the capital of the State of the same name and is situated about 200 miles directly south of El Paso, on the railroad. It was reported very definitely, not so long ago, that Villa had been killed, which the above cable proves beyond doubt was a misunderstanding.]

The Weather

Local thunderstorms. A new typhoon is advancing north-west fairly rapidly from south of the Loochoos. The maximum temperature recorded yesterday was 89.8 and the minimum 72.0, the figures for the corresponding day last year being respectively 72.6 and 63.0.

Group of Pancho Villa's Mexican Raiders

Type of irregular cavalry reported as having raided the capital of Chihuahua.

MOBILISATION OF DUTCH DENIED BY GOVERNMENT

Rumor Has It Troops Will Be Called Up For Experimental Purposes

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Amsterdam, September 16.—It is rumored that mobilisation will begin on the 15th. The papers say that it is merely experimental.

The Ministry, however, declares that the rumors are unfounded.

BRITISH CASUALTIES

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, September 15.—It is stated, unofficially, that Brigadier H. F. Clifford and Brigadier L. M. Phillpotts have been killed.

BERLIN-BAGDAD LINE IS GERMAN AMBITION

Intend To Maintain Communications at All Costs, Sir M. Sykes Says

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, September 17.—Sir Mark Sykes, M.P., speaking at Caxton Hall, emphasised that it was Germany's aim to maintain her Berlin-Bagdad communications at all costs. The Allies must break that line and so shatter the German dreams of world-domination.

Mr. Runciman Brings Railwaymen Together

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, September 16.—Mr. Walter Runciman, President of the Board of Trade, conferred yesterday with the representatives of the Railwaymen's Union and the General Managers of the railways. Subsequently, negotiations were resumed and adjourned till Tuesday.

Mail Notices

MAILS CLOSE

For Japan:—
Per O.S.K. s.s. Manila Maru Sept. 19
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Kasuga M. Sept. 20
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Hakuai M. Sept. 22
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Sado Maru Sept. 23

For U.S., Canada, and Europe:—
Per O.S.K. s.s. Manila M. Sept. 19
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Sado M. Sept. 23
Per R.M. s.s. E. of Japan Sept. 23

For Europe, via Suez:—
Per P. and O. s.s. Namur Sept. 19
Per M.M. s.s. Porthos.... Sept. 21
Per M.M. s.s. Paul Lecat Sept. 29

Mails to Arrive:—

The American mail is expected to arrive here on September 22, per P.M. s.s. Ecuador.

The French mail of August 20 is due at Hongkong on September 25, and here on September 29. Left Singapore on September 15 per M.M. s.s. Cordillere.

Wireless S.O.S. Call Rescues Passengers From Burning Ship

S.S. Congress Sinks Off Coast Of Oregon After All Are Taken Off

(Special Cable to The China Press)

Portland, Ore., September 17.—A radio "S.O.S." call, yesterday, saved the lives of 253 passengers and the members of the crew of the steamship Congress when a conflagration started in the cargo. The fire was discovered off Coos Bay off the line of travel of the larger ships in the coasting service. Distress signals sent out when it became known that the fire could not be extinguished brought rescue ships to the scene. The passengers and crew were safely landed here. The ship went down thirty miles off the south-eastern Oregon coast.

War Cripples to Form German Border Guard

Sound Men All Sent Into Firing Line; Precautions To Hide Troop Movements

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Amsterdam, September 16.—The German frontier-guards who have been removed to the front have been replaced by others with bandaged heads and arms. Belgian civilians suspected of revealing the movements of troops are threatened with instant deportation.

Tabora in East Africa Captured by Belgians

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, September 17.—The Belgians, after ten day's fighting, have captured Tabora, one of the German strongholds in East Africa.

Reuter's correspondent in East Africa reports that, owing to our control of a large section of the Central Railway and the linking up of certain forces, a new phase of the campaign has opened, necessitating fresh dispositions of our troops. Some more or less important rear-guard actions have been fought, with light losses.

Enemy porters and askaris (native troops) are coming in in large numbers. Many whites have been captured.

Music for Today

The following program will, weather permitting, be played by the Band in the Hongkew Recreation Ground this afternoon, beginning at 5.30 o'clock:—

1. March, "Happy Days in Dixie" ..... Mills
2. Overture, "Les Dragons de Villers" ..... Maillart
3. Waltz, "Les Sirenes" ..Waldteufel
4. Selection, "Ivanhoe" .....Sullivan
5. Song, "Serenata" .....Braga
6. Selection, "The Balkan Princess" ..... Rubens

A. de Kryger,
Conductor-in-charge.

SEVENTY THOUSAND MEN STRIKE IN N. Y.

Mayor Mitchell Fails To Bring About Arbitration Of Tram Tie-Up

(Special Cable to The China Press)

New York, September 17.—Mayor Mitchell's efforts to arbitrate the street railway strike in progress here failed yesterday when the strikers refused to arbitrate. Seventy thousand additional tram employes and other union men joined the ranks of the strikers before the close of the day. The situation has become extremely serious, transportation between up and downtown points being almost impossible while business is at a standstill. The strike threatens to become general.

EUROPEAN U.S. OPPOSES THE CENTRAL EMPIRES

Credit for Formation Given To Briand, Who Satisfies All Political Sects

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Paris, September 16.—The declaration made by M. Briand, the French Premier, in Parliament, has produced a very great impression in the country and has satisfied all the political parties. With his usual eloquence, the Premier defined, in all their details, the situations at home and abroad.

Taken as a whole, the declaration foreshadows after the war a defensive alliance between the Powers united for the defence of right and humanity and announces that important political decisions will soon be followed by economic and commercial actions, so that the New York Herald is entitled to say that a United States of Europe is being formed against the Central Empires.

Such a great work is to a very large extent due to the personal action of the Premier, whose authority and popularity have been still further increased by these last events. M. Briand is definitely considered now to be the greatest statesman of France.

Invalid Prince Albert From the British Navy

Reported to Be Doing Well; Receives Commendation Over Jutland Battle

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, September 16.—The commendations in connection with the battle of Jutland include Prince Albert.

An official message says that Prince Albert has been invalided with acute abdominal trouble. An abscess formed which has evacuated and he is doing well, but it will be a considerable time before he can resume his duties.

BRITISH ADVANCE 2 MILES IN GREATEST FIGHT SINCE MARNE

Gain on Front of 6 Miles; 4,000 Men, Many Guns Are Captured

FELL 37 PLANES

Flers, High Wood, Martinpuich, Courcelette Are All Conquered

THIRD LINE GONE

French Down 21 Aircraft; Extend Their Positions On Whole Area

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, September 17.—General Sir Douglas Haig reported yesterday evening: Since yesterday we have advanced one to two miles on a front of six miles.

South of the Ancre, we continued our attacks in certain localities, making further progress. The number of prisoners taken today is over 1,700, including 51 officers.

Our captures in the two days total over 4,000, of whom 116 are officers. Up to the present, six guns and over fifty machine-guns have been taken or destroyed and a considerable quantity of material captured.

Fifteen German aeroplanes were destroyed on the 15th and another hostile kite-balloon brought down. Altogether, six of our machines are missing.

The King has cabled to General Sir Douglas Haig, congratulating him on his brilliant success, saying that he never doubted that complete victory would ultimately crown his efforts and the splendid results achieved on Friday have confirmed his view.

Capture Many Villages

General Haig reported on Friday evening: Severe fighting today resulted in the capture of practically all the high ground between Combles and the Pozieres-Bapaume road. Most of Bois des Bouleaux, Flers, High Wood, Martinpuich and Courcelette are in our hands. We have already taken 2,300 prisoners. Our captures include 65 officers, of whom six are battalion commanders.

Thirteen hostile aeroplanes were destroyed today and nine others driven down damaged. Four of ours are missing.

Our air-service kept up constant and successful co-operation with our artillery and infantry and frequent and accurate reports were furnished concerning the course of the battle. Hostile artillery and infantry were effectually engaged by our aeroplanes with machine-gun fire.

Many bombing attacks were carried out against hostile aerodromes and railway-stations, in the course of which troop-trains and transports in a railway siding were attacked with machine-gun fire. A German kite-balloon was brought down.

British Hold Gains

Sir Douglas Haig reported yesterday afternoon: On the main battle-front, south of the Ancre, there has been no material change. Four German field-guns and a further 200 prisoners have been captured. Two counter-attacks were beaten off.

We hold the line gained yesterday, which now runs 500 yards northward of High Wood and includes the whole of the large villages of Courcelette, Martinpuich and Flers; each fully twice the size of Guillemont. We carried out many successful enterprises yesterday evening at various points of the west front, our troops entering the enemy's trenches at many places, inflicting casualties and taking prisoners.

General Haig reported this afternoon: South of the Ancre, we gained further successes in the vicinity of Courcelette and extended our gains on a front of 1,000 yards. Near Thiepval, we obtained considerable success yesterday evening and captured the fortifications known as the "Danube Trench," on a mile

front. The enemy abandoned quantities of rifles and equipment.

We also captured some defended works at Mouquet. The number of our prisoners is increasing.

Repulse Counter-Attacks

General Haig reported this evening:—The enemy made several heavy counter-attacks, south of the Ancre, all of which were repulsed. The enemy advancing from Lesboeufs, north of Flers, were caught by our artillery barrage and lost very heavily.

A brigade of the enemy advancing between Flers and Martinpuich, to attack in the direction of High Wood, met two of our battalions in the open. Hand-to-hand fighting ensued, in which we were completely successful and the enemy were dispersed and thrown back, with heavy losses. We improved our position north of Mouquet Farm.

Our artillery was active and caused another conflagration in an enemy ammunition dump at Grandcourt. Our aviators continued their successful attack on the enemy's communications. They destroyed another enemy machine. Three of ours are missing.

We captured six officers and 243 men.

Reuter's correspondent at British headquarters, telegraphing on Friday afternoon, reported: Our troops, in a great assault, have broken through the enemy's third line of defence.

It is reported that Flers is in our hands and that our infantry are advancing in the direction of Morval. We are, at the moment, in the outskirts of Martinpuich on our left and from that point to the right we have moved forward along our whole line, encircling High Wood and occupying the main part of Bois des Bouleaux.

Germans Seek New Line

Our men are filled with the spirit of victory. In several parts of the line, the enemy are fleeing back to the next line. Prisoners are coming in fast. About 500 have already arrived and others are coming.

Fuller reports from Reuter's correspondent show that, so far, the battle has resulted in the most important British victory since the battle of the Marne. The total number of prisoners counted up to the time of the report was 2,500, but they were still arriving. The enemy have evidently lost many guns.

The German artillery are weakening, especially the heavies. The loss of the high ground for observation, coupled with our complete domination in the air, minimises the opportunities for the enemy's long-range weapons.

New War Weapon

The topic of the moment is our new armored cars, which are veritable mobile turrets and which seem to afford a solution of the problem of dealing with machine-guns. German prisoners admit that the sight of these weird monsters creeping towards them, spitting fire, is a most demoralising experience.

The whole tone of the prisoners is one of great depression. They had been told that our offensive was spent and our inactivity during the days previous to the attack had lulled them to a false security.

The outstanding feature of the push was the amazement of German prisoners, who, after being overwhelmed by the supposedly impotent British, were told that this was a mere flea-bite compared to what is coming. The British made many raids along the whole of their line, on Friday, causing heavy aggregate casualties to the Germans. A particularly brilliant affair in the Leipzig salient, near Thiepval, resulted in the capture of five officers and 170 men.

Up to the present, all German counter-attacks have proved abortive, suggesting that the enemy are tired. It is reported that the Germans are rushing up re-inforcements in motors, which are having a very unpleasant time at the hands of our artillery, assisted by our air-men. The British faced the First German Army with over 1,000 guns.

Big Help to French

An expert French commentator, referring to the battle, says that the British infantry showed remarkable bite and, when counter-attacked, resisted desperately. The British now hold the whole range of hills between Pozieres and Combles. This is a very powerful shove, which will enable the French to move forward on both banks of the Somme.

"A great day" and "Germany's blackest week," strikes the key-note of the opinions on the communiques. The feeling is one of satisfaction, without elation.

The question had been asked, during the French push, what were the British doing? Haig's splendid answer to it means that both the British and French have now smashed through the third and last line of the enemy's long-established position on the Somme and driven them to less strongly organised defences. Their much-vaunted wall of steel has been battered through.

The pace of the fighting during the past fortnight is undoubtedly beginning to tell upon the Germans. The German newspapers are seeking desperately for excuses to explain the continuous advance of the Allies, but the German communiques continue to publish the usual half-truths, talking of bloody repulses of the Allies, whereas their successes are undoubtedly the greatest achieved on the western front since the beginning of the war.

Neutralise Machine Guns

It is stated that the chief work of the new heavy armored cars mentioned by Sir Douglas Haig is to locate and destroy German machine-guns, prior to the advance of our infantry. This should considerably reduce our casualties, a large percentage of which are due to the enemy's machine-guns. No details of the cars are given, but it is pointed out that no vehicle on ordinary wheels would be able to traverse the shell-torn, roadless and trench-intersected wilderness.

While the artillery continues to play an ever more splendid part in preparing the way for the infantry advance across the great Albert Plateau and the crawling armored cars negotiate country never yet crossed by a vehicle of any kind, it should not be forgotten that aeroplanes are playing a splendid and unexpected part, descending so low when pouring in their machine-gun fire that they have become, literally, flying infantry. The machines as they skim the fields are another terror to the German infantry.

The capture of Courcelette was one of the most brilliant feats of the push. Fighting began in the morning, with alternating fortunes, the enemy being constantly re-inforced by the Albert-Bapaume road. The British columns attacked the village early in the afternoon and fighting ensued in the streets.

Both British and Bavarians fought with revolvers, knives and fists. The German garrison, which had been ordered to resist to the last, surrendered in a body when it saw that the game was up.

The fighting was also stiff when Martinpuich was captured. A German battalion commander admitted that they were unable to stand against the irresistible rush of the British.

French Storm Trenches

Paris, September 17.—The official communique issued on Friday afternoon reported: We stormed some German trenches south of Rancourt and pushed forward our parties to the edge of that village. German attacks east of Clery were repulsed, with bloody loss, especially near the southern end of Hill 76, where the enemy suffered heavy loss.

We easily repulsed a bomb-attack north-east of Berny-en-Santerre. Two enemy attacks west of Vaux Fort road were repulsed.

The communique in the evening reported: The French advanced north of Priez Farm, carrying a series of trenches to a depth of 500 meters. This advance, in conjunction with the British, marks the beginning of the encircling of Combles.

There was furious fighting east of the Bethune road and north of Bouchavesnes, where we extended our positions. The French carried a strong trench east of Deniecourt, after a sharp fight.

Two French attacks on the Deniecourt sector, this afternoon, gave very valuable results. Three trenches were carried in succession north-east of Berny and 200 prisoners, of whom five were officers and ten machine-guns were captured. The ground captured this afternoon was covered with German corpses.

Great aerial activity prevailed and numerous places behind the German lines were bombed. There were numerous air-fights in the region of the Somme, over the enemy's lines, in which the French were brilliantly successful. Several German machines were brought down.

Aviators' Busy Time

Our bombarding squadrons, on the night of the 14th, bombed the stations at Tergnier, Chauny and Guiscard, where fires were observed, dropped 40 bombs on the barracks at Stenay, causing several fires and 50 on the blast-furnaces at Rombach. One aviator reached Dillingen, in the valley of the Saar, where he bombed and set on fire some big works. The Metz to Pont-a-Mousson railway was bombed and heavily damaged.

The communique yesterday afternoon reported: We consolidated our new positions. Enemy attacks east of Clery and east of Berny were repulsed, 400 unwounded prisoners being taken.

Twenty-one German aeroplanes were brought down yesterday. Many bombs were dropped on various German establishments and stations.

The communique in the evening reported: The day was comparatively quiet on the Somme front. The French made progress north of Bouchavesnes and carried a trench north-east of Berny.

A German counter-attack in the region of Belloy collapsed under our machine-gun fire. French air-raids behind the German front continued.

The communique this afternoon reported: There was fairly brisk artillery fighting in the regions of Berny and Vermand-Ovillers.

Four enemy machines were brought down, one of them north of Douaumont. There was considerable French bombing activity, 349 bombs being dropped on different centers of military importance.

The communique issued this evening reported: North of the Somme, our artillery actively bombarded the enemy's works.

Conquer Vermand-Ovillers

South of the Somme, we attacked at several points, at 2.30 this afternoon and gained important successes. The villages of Vermand-Ovillers and Berny, hitherto partly occupied by us, were conquered by a brilliant assault. Some houses are still resisting.

All the ground between Vermand-Ovillers and Deniecourt and between Deniecourt and Berny, which was defended by several systems of strongly fortified trenches, fell into our hands after a desperate struggle. Fighting continues around Deniecourt.

We captured a number of trenches between Berny and Barleux. All enemy counter-attacks at the close of the evening were shattered by our gun-fire, with heavy loss to the enemy. Up to the present, 700 unwounded prisoners have been counted.

The following particulars of Friday's great battles on the Somme are from a French source:

The morning was beautiful, the weather favoring aerial observation, when the British moved forward between the Albert-Bapaume road, north-west of Pozieres and Bois des Bouleaux, south-east of Ginchy. Their dash, after the effective artillery preparation, enabled them to carry the enemy's main *points d'appui* along a front of ten kilometers.

By noon, Flers and Martinpuich had been captured, but the Germans were still holding out in the northern portion of High Wood, but, thanks to their successful advance west and east of the wood, the British managed to outflank the enemy and to cut them off, hence the large number of prisoners. The British thus made a considerable advance along the Flers road.

Then they gained ground south-east of Leuze Wood and still further encircled Combles. German counter-attacks in the afternoon were repulsed and a fresh effort enabled the British, after very violent fighting, to advance to the outskirts of Courcelette.

Among the prisoners, nine German regiments were identified, which proves that the German High Command mans its lines heavily in expectation of a British attack, but our Allies' vigorous enthusiasm, aroused by the Australians at Pozieres, the Irish at Ginchy and, also, the recent French victories, worked wonders throughout the day. The mastery of the air incontestably belonged to the British and few German aeroplanes dared to venture over the British lines.

Isolated Attacks Beaten, Is Official German Report

(Ostasiatische Lloyd War Service)

Official German telegram.—Headquarters, September 14.—Western theater.—In the battle on the Somme, the artillery duels were of the greatest intensity. Repeated strong enemy attacks between Ginchy and the Somme and at several places south of the river, were bloodily repulsed. At several places, our counter-attacks gained ground and prisoners and booty were brought in.

East of the Meuse, there was temporarily a heavy fire activity in the sector of Thiaumont to Chapitre Wood. There were infantry engagements west of the Souville ravine.

Headquarters, September 15.—The artillery combat between the Ancre and the Somme continued with the same violence as on the previous days. Considerable British forces attempted, without success, to take our salient line south of Thiepval by an encircling attack.

Strong French infantry attacks, bravely carried out and prepared by a pre-arranged fire, were intended to break through our front between Rancourt and the Somme, but failed, under heavy and bloody losses. The farm of Le Priex, west of Rancourt, was occupied by the enemy. East of Belloy and south of Soyecourt, isolated attacks were repulsed.

In successful air-fights, Captain Boelke shot down two hostile aeroplanes and Lieutenant Wintgens one.

A delayed report states that, on September 13, west of the Souville ravine, parts of our foremost line were lost. In a strenuous fight, which continued during the night, the enemy were again ejected from these positions. In the evening, a strong French attack completely broke down before the front of Thiaumont to Fleury.

M. Calogeropoulos Completes Cabinet

(Continued from Page 1)

corpses on the battle-field and the newly-made graves, considerable.

Servian Successes Continue

Servian successes continue with extraordinary rapidity. The Serbs now occupy all the positions dominating Florina, the capture of which may consequently be considered as imminent.

The Servian official account of the rout of the Bulgarians mentions the capture of a large number of prisoners, who continue to arrive, twenty-nine guns, including several of heavy caliber and a great quantity of munitions and war-material. Several of the captured guns were turned against the Bulgarians, whose losses were enormous, the battle-field being strewn with their dead. One Bulgarian regiment alone lost 1,500 men under the Servian bombardment.

Paris, September 16.—An official despatch yesterday concerning the operations at Salonica reported: On the left bank of the Vardar, the British violently engaged the Bulgarians, who were assisted by German infantry. The fight terminated in favor of the British, who captured Makukovo and also two points to the north, taking 100 prisoners and ten machine-guns.

On the right bank of the Vardar, the French carried the enemy's trenches on a front of 1,500 meters to a depth of 800.

Gornicevo Stormed

The Servians gained a very brilliant success against the Bulgarians west of Lake Ostrovo, carrying Gornicevo and the greater part of the ridge of Malkanidze at the point of the bayonet. Servian cavalry, pursuing the routed Bulgarians, seized Ekisu, obliging the Bulgarians to retreat precipitately more than fifteen kilometers. The Servians captur[e] twenty-five guns and numerous p[ri]soners. East of the Cerna, the Servians continue to advance towards Vetrenik and Kajmac[alan].

The Servian [suc]cess west of Lake Ostrovo was the [re]sult of a battle which had been p[re]paring for several days between the [Bul]garian army and important Bulgarian f[orces].

A communique yester[day] reported: There was a violent cannonade on the Struma and Vardar fronts. An appreciable advance was made in the regions of Makukovo and Vetrenik.

The Servians routed the enemy west of Lake Ostrovo and, advancing very rapidly, crossed the Broda River ten kilometers north of Florina. The number of guns they have captured now totals 32.

The Franco-Russian forces crossed the line of the Malareka Heights and are advancing victoriously in the region of Florina. Many bombs were dropped in Monastir.

The Servians are now on the immediate outskirts of Vetrenik and Kajonackalan and are crossing the Broda River. The Franco-Russian forces have arrived before Florina.

Kavalla Is Occupied By Bulgarian Troops

(Ostasiatische Lloyd War Service)

Official German telegram.—Headquarters, September 14.—There was increased activity on both sides of the Ostrovo Lake, near Moglena and east of the Vardar. North of Ceganska-Planina, near Kusarutz and Kovil, repeated strong enemy attacks were repulsed. Kavalla has been occupied by Bulgarian troops.

September 15.—After violent fighting, Malkanidze, east of Florina, was conquered by the enemy. In the Moglena sector, the enemy's attacks were repulsed. East of the Vardar, a British detachment, having obtained a footing in the German trenches, was ejected from them.

Official Bulgarian telegram.—Sofia, September 14.—Near the Ostrovo Lake, there was infantry activity of small forces. In the Moglena district, there was liveller activity. The enemy repeatedly, but without success, attacked Batovo Hill and the heights of Kovil and Buynotarh. All the attacks were repulsed, under the heaviest losses.

On both sides of the Vardar and on the Struma front, there was a lively artillery fire. The enemy's fleet is cruising, as usual, on the Aegean coast.

September 15.—West and south-west of the Ostrovo Lake, violent fighting occurred. Considerable enemy forces were engaged, among them being Russian regiments, in the Moglena valley. The combats are fought on both sides with great violence. Our troops repulsed the enemy by counter-attacking and caused severe losses.

On the western bank of the Vardar, the situation was calm. On the eastern bank of the Vardar, there was violent artillery firing. The British, attacking from the direction of Gumendshie, succeeded in entering a trench temporarily, but were soon driven back to their former positions.

On the front Delatiz-Planina-Struma and on the Aegean coast, the situation was quiet.

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HEALTH CAMPAIGNS FOR WINTER ARE PLANNED

Lectures and Exhibitions Under Auspices of Joint Council Are Proving Popular

Dr. W. W. Peter, of the National Committee of the Young Men's Christian Association, and Secretary of the Joint Council on Public Health Education of the National Medical Association, the China Medical Missionary Association and the Y.M.C.A., returned to Shanghai on Saturday after a month visiting cities in the South.

Leading men in Hongkong, Canton, Wuchow, Swatow, Amoy and Foochow have asked the Joint Council on Public Health Education to assist in holding "Health Campaigns" this fall and early next year. Similar campaigns have been held in Changsha, Siangtan, Kaifeng, Weihwei, Peking, Tientsin, Shanghai, Nanking and Hangchow.

These "Health Campaigns" are always under the auspices of local organizations or a special committee of representative men interested in this health question. In Peking where 18,000 people attended 46 meetings in one week in May, there was a Public Health Campaign Committee organized under the auspices of the Ministry of the Interior. There is usually a group of influential men comprising officials, educators, gentry, merchants, military, police and missionaries with one or two full-time secretaries in whose hands are all the details of arrangement.

How Meetings Are Conducted

In each city meetings are held daily for a week. For every morning and afternoon the people are invited by ticket to inspect a health exhibit covering 680 linear feet of wall space. There are about fifty sections of this exhibit, each one requiring an "explainer" or instructor. These fifty instructors are drawn from government and mission schools and trained in their work beforehand. Sometimes as many as 150 different instructors have served in this way in one day. In some of the schools the students have been given examinations on health questions following the campaign.

After seeing the exhibit the people are invited to a large auditorium to hear and see a demonstrated health lecture on "Some Relations Between National Health and National Strength." The demonstrations are in the nature of actual human specimens, students acting parts, electrical and mechanical appliances. This lecture is given as many times as necessary each day for five days.

One day of the week is reserved for women. On this day the exhibit is explained as usual, but the lecture is entirely different. The subject of the lecture is "The Care of Your Baby." This lecture is demonstrated also. A real baby on the platform with different kinds of clothes, a bath-tub, foods and appliances for artificial feeding, nurses and what is most important, the mother of that baby herself, make the lecture of an hour and a half seem only thirty minutes long. The lecture is delivered by some local woman doctor and often has assumed the form of a real play.

Stereopticon Lectures

In the evening the exhibit and lectures as described above give way to stereopticon lantern slide lectures. For the exhibit and lectures the largest building in the city is necessary. But even the largest buildings would be inadequate for the crowds which come to the lantern slide lectures. So only one lantern slide lecture is given in the central lecture hall and three or four other large halls are secured in different parts of the city so that as many as five meetings are held at the same hour. The subjects of the lantern slide lectures are "Flies Kill People," "Sanitation of a Chinese City," "Tuberculosis," "Plague," and "Infectious Diseases." These lectures are delivered by local western trained physicians. In Changsha, Hunan, the people attended in such numbers that a little boy had his foot crushed trying to get to a health meeting and consequently had to be removed to a hospital. After two evenings the plan of continuing the lantern slide lectures had to be abandoned.

The reasons why such public health campaigns are held in various cities have to be determined by the cities themselves. In one city the campaign was supposed to pave the way for a smallpox vaccination crusade. In another for a "clean city week" when all of the people would be asked and helped to clean up houses, yards and streets. In Changsha, the Committee arranged for 36 meetings which were attended by 30,010 people in one week. They are now seeing the results of their efforts growing up before their eyes in the form of a Tuberculosis-Contagious Diseases Hospital for which $20,000 in money and land were secured. In general, the purpose of the Joint Council on Public Health Education is to call attention to some of the health problems of the country and to demonstrate the results of present health conditions upon the physical, economic and moral strength of China. The exhibit and lectures include much material showing along what lines and how progress has been achieved in other lands.

In the Courts

Breach of Contract

A judgment was delivered Saturday in the British Consular Court in Tientsin in favor of Messrs. Hall and Holtz, Ltd., against Mr. W. S. Sims, a former member of the Tientsin staff of the firm. The suit was brought for alleged breach of contract.

Mr. Sims was engaged in London some years ago by an agent of the firm as a furnishing designer for the Tientsin branch. He resigned in February of this year after having renewed his original contract. Following his resignation the hearing showed that Mr. Sims had become the manager of Sims and Co., a firm listed with the White List to do business in Tientsin in direct competition with the branch house of Messrs. Hall and Holtz.

At the hearing Mr. Sims explained that his wife owned the business and that he was merely acting as manager of the venture to portect her interests. Messrs. Kent and Mounsey, the counselors representing the plaintiff firm, showed that 50% of the house furnishing business of the firm was handled by the Tientsin branch and that the defendant, in view of his breach of contract with the firm, should be restrained from entering into competition with them.

Messrs. Allen and Lucker, appearing for Mr. Sims, held that a restraining order would be in restraint of trade and contrary to public interest. The attorneys for the plaintiff set out that the defendant should be restrained from doing business, either as the principal or the manager of a competing firm, in Tientsin, Hankow or Shanghai where the firm does business. The court took this view of the case after having heard all the evidence and rendered such a decision on Saturday.

The reason assigned by Mr. Sims for his breach of contract was that he had been engaged as a furnishing designer, but that his work had included the duties of a cost clerk and a furniture manufacturer.

FIVE SHIPS SUNK

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, September 15.—The Harrison liner Counsellor (4,958 tons) has been sunk. The crew have been saved.

The following vessels have also been sunk: The British steamers Butetown (3,789 tons) and Swedish Prince (2,712 tons), the steamer Marcel, nationality not stated, the Norwegian steamer Elizabeth (573 tons).

The crew of the Marcel have landed at Genoa. The crew of the Elizabeth, numbering 47, were picked up from their boats and landed at Savona, near Genoa.

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Italian Liner, Sunk in Mediterranean

S.S. STAMPALIA — CENTRAL NEWS SERVICE

The Italian liner Stampalia, a 9,000 ton passenger vessel, which plied between New York and Genoa, sunk in the Mediterranean presumably by a German or Austrian submarine, is believed to have been on government service.

She sailed from New York on July 16. Early in August her agents in New York were notified that future sailings had been cancelled and the ship requisitioned by the Italian government. On her trips to New York she had been armed for defense against submarines. She had carried thousands of Italian reservists back to fight for their country.

The Stampalia was built in Geno a in 1909 and was 476 feet long with a beam of 56 feet.

CONSCRIPTION IS VITAL TO MR. HUGHES' POLICY

Says Democracy and Labor Will Fail if Referendum Does Not Sanction It

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Melbourne, September 15.—In the House of Representatives, today, Mr. W. M. Hughes, Premier of Australia, moving the second reading of the Referendum Bill, said that he regarded the measure as vital to his policy. Several members of the Labor party are violently opposed to compulsion.

Mr. Hughes, in a stirring manifesto, says that victory can only be achieved by a tremendous effort, which must be made now. He appeals to every citizen to do his share. Australia's divisions must be kept at full strength.

Wealth also has its duties and must be prepared to sacrifice all for the State. Were Australia to fail in the Referendum on October 28th, democracy and Labor would have failed. Australia must not fail.

Ex-Spanish Premier Would Join Allies

Maura Suggests Bargain Improving Status at Tangier And Gibraltar

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, September 15.—There is much discussion in Spain of a speech made by the ex-Premier, Senor Maura, suggesting an eventual alliance with Great Britain and France on condition that Spain receives entire satisfaction at Tangier in the International Zone and at Gibraltar and that the Entente make a complete change in their attitude towards Spain.

This speech is said to have been made with the knowledge of the Premier, but Senor Burell, the Minister of Public Instruction, declares that it is merely an expression of Senor Maura's personal opinion and Spain will not abandon her neutrality.

SATO SAILS FOR U.S.

Reuter's Pacific Service to The China Press

Tokio, September 17.—Mr. Sato, the newly-appointed Ambassador, has sailed for Washington.

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Russians Put Turks To Flight at Mush

Driven From Trenches, They Retreat to Komagiadik Pass; Capture 3,174 Germans

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Petrograd, September 17.—An official communique issued on Friday reported: On the western front, there has been no change.

In the direction of Bitlis, we drove the Kurds to Tchukurmorshen, pressing them back as far as Tchavkis. Frosts were experienced on the Priamur and Giumichan sectors and twenty-seven inches of snow have fallen in some places.

The communique yesterday reported: On our western front, there have been no events of importance.

In the Caucasus, a Turkish offensive, west of Kalkic, was repulsed, while, in the region west of Mush, we drove the Turks out of their trenches and they retreated to Komagiadik Pass.

The communique today reported: 550 Turks were captured in some stubborn fighting south of Brzezany, on the right bank of the Zlota Lipa. In the fighting which is proceeding in the region of the River Narajovka, on the line of the Podoysoke-Halicz railway, 3,174 Germans were captured.

In the Caucasus, the Turks took the offensive in the region of Kara Burnu, south-west of Kyghy and west of Rayat. They were repulsed everywhere.

German-Turk Efforts Succeed in Narayovka

(Ostasiatische Lloyd War Service)

Official German telegram.—Headquarters, September 14.—Eastern theater.—Front of Prince Leopold of Bavaria.—The situation is unchanged.

Front of Archduke Karl.—A Russian attempt to storm Capul failed. West of Capul, the fighting continues. In Siebenbuergen, nothing important occurred.

September 15.—Front of Prince Leopold of Bavaria.—There were no events.

Front of Archduke Karl.—Enterprises of German and Turkish detachments were successful in the Narayovka sector and eastwards.

In the Carpathians, the Russians who had advanced near our lines on the western slope of the Cimbroslava were driven back. We also re-conquered the position which had fallen into the hands of the enemy west of Capul, during the combats reported yesterday.

In Siebenbuergen, German and Austro-Hungarian troops were engaged in a combat, favorable for them, south-east of Hatzeg.

Official Austrian report.—Vienna, September 14.—Front of Archduke Karl—In the Carpathians, we were again engaged in violent combats. After a copious artillery preparation, which increased to drum-fire, the enemy attacked our position on the Smotrec Ludova and near Capul. The enemy were repulsed, with severe and bloody losses. In the Cibo Valley, the fighting is still going on.

Front of Prince Leopold.—The situation is unchanged.

September 15.—Front of Archduke Karl.—In the Cibo Valley, the combats were decided in our favor. Except successful patrol engagements, there were no other events.

Front of Prince Leopold.—There was increased artillery activity between the Lipa and the railway Kovel-Rovno.

JAPAN'S BUDGET

Reuter's Pacific Service to The China Press

Tokio, September 17.—The Budget estimates for the financial year 1917-18 have been submitted to the Cabinet. They show a gross increase of expenditure of only eighteen million Yen.

Italians Secure 4,000 Captives in New Drive

Conquer Important Positions On Carso Plateau; Mount Cauriol is Their's

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, September 18.—An Italian semi-official communique states that, during the fighting from the 14th to the 16th, the Italians on Carso Plateau captured important positions between Vippacco and the sea, taking 4,000 prisoners.

Rome, September 17.—An official communique issued on Friday reported: During torrential rain, we stormed the positions east of the Valmni River, taking some lines of entrenchments, over 2,000 prisoners, machine-guns, mortars and other material. We continue to heavily bombard the enemy's lines east of Gorizia.

A communique yesterday reported: The Italians have captured the strongly held summit of Mount Cauriol, a peak 8,000 feet high, in Fiemme Valley. Enemy attacks in Val Sugana and Riofelizon Valley were repulsed. Large trenches were carried toward Loquiza and east of Oppachirelle and 1,100 prisoners were taken.

An official communique today reported: On the Carso front, after repulsing several night counter-attacks, the Italians yesterday stormed further enemy entrenchments on a wide front, capturing 800 prisoners. There was heavy fighting, with abortive enemy attacks, in the Brenta Valley.

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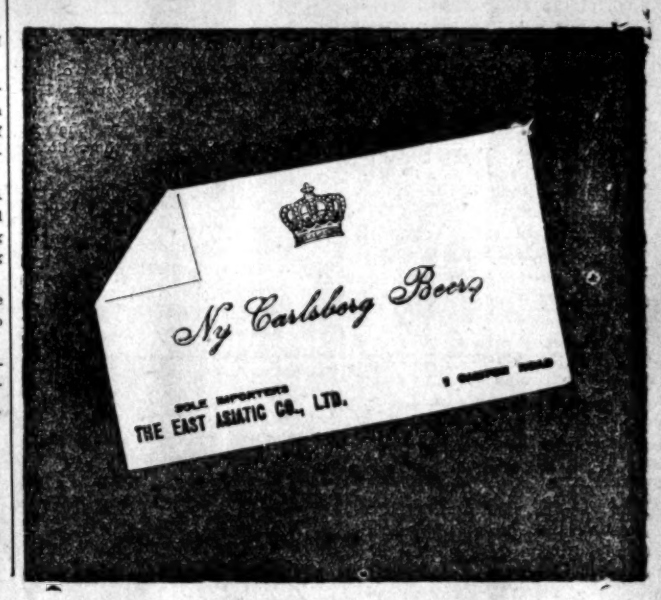

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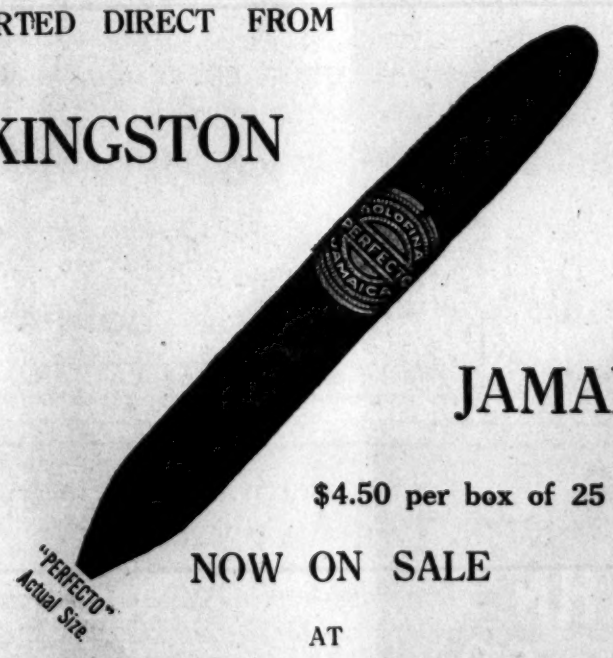

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BIG U. S. NAVY PROGRAM FINALLY AGREED UPON

Senate Plan For 16 Capital Ships in Three Years Passes, 283 to 51

35 DEMOCRATS OPPOSE IT

Leader Kitchin Calls It Waste—Charges Administration Has Changed Front

Washington, August 15.—The Administration forces, aided by an almost solid Republican vote, brought about the acceptance in the House today of the Senate's big building program for the United States Navy and thereby assured the passage of the biggest naval budget in the history of the Government.

By a vote of 283 to 51, with 35 Democrats, 15 Republicans, and 1 Socialist voting in the negative, the Senate amendment for the construction of sixteen capital ships within three years was approved on motion of Chairman Padgett of the House Conference Committee.

After accepting the big building program today the House voted, without a roll call, to accept the Senate amendment increasing the enlisted strength of the navy to 67,800 men, instead of 61,500 as proposed by the House.

The defense program, which approval of the Navy bill by the House virtually completes, has been the most important achievement of the session, and has involved appropriations totalling $661,418,000. In addition to the Navy bill, it included reorganization of the regular army and National Guard, bringing the enlisted peace strength of the army to 187,000 men, capable of expansion to 220,000 men in time of stress, and providing a Federalized National Guard which at full strength will number 450,000 men.

For maintenance of the reorganized army and militia and supplies and equipment Congress appropriated $267,597,000. More than $13,000,000 of this is for development of aeronautics, and $11,000,000 is for Government plants for the manufacture of armor plate. The Army bill also carried an appropriation of $20,000,000 for a Government plant to produce nitrate for use in manufacturing munitions.

Coast Defense Improvement

Provision was made for extension and improvement of the coast defenses with appropriations aggregating $25,748,050. To furnish needed officers in the army and the navy the personnel of the Naval and Military Academies were enlarged, the former to 1,760 and the latter to 1,152. For the Military Academy a special appropriation of $1,225,000 was made, the fund for Annapolis being carried in the Naval Appropriation bill.

Congress also provided for the creation of a Council for National Defense, composed of Cabinet officials and citizen experts to co-ordinate the military, industrial, and natural resources of the country in time of war.

In the Navy bill the President is authorized, in the event of emergency, to increase the strength of the navy to 87,000 enlisted men. A Senate amendment providing for 6,000 apprentice seamen, in lieu of 3,500 proposed in the House bill, was approved.

Below is a table showing the construction authorized today as compared with the original House bill which went into the discard with the approval of the President and Secretary Daniels.

The building program as carried in the Senate bill, and as compared with the one-year program authorized by the House, is as follows:

	Senate. 1st Year.	House. 3 Years.	House. 1 Year.
Battleships	4	10	—
Battle cruisers	4	6	5
Scout cruisers	4	10	4
Destroyers	20	50	10
*Coast submarines	27	58	50
Fuel ships	3	3	1
Repair ships	1	1	—
Transport	1	1	—
Hospital ship	1	1	1
Destroyer tender	2	2	—
Fleet submarine	9	9	—
Ammunition ships	2	2	1
Gunboats	2	2	—

*In addition, the Senate bill authorizes one submarine to be equipped with the Neff system of submarine propulsion and to cost exclusive of armor and armament $250,000.

Woman Aviator Seeks License to Fly In U. S. Army Corps

MRS WALDO PIERCE.

New York, August 21.—Having qualified as an air pilot, Mrs. Waldo Pierce, is today planning to take the tests for a military aviator's license that she may be qualified to fly for the United States Army.

She passed all the flying tests, both alone and with passenger, at the flying field near Mineola, and will receive her license as soon as the official reports are passed by the License Committee of the Aero Club of America.

Mrs. Pierce is a daughter of the late Isaac L. Rice, the inventor. Her husband is now with the American Ambulance Corps in France. She will soon take the tests for the military aviator's license, and when she receives that certificate will be the only woman aviator in the country qualified to fly for the army.

FRANCE TO BUILD SHIPS

Government to Construct Half Million Tons of Carriers

Paris, September 9.—A bill has been introduced in the National Assembly providing that the Government construct half a million tons of merchant vessels. The Government has already accepted the plan.—*Asahi.*

JAPANESE CONSUL RECALLED

Seattle, September 8.—Mr. Takahashi, Japanese consul here, sailed for home, September 5 on the Hawaii Maru. He has been recalled by the Tokio Government.—*Asahi.*

JUDGE GARY SPEAKS AT OKUMA LUNCHEON

Says American Justice Will Discount Works of Yellow Papers and Politicians

Tokio, September 12.—A large majority of the American people have an innate sense of justice that will discount the mischief attempted by yellow journals and irresponsible politicians on both sides of the Pacific, was the keynote of a brief address given by Judge Elbert H. Gary, chairman of the United Steel Corporation, at the luncheon given for Judge and Mrs. Gary by Marquis and Marchioness Okuma at their Waseda residence yesterday.

The luncheon was not an official affair, but the list of guests included some of the leading men and women of the capital. Among those present were: Judge and Mrs. Gary; Viscount and Viscountess Ishii, Baron Shibusawa; Viscount Mishima, Governor of the Bank of Japan; Mr. E. W. Frazar of Sale and Frazar; Mr. Frederick R. Sites of the United States Steel Products Company of Shanghai; Baron Takahashi, former Minister of Finance; Mr J. Inouye; Baron and Baroness Toranosuke Furukawa; Baron H. Mitsui; Dr. and Mrs. Inazo Nitobe; Mr. and Mrs T. Miyaoka; Mr. F. Kuhara; president of the Kuhara Mining Comapny; Mr. and Mrs Nobutsune Okuma; Viscount Kaneko; Mr. Buyei Nakano, president of the Tokio Chamber of Commerce.

The Premier made a brief speech, introducing his guest, and Mr. Nitobe translated his remarks. Judge Gary replied and Mr. T. Miyaoka acted as interpreter. He began with a few remarks complimentary to the ladies present, and after expressing gratitude on behalf of Mrs. Gary and himself, spoke on the relations between Japan and the United States. He urged a reciprocal willingness to learn on the part of these two nations, and expressed regret at the activities of yellow journals and politicians.

After leaving the Premier's residence, Judge and Mrs. Gary visited the Military Museum at Kudan. Last evening they were entertained at dinner by Mr. S. Asano, president of the Toyo Kisen Kaisha.

Today at luncheon Judge Gary will be the guest of the Tokio Chamber of Commerce and will again make an address on business and political subjects. Tonight Judge and Mrs. Gary will be entertained at dinner by Viscount and Viscountess Ishii.

AUSTRIAN AIRMEN BUSY

(Ostasiatische Lloyd War Service)

Vienna, September 15.—The Admiralty reports: An enemy air-squadron, consisting of 18 Capronis, convoyed by three defense-aeroplanes, on September 13, in the afternoon, attacked Trieste. Six enemy torpedo-boats and two motor-boats stayed in the gulf to their assistance.

Numerous bombs were dropped, but only insignificant damage and no military damage at all was caused. One man was slightly wounded.

According to the available reports, Lieutenant Banfield, in an air-fight, brought down one defense-aeroplane, which went down behind the enemy's lines. Our aeroplanes and anti-aircraft batteries obtained hits on an enemy torpedo-boat.

Simultaneously, an enemy air-squadron dropped about twenty bombs on Parenzo. Except the destruction of a field, no damage was caused.

During the night from the 13th to the 14th, one of our naval air-squadrons very successfully bombed military objects at Grado. Another squadron bombed the railway establishments and other military objects at San Gorgio di Nogara. Several hits and large conflagrations were observed. In spite of being heavily shelled, all aeroplanes returned unharmed.

Small U.S. Offerings Lessen Silver Sales

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, September 15.—Samuel Montagu's weekly silver report states: The under-tone has been good, although the course of prices has been uncertain. The activity of the Indian bazaars has simmered down, probably owing to the reduction of their interests in this market. The bear position seems practically eliminated, whilst the bulls have realised a portion of their profits.

Meanwhile, prices in India show a recovery and the substantial rise in the China exchanges suggests the probability of less pressure to sell thence. There have been considerable shipments of silver to China from San Francisco.

Partly on account of the comparatively small American offerings, transactions during the week have not been large, buyers and sellers alike holding back.

SAY ITALIANS FAIL

(Ostasiatische Lloyd War Service)

Official Austrian report.—Vienna, September 14.—Italian theater.—The enemy's artillery fire against the Carso Plateau visibly intensified. In Tyrol, our troops continued cleaning the Formin district and conquered a height, capturing 44 Alpinis, among whom are two officers and taking one machine-gun, as well as considerable quantities of provisions. Our positions on the Fasana ridge are under continuous artillery fire.

In the south-eastern theater.—nothing important occurred.

Vienna, September 15.—The Italians began a new offensive. For the moment, their efforts are directed principally against the Carso Plateau, where the artillery and mine-fire increased to the greatest violence. In the afternoon, a large number of waves of infantry attacked on the whole front, between the Vippach and the sea.

Violent combats ensued. Although the enemy succeeded at several places in entering our foremost trenches and maintaining themselves there, the first push must be considered a failure. From north of the Vippach to the district of Plava, there was very lively artillery firing, but no infantry combats worth mentioning.

On the Fleimsertal front, the artillery duels are going on. Several enemy attacks by detachments up to one battalion in the Fassana Alps, were repulsed. In the course of one of these attacks, west of Ciner di Val Maggiore, our troops captured 60 Alpini.

AS GOOD AS A HOLIDAY.

The main object of a holiday is to gain renewed energy for another year's work, so that one may return with sound nerves and a clear brain, full of vigour and ready for business again. Unfortunately, that object is not always attained.

It all depends on the state of your blood. If your blood has become impoverished or impure the holiday is probably too brief for you to obtain proper benefit. Everybody should start a holiday in reasonable health, though very few people can claim to be free from the dregs of some serious ailment, which has drained the blood of its natural strength. That is why they feel fagged out, brain weary and incapable of much exertion.

Do not wait for a holiday, but begin now to blind up your blood with a true tonic, and so invigorate and refresh your system. Nothing is more valuable for this purpose than Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Over and over again they have been proved to be as good as a holiday to jaded men and women. If you cannot take a holiday, the value of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills is even greater, for these blood-making pills make good the waste caused by illness and the wear and tear of life.

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Free.—A book of useful information for ailing people is "The Blood and its Work." Send a postcard today for a free copy to the above address.

News Brevities

John T. Allen was arraigned in the U. S. Consular Court, yesterday, charged with assault upon another American and also with carrying a concealed weapon. He was remanded until Thursday, bail being granted in the sum of $250 gold.

* * *

Mr. T. Milner is sailing from London on October 15 to join the staff of Whiteaway, Laidlaw and Co. While serving as an officer at the French front, he received a wound in the knee that has left him unfit for military service.

* * *

The Chinese charged with the murder of a Japanese printer and his assistant, whose headless bodies were found several weeks ago on a river boat, will be placed on trial today, before a Japanese Assessor, in the Mixed Court. The trial will continue tomorrow.

* * *

U. S. Postal Agent John M. Darrah calls attention to the Tariff Act of 1909 concerning the shipment of packages by parcel post in the advertising columns of this issue of The China Press. Any merchandise exceeding $100 in value sent to the States or the Philippine Islands must be accompanied by an invoice bearing the consular certification.

* * *

Mr. R. H. Parker, Managing Director of the Shanghai Life Insurance Co., Ltd., returned to Shanghai yesterday on the P. and O. s.s. Sardinia from an extended business trip which included visits to Singapore, Burma, Ceylon and Java.

* * *

Word has been received here that Second Lieut. Brian Rigden, a former Shanghai boy, was slightly wounded during the recent fighting near Pozieres. He was in the Oxford and Bucks Light Infantry.

Obituary

Sir Cavendish Boyle

Reuter's Service

London, September 18.—The death is announced of Sir Cavendish Boyle, K.C.M.G.

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SPORTS — Latest News of Athletic World — GOSSIP

FLOTILLA WINS SECOND GAME; BROOKLYN THIRD

Today's Contest Will Decide Championship if Flagship Proves Victorious

TODAY'S GAME

Flotilla vs. Shanghai, 2.45 p.m.

Brooklyn came out on top again yesterday by the very close score of 3 to 2 in what was without doubt the best played game seen on the local field this season. Everybody was on his toes, trying to catch the other fellow off his guard and take advantage of any small slip. In fact two of Brooklyn's runs and one of Flotilla's came in on errors made at critical times.

Rosenberger for Brooklyn gave a great exhibition of pitching, striking out 17 men (a local record) and walking no-one. He had a break on the ball that had the Flotilla men breaking their backs trying to hit. He had speed to spare and perfect control.

Laughlin for Flotilla pitched a good, steady game. He might have been better supported behind the bat at times. Brooklyn got but six hits off him and his support was certainly not up to that behind "Rosey."

Brooklyn's players accepted and handled neatly many difficult chances. The most spectacular was Haggerty's catch of Coan's fly ball at the path in front of the golf club. There were two out and a man on 2nd at the time. The catch retired the side; a miss might have lost the game. Foley of the Flotilla team also cut off a hit by a long run from 2nd base into right field.

This victory puts the series 2 games to 1 in Brooklyn's favor. If Brooklyn wins today she gets the championship. If, however, Flotilla wins, Wednesday's game will have to settle the argument.

There was a bumper crowd of spectators out in spite of the fact that they had to sit in the sun. The mat shed is down but the seats are still up and will be left up through the series.

The score by innings:

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Total
Flotilla	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	=2
Brooklyn	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	x	=3

Flotilla

	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Lebruge, 3b.	4	1	2	1	1	1
Stuart, 2b.	2	0	0	2	0	2
Foley, 2b.	2	1	1	2	1	0
Roll, s.s.	4	0	2	2	2	1
Lenhoff, 1b.	2	0	1	5	0	1
Laughlin, p.	4	0	0	1	2	0
Coan, r.f.	4	0	0	1	0	0
Daugherty, c.	4	0	1	7	0	0
Yokum, c.f.	4	0	1	2	1	1
Lawrence, r.f.	4	0	0	1	0	0
Totals	34	2	8	24	7	6

Brooklyn

	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Leatherby, 2b.	4	1	0	2	2	0
Eysinger, c.	4	0	1	17	1	0
Daniels, 1b.	4	0	3	7	0	1
Haggerty, l.f.	4	0	0	1	1	0
Hubel, 3b.	4	1	1	0	2	0
Brenner, r.f.	3	0	0	0	0	1
Scott, c.f.	3	1	0	0	0	0
McGrath, s.s.	3	0	0	0	1	1
Rosenberger, p.	3	0	1	0	1	0
Totals	32	3	6	27	8	3

Summary:—Wild pitches: Laughlin; Struck out: by Rosenberger 17, by Laughlin 5; Double plays: Laughlin to Foley to Lenhoff; Passed balls: Laughlin; Hit by pitcher: Lenhoff.

Sunday's Game

As was predicted by some, the Flotilla team annexed Sunday's game by the score of 4 to 2. The game was replete with thrills and one of the biggest crowds ever seen on the grounds applauded the many fast plays.

Scott started pitching for Brooklyn but was relieved in the second inning by Hylton, who held things down tightly the rest of the game.

Foley of the Flotilla team, the former Galveston player, held the flagship to three hits.

The score by innings:

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Total
Brooklyn	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	=2
Flotilla	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	=4

Brooklyn

	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Leatherby, 2b.	3	1	1	2	0	0
Eysinger, c.	2	1	1	6	2	2
Daniels, 1b.	4	0	0	9	0	0
Tangerman, l.f.	4	0	0	2	1	0
Hubel, 3b.	3	0	0	3	6	1
Brenner, r.f.	4	0	0	1	1	0
Sellars, c.f.	4	0	0	0	0	0
McGrath, s.s.	4	0	1	1	3	1
Scott, p.	0	0	0	0	0	1
Hylton, p.	2	0	0	0	0	2
Totals	30	2	3	24	13	7

Flotilla

	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Lebruge, 3b.	4	1	2	2	6	1
Stuart, 2b.	4	1	1	5	0	1
Roll, s.s.	4	1	1	2	3	2
Lenhoff, 1b.	4	0	0	9	0	1
Foley, p.	4	0	1	0	2	0
Coan, r.f.	3	0	1	2	0	1
Daugherty, c.	3	0	0	6	3	0
Yokum, c.f.	4	0	1	1	0	0
Lawrence, l.f.	3	1	0	0	0	0
Totals	32	4	7	27	8	6

Summary:—Three base hit: Stuart; Bases on balls: off Foley 4; Two base hits: Stuart, Leatherby; Struck out: by Scott 2, by Hylton 6, by Foley 6; Double plays: Daugherty to Lebruge, to Stuart; Brenner to Daniels; Roll to Lenhoff; Hubel to Leatherby.

Hankow Lawn Bowlers Drop Two More Games, Win One; Play Today

Hankow met the S.L.B. Club on the latter's ground on Sunday morning. The bright sun caused both players and onlookers some inconvenience and moreover made the green extremely tricky. With the ground getting drier as the match progressed, the rink became correspondingly faster every minute and the strength of every delivery had to be guaged to a nicety by the players.

Hankow substituted Paul for Haynes and the teams lined up as follows:

Hankow.—Godwin, Paul, Manwaring and Laidlaw (skip).

Shanghai.—Crewe-Read, Campbell, Bell and Evans (skip).

The Club won the toss and scored a single off the first end due to a nice shot by Bell. In the 2nd end Shanghai lay 6, due more to the visitors' loose bowling than the Club's deliveries, and it was left to Laidlaw to save a bucketful. This he did by drawing in and saving a couple, and Shanghai scoring a 4 were 5 up on two ends.

The Club scored a single apiece in the next two ends. Hankow now got busy and by careful play counted a single in the 5th and 6th. The 7th end was a fine one from the Club's point of view as they got in a very nice 4 for which Campbell and Evans were responsible. Hankow bowled badly at this end, their display being very mediocre.

On top of their bad display Hankow recovered quickly and Paul, Manwaring and Laidlaw got in fine work and laid 5 which the Club could not disturb. In this end Shanghai didn't throw a wood within measuring distance of the Jack. The Club, however, got busy again and piled up a brace and a single and Hankow followed by annexing a couple in the 11th end, the score halfway reading Club 14; Hankow 9.

So far the game was fairly even with Shanghai playing the better, and here the visitors fell to pieces and could do nothing right. Shanghai on the other hand could not go wrong and everything they tried for came off including lucky wicks. Hankow were tied down to their score of 9 until the 16th end and in the meantime the Club had increased their lead by 5 points. Hankow got a single in the 16th end and a brace in the 20th and there their scoring ceased. Shanghai added a single and an extremely lucky 6 and the final scores were S.L.B. Club 27; Hankow 13.

The game could not by any stretch of imagination be called a good exhibition of bowling on either side. Shanghai were consistent without being good and Hankow's display was mediocre. The scores were a true reflection of the difference between the two teams.

For the winners Crewe-Read as No. 1 played an improved game on his form of the day before and this means that he was good. His woods were well laid down and invariably behind the jack, where they should be. Campbell as No. 2 was steady and scored a few of the Club's counters. He is a distinctly useful player. Bell got in some good work but was below his true form. He has bowled many a better game this season. Evans as Skip was really good. His judgment was perfect and his encouragement to his side, backed by concrete examples of good bowling prove him to be one of the best players in Shanghai.

On the visitors' side Godwin was erratic. He bowled short for three quarters of the game and apparently could not get the length of the green. Paul as No. 2 played a star game. He has an excellent delivery and put in the best work for the visitors. He bowled consistently well right through the match and on the occasions when Hankow scored Paul's woods lay as counters. Manwaring had a day off. Apparently he could not keep a good grip of his bowls and this marred his work. His game was below par but still he got in a good wood now and then.

Laidlaw, the visitors' skip, was up against a heart-breaking proposition in having to bowl against fives and sixes laying against him but whilst he rose to the occasion at times, his game was not nearly as good as in the Interport match. There was a very big crowd of "pear-shaped" devotees of the game who followed the fortunes of the two teams with great interest.

Hankow v. S. R. Club

The Hankow Team fulfilled their third engagement against the S. R. Club Sunday afternoon, and though the visitors suffered their third defeat, they gave a marked and improved exhibition of their prowess, which was greatly admired by a large number of spectators. After the gruelling game in the hot sun against the S. L. B. Club it was expected that the visitors would again go down badly, but contrary to expectations they put up a splendid game.

At 1 p.m. the visitors were entertained to luncheon in the Recs' pavilion and about 30 sat down. During the course of tiffin the health of the visitors was enthusiastically drunk and eulogies were poured forth on their sportsmanship in bringing a team down from the Yangtsze port. Mr. H. G. Manwaring replying on behalf of the visitors thanked his hosts for the reception and treatment accorded the team and remarked incidentally that if their display was not, so far, as successful as it should have been, the team had nevertheless done one good thing and that was that it had bucked up the game of lawn bowls and this sentiment was cordially acknowledged.

At 3.15 p.m. the game started with Mr. Guy Manwaring as official scorer and in the preliminary roll up Mr. Frank Jones was seen, and heard, giving the visitors all the tips about the peculiarities of the Recs' green, which tips the visitors greatly appreciated.

Hankow made a very auspicious start as they scored 8 points in the first 4 ends to the Recs' nil. The Recs then woke up and got a single, after which each side scored a 3 and at the 8th end, Hankow had a lead of 9 points. It looked odds on that the visitors would win in a cakewalk but in the 9th end the Recs scored a 5 which put a different complexion on the game.

In connection with this end a small controversy arose. Eek had got a toucher and his wood went into the ditch. The Recs at the close of the end laid 4, some 5 feet from the ditch, and it was claimed that Eek's wood in the ditch, being a toucher, should score as a 5th counter. The spectators and players were about evenly divided and opinions were freely exchanged on this point, but someone produced a book of rules, the toucher was counted and this gave the Recs a 5.

Laidlaw, the Hankow skip, tried to stop any argument on the subject by immediately conceding the extra point, which was sporting of him.

The Recs followed up their 5 with a 3 and at the 11th end the score was 13 all. Hankow next took the lead with a single but the next end when the Recs got a 6, through bad bowling on the part of Hankow, put the game on the ice for the home team. Hankow made a great rally after the next end or two and when the scorer announced that after the 18th end the Recs were 22—Hankow 21 excitement was rife amongst both audience and players.

The Recs however scored 2 in each of the remaining 3 ends and won handsomely by 7 points after a really interesting and hard fought game.

For the home team, Bowerman as No. 1 was not a success. He is not used to this position and gave an exhibition that was below his form, but at times he got in some excellent woods. Ward as No. 2 played a consistent game and was always somewhere in the vicinity of the jack.

Eek was the best man on the field, and put in some very classy work. He is undoubtedly one of the top-notchers of the game in Shanghai. Some of his draws were exquisite both in bias and strength, Veitch as Skip played a good solid game. He is always dependable and maintained his reputation.

On the Hankow side some changes were made. Haynes played No. 1 and was again disappointing. He is a good bowler on his day but he has struck a bad patch in Shanghai. Manwaring having dropped out of the team, Paul played as third man and confirmed the favorable impression he had made in the game against the S. L. B. Club. He was again the best man on the Hankow side and did not send down a loose ball during the game. A shot of his, in the 16th end, when the jack was on the edge of the ditch and short woods lay as guards, was especially notable and drew a big round of applause from the gallery. It certainly was "some" shot. Laidlaw the Skip was as usual good. His work was cut out for him in the latter stages of the game but he faced and overcame all difficulties as they arose and played a fine game. The visitors had somewhat the worst of any luck that was knocking around but their display was so good in this game that they can be content with having treated the spectators to a really interesting and enjoyable match.

Junior Golf Club Beaten

The Junior Golf Club met defeat at lawn bowls yesterday afternoon at the hands of the Hankow team. The score was 18 to 17. Mr. W. Laidlaw, the skipper of the Hankow Interport team, was at his best and his judgment stopped the Golfers from scoring time after time. Mr. S. Godwin showed the best form since the arrival of the visitors. Mr. Taylor, for the Junior Golfers, played a brilliant game. A good gallery watched the game throughout.

The score:

Ends.	J. G. C. Points.	J. G. C. Total.	Hankow. Points.	Hankow. Total.
1	2	2	–	–
2	2	4	–	–
3	2	6	–	–
4	0	6	1	1
5	1	7	–	1
6	0	7	1	2
7	1	8	–	2
8	0	8	1	3
9	4	12	–	3
10	0	12	2	5
11	–	12	1	6
12	–	12	1	7
13	–	12	2	9
14	–	12	1	10
15	–	12	1	11
16	–	12	3	14
17	–	12	1	15
18	–	12	1	16
19	4	16	–	16
20	1	17	–	16
21	0	17	2	18
Total...		17		18

Today's Match

A second lawn bowls match is to take place today between the Shanghai Lawn Bowls Club, and the Hankow four. The S. L. B. C. will be represented by:—C. M. Bain, J. C. MacDougall, J. T. Dissélduff, and J. C. Taylor. Play commences at 4 p.m. on the S.L.B.C. ground.

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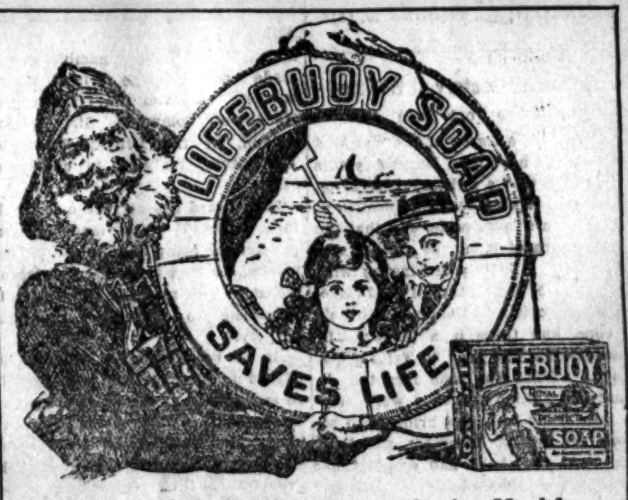

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WEATHER

A new typhoon appears to the south of the Loochoos, advancing fairly rapidly towards north-west. The one signalled on the China Sea will strike the coast of Annam. Monsoon along our coasts. Local thunderstorms.

IMPARTIAL AND PROGRESSIVE

SHANGHAI, SEPTEMBER 19, 1916

Cadorna's Victory at Gorizia

(New York Sun)

IF there is a lesson of the war that should have been learned by this time it is that a military success on any front has no real significance of victory on a large scale, and that the importance of it can be easily exaggerated. All Italy is ringing with the glory of the capture of the bridgehead at Gorizia by General Cadorna's troops, and there is a tendency to assume that the road to Trieste lies open. What has been forgotten is that the Italian trenches were only a mile away from the bridgehead so long ago as last December, and that the Austrians have had ample time to prepare a second line of defence under instructions from the German General Staff and to strengthen their formidable positions on the Carso plateau, which the Italians must storm before Trieste is placed in serious danger.

The difficulties of forcing the whole Isonzo line, from Tolmino to Gorizia and beyond, have not been generally understood by critics of the Italian operations. It has been, and still is, a stupendous task. The initial successes of the Italians presented no problem, because the Austrian defensive campaign did not call for a stand in the Friuli plain. At Gorizia and north along the left bank of the Isonzo to Tolmino the Austrians had prepared an intricate and substantial system of entrenchments on a rising tier of hills and believed they could defy the Italians to dislodge them. The Austrians were also ready on the Carso plateau for an advance of the enemy, and it was a fundamental principle of strategy that unless the Italians could force the defenders out of Gorizia, Trieste would be secure; but it would not follow that if Gorizia had to be abandoned the Italians would have a military promenade to that great port of the Adriatic, which is the key to the southern province of Istria with its coveted naval arsenal of Pola.

Consider for a moment how long it has taken the sturdy Italians to break down the Austrian resistance at the Gorizia bridgehead. General Cadorna occupied Caporetto on the middle Isonzo, which was in flood, on May 24, 1915. On June 7 Monfalcone, fifteen miles south-west of Gorizia and below the Carso ridge, was taken after the forcing of the Isonzo at Pieris, no very stubborn resistance being offered at that point. But the heights of the Carso barred the way to Trieste. Furthermore, the Italians could not afford to have the enemy in their rear at Gorizia, which is almost hill surrounded, with the high altitudes of Monte San Daniele, Monte San Gabriele and Monte Santo on the left bank of the river, and Sabotino and Podgora on the right bank. Other ramparts lay behind these heights. Sabotino (2,000 feet) and the Podgora hogback (800 feet) has been linked up by trenches. Gorizia was a hard nut to crack, and its bridgehead was dominated by big guns.

The Italians tried frontal attacks on Sabotino and Podgora in vain, until one day they gained a foothold on Podgora, only to lose it in a fierce counter-attack by the Austrians. Hill 383, back of Plava, eight miles above Gorizia, was carried by storm, but attempts to take Monte Santo, which commanded Gorizia on the north, failed. With their left wing the Italians, with Tolmino, further up the Isonzo, as their objective, drove the Austrians from Mount Nero (2,246 feet), which dominated that place. In the same summer of 1915 the Italians captured trenches on the Carso in a great offensive which netted them 20,000 prisoners, but the end of it all was a trench deadlock from Tolmino to the Carso.

This survey of the campaign shows what a difficult terrain the Isonzo valley is to operate in. If the Italians displayed elan in their assault, the Hungarians matched them with dogged courage. In a new offensive (October and November, 1915) the Italians failed to break the enemy's lines on the Carso.

What will come after Gorizia, now that the news of its evacuation by the Austrians is officially confirmed, it would be rash to speculate about. The capture and occupation of the stronghold is certainly a splendid achievement of Italian arms, but it must be considered that the Austrians have made elaborate plans for contesting an advance on Trieste.

Wheat Prices and Short Crops

(New York Times)

IN England they are beginning to see that an advance of wheat prices, following news of a short crop, is not necessarily due to speculation and cornering. One of the London newspapers was talking a few days ago about a "conspiracy of German-Americans in Chicago to force prices up and embarrass the Allies." And even The Statist asserted that "London gamblers" had made a corner in the British wheat market. But on the 17th, in the House of Commons, Sir Charles Acland, of the British Board of Agriculture, replying to questions, said:

"The board has no reason to think that stocks of wheat landed or on passage are being unduly held off the market, or that the present price of wheat in any material degree is attributable to speculation in this country."

As to speculation at Chicago he offered no opinion. If he had suggested speculation as the cause of higher prices on this side of the Atlantic, he would have found it necessary to criticise the markets of a British Province, for the recent price advance began at Winnipeg.

This advance has taken place in obedience to the old law of supply and demand, a law the repeal of which a complaining legislator once demanded. The world's crop of wheat this year falls below last year's by more than 500,000,000 bushels, or 12 per cent. In this country the greatest reduction is seen, from 1,012,000,000 bushels to 654,000,000. To this loss of 358,000,000 must be added others amounting to 150,000,000 or more in Canada and Europe. Making allowance for what we have carried over from last year, and for our own wants, we shall be able to sell abroad not more than 150,000,000 bushels. But Europe bought from us in the year that ended with June about 250,000,000 bushels (wheat and flour) and 338,000,000 in the year immediately preceding.

Europe's needs will be as great this year as they have been in the last twelve months. Recent reports say that the British grain is of poor quality, that the yield in Italy is disappointing, and that in France, where the quality is low, a reduction of nearly 100,000,000 bushels is indicated. Official statements from all parts of the world are a sufficient warrant for the price movement.

Walter Pater On Style

In his essay on "Style," Walter Pater writes of the importance of the choice of the correct term to express an idea, and says that it must be remembered that each phrase forms a structural part in the unity of the whole composition. "The term is right, and has its essential beauty, when it becomes, in a manner, what it signifies, as with the names of simple sensations. To give the phrase, the sentence, the structural member, the entire composition, song or essay, a similar unity with its subject and with itself: style is in the right way when it tends towards that."

Speaking of the writing of Flaubert, he says, "The one word for the one thing, the one thought, amid a multitude of words, terms, that might just do: the problem of style was there! the unique word, phrase, sentence, paragraph, essay, or song, absolutely proper to the single mental presentation or vision within. . . . All language involves translation from inward to outward. In literature, as in all forms of art, there are the absolute and the merely relative or accessory beauties; and precisely in that exact proportion of the term to its purpose is the absolute beauty of style, prose or verse. All the good qualities, the beauties, of verse also, are such, only as precise expression. "In the highest as in the lowliest literature, then, the one indispensable beauty is, after all, truth."

Opposition To Chancellor Of Germany

Berlin, Germany—In spite of Dr. von Bethmann Hollweg's statements in the Reichstag during the last session, his critics have not been silenced. The opposition of the Conservative coalition has since grown more pronounced, if anything, and the latest development of the controversy has been a duel of words carried on between the Chancellor's organ, the Norddeutsche Allgemeine Zeitung, on the one hand, and the organs of the Right on the other.

Writing recently in Der Tag, Dr. Julius Bachem, a prominent member of the Center party, traced the origin of the present situation to the Conservative party's tendency to lay claim in the German empire to the dominant position it has occupied for so long in Prussia. This claim, he maintained, is unjustified. It became untenable as soon as Prussia began to absorb more and more territory to the west, and entirely so when the German empire was founded, of which "Prussia is a very important member, but still only a member." Hence a German chancellor today cannot pursue an antiquated Prussian policy even if he would. The conservatives, continued Dr. Bachem, ought to have accepted the situation, but they have not done so. In every chancellor who has not observed their hard and fast program they have been inclined to see an opponent, and to treat him accordingly. More than once they have succeeded in dragging out of the saddle a statesman more or less unacceptable to them, but in the nature of things that has become more and more difficult as strong counter-currents set in of themselves.

At the present moment this relatively small but most powerful of German parties, recognizing probably that the two are inextricably connected, is at issue with Dr. von Bethmann Hollweg, both with regard to his domestic and his foreign policy. Of the two, it is perhaps safe to say that the first, with its alleged leaning toward the Left, is the real inspiration of the Conservative campaign. Ever since the speech from the throne at the opening of the Prussian Diet last year revived the question of franchise reform, and hinted that the government was prepared to make practical recognition of the attitude of German Socialists since the outbreak of war, the Conservative element has been up in arms; and it is probably not too much to say that its fear lest deference to Socialist views should have been allowed to prevail with regard to the conduct of the war and the definition of the government's war aims is largely at the root of its criticism of the one and the other. This latter aspect of the question, however, even more than the former, has rallied round the Conservative banner the majority of National Liberals and a goodly section of the Center, who, drawn from the great industrial class, have as intimate an interest in the realization of the Pan-German ideal as have the agrarians in the Conservative ranks.

Hence, as already indicated in previous despatches, the chancellor has been confronted for months past with a formidable coalition, whose efforts for the time being have been chiefly employed in agitating for the resumption of a ruthless submarine and aerial campaign, and for the free discussion of war aims. The conservatives plead at times that all they desire is to convert the chancellor to their views, but much of the language used is savored very strongly of a definite movement for his overthrow. Certainly the opposition pamphlets to which Dr. von Bethmann Hollweg recently referred in the Reichstag left nothing to be desired in the way of frankness, and since the publication of Prince von Bulow's preface to the new edition of "Germany Under Kaiser Wilhelm II." with its frank endorsement of an annexationist policy there has been more than one reference in Conservative quarters to the desirability of the former chancellor's return to office.

It must not be forgotten, however, that in Germany the government is appointed by the sovereign alone, and that its independence of either parliamentary or popular criticism has been frequently demonstrated. Neither, moreover, is the issue so clear-cut as would appear at first sight. In the first place, the hostile coalition is not nearly so united on the subject of domestic policy as it is on that of foreign. Most of the bourgeois parties have signified in the course of the war their recognition of the need for some kind of "Neuorientierung" in domestic affairs, and even the Free Conservatives have declared their conversion to that view, while some hint of a willingness to make allowance for the new situation has also come from Conservative quarters proper. No one is very precise however, with regard to what form the readjustment is to take, and most of the schemes entertained appear to be decidedly moderate, while the Socialist press is inclined to suspect that the plans the government have in view are equally so. In any case the Conservatives seem in no imminent danger of being ousted from the position they occupy, and by virtue of which they hold the chief administrative posts both in the civil and the military realm. At the time of the readjustment made necessary by Dr. Helfferich's transference to the ministry for the interior, for instance, all the six administrative posts left vacant were filled by men drawn from the Conservative nobility.

Thus it may be that the gulf between Dr. von Bethmann Hollweg and his opponents is not really so wide as it looks, and the same thing may easily be true of the other aspect of the dispute. It is certain, for instance, that since the days when the American crisis was at its height the bulk of the influential Center party, with Dr. Spahn at its head has been detached, or has detached itself, from what has been called the Conservative Fronde. When Dr. von Bethmann Hollweg finally flung down the gauntlet in the Reichstag, Dr. Spahn, it will be remembered, practically ranged himself on his side, and declared that his party was perfectly satisfied with the reasons advanced by the government for the abandonment of the submarine campaign. In former days when the Center rallied to the government in this way it usually transpired that some fresh concession had been made to the Roman Catholic interests it represents, and again today there are those who talk of an impending abolition of the Jesuit laws. That rumor is not yet confirmed, but the repeal of the laws in question has been urged by Center spokesmen, both in the Reichstag and the Bavarian Diet since war broke out, and meanwhile their application is in abeyance.

Again, apart from this question of the Center, there are some who doubt whether the Conservatives themselves really believe that their far-reaching war aims can be fulfilled, and whether the continuation of their agitation may not rather be connected with some remarks let fall by the Kreuz Zeitung recently. Today, wrote the leading Conservative organ, our people in all its parts and all its members is no longer so completely inspired by the greatness of the task confronting us . . . and therefore not so completely dominated by the will to conquer. . . . To keep active and to strengthen this will to conquer will therefore be the foremost task of the German national committee. . . . But the committee will not be in a position to do this without co-operation of the government. The latter cannot clear itself of the reproach of a certain responsibility for the flagging of popular enthusiasm. . . . What is lacking above all is a man who shows the people great aims.

It seems by no means certain, however, that Dr. Von Bethmann Hollweg does not sympathize with the ambitions of his critics, even if he does not consider it practical to indorse them.

It was written of him recently that hs plan was obviously to get the most he could at the conclusion of peace, and the careful wording of the replies to his critics published in the Norddeutsche Allgemeine Zeitung recently certainly have never committed him to a definite rejection of annexationist aims. One of these replies insisted that "Erst schlagen, dann fragen" must be the national motto for the movement, while another ran in part as follows: The inner meaning of this great struggle is the defense of the German people, its freedom and its future. . . Is not this an aim great enough to unify and inwardly to inspire us all? . . If the door of ingress into the heart of Germany is to be withdrawn from foreign influence, if Russia is to be thrown back behind the rivers, which, being a shorter frontier, afford Germany better protection, if the economic unfoldment of Germany throughout the world is to be assured—is that no great aim? Are the chancellor's speeches in which these demands are formulated the "crippling silence" which the Deutsche Tageszeitung contends is producing anxiety and doubt? From the very nature of things it follows that it is the duty of the political authorities in such a war of one coalition against another not to make the formulation of concrete peace conditions and the hour of their announcement dependent on opinions and sentiments, but rather on clear practical political considerations.

Going In for the Quiet Life

(From the Catskill N. Y. Mail)

Walter Hallenbeck has been appointed a special officer by Health Officer Krom. The duties of the special officer are to disperse crowds of children on the streets, stop autobuses and stages from bringing in children, beat the "movies" to keep children away, and to act as quarantine officer where there is a case of infantile paralysis. Mr. Hallenbeck has resigned his position at Carson's lunch wagon owing to ill health.

Study Made Of Events Leading To Greek Crisis

(By a follower of Venizelos)

Athens, Greece—However much one may regret the exercise of maritime pressure and the appearance of a fleet of Anglo-French warships off Phaleron bay as a means of precipitating a change of government in Greece, it can scarcely be denied that M. Skouloudis had been "looking for trouble" for some considerable time. His government was an unruly team. Born under inauspicious circumstances, divided against itself and united only in an intense hatred of the personality of Eleutherios Venizelos, its members came to office pledged to continue a policy of benevolent neutrality towards the entente powers and their allies. Backed by a chamber elected unopposed by only one third of the electorate, they found their support in the crown (unhappily also at variance with the Cretan statesman), and the general staff of the army—a bevy mostly of German-trained soldiers so imbued with the idea of the virtues of Prussian militarism that to this day they retain a belief in the prowess of German arms to an extent probably unshared by the Kaiser himself.

True, there is a great deal of self-interest in this, for their guiding ambition is to achieve the political extinction of Venizelos, and they are as well aware as any student of Greek politics that every Teuton victory drives their anathema farther from office, while, conversely, every entente triumph automatically transports him nearer to a resumption of the premiership. So Verdun must be taken by Germany, the Russians must remain incapable of offensive action, the Servian army must have ceased to exist and if Britain has disappointed them in getting the men, then she must surely fail to produce the officers! The military logic of Greek headquarters is built up on a premise of anti-Venizelism.

The general staff has occupied a very important place in Greek politics during the past 12 months. Important members of the cabinet and leading organs of the press alike have been brought under its influence. Its chief long ago proclaimed that an absolutist regime was the only suitable form of government for the army and the state, and the mass of secret police, agents provocateurs, ubiquitous gendarmes and military patrols which has been inflicted upon Athens of late was without doubt propagated from the army headquarters in Academy street.

Meantime, events played more or less into the hands of the anti-Venizelists. Entente diplomacy was not a conspicuous success in Greece, personal relations between the foreign minister and the entente diplomatists became increasingly unpleasant, and if M. Skouloudis wavered in his general staff policy, he was goaded into action by the tenor of entente notes or his antipathy to one or more of the ministers who presented them. But since Greece was the weaker vessel, it was obvious that the premier was steering for the rocks.

At home, the aimless maintenance of the army in a state of general mobilization, the inefficient administration of the country, the growth of corruption and the suppression of personal freedom, gradually undermined his position. Abroad, his constant differences with the entente and a tactless handling of delicate situations gave rise to a suspicion that the neutrality of Greece had not only been stripped of its benevolency, but was being exploited in the interests of the central powers. The actual crisis was provoked by the questions of the passage of the Servian troops and the Bulgarian occupation of Rupel. We may ignore the pros and cons, for it was rather his manner of treating the two problems that sent the premier back to the enjoyment of unofficial tranquility.

The contrast is striking. When the entente requested the use of the Greek railroads for the transport of the Servian army, M. Skouloudis freely disclosed the trend of negotiations, arranged meetings of protest up and down the country, permitted the government press to fire the indignation of the nation, and wound up the pyrotechnic display by declaring that Greece would fight the grand alliance sooner than concede the point at issue. But when the Germans manifested a desire to seize the Greek fort of Rupel, the government held secret the preliminary pourparlers, presented the country with a *fait accompli*, stifled what explosions of public opinion were threatened and, though the development menaced the very spirit of Hellenism with annihilation, hastened to assure the people that any humiliation was preferable to war.

The contrast is, as I have said, striking. To be ready to fight the sponsors of Greek independence, rather than permit the use of the railways by the army of an ally, and yet to hand over the key to Macedonia to an hereditary enemy, rather than oppose even diplomatic resistance a l'outrance, conclusively demonstrated that M. Skouloudis' understanding of the obligations of benevolent neutrality was sadly at variance with the generally accepted interpretation of the phrase. However honorable may have been his intentions, his actions were flagrantly liable to misconception.

The mentality which permitted the Greek government to "stomach" the Bulgarian occupation of Rupel—an incident loathsome to any Hellene worthy of the name—may be summed up as a mixture of fear of Germany, combined with a determination to cling to neutrality as the only alternative to a policy which might conceivably have involved the return of Venizelos to power. Herein lies the genesis of the civil devotion to neutrality, the military conception of Teuton triumph, the superficial atmosphere of pro-Germanism, and the sacrifice of Greek irredenta. When they cry "Down with war" they really mean "Down with Venizelos." When they say that the Germans are winning, they really express their belief, or rather hope, that Venizelos is losing. Skouloudis clung so long to office for little other reason than to keep Venizelos out; and the King is dragged into the political arena because he alone in Hellas can be measured with the Cretan. Said a Gounaris deputy the other day: "I am spoiling for the fight. Once and for all we must rid the country of that vagabond Venizelos."

The coming elections will provide the fiercest political struggle that modern Greece has known. Every form of persuasion will be thrown into the fray, and the united strength of the late government and the new military factor, aided and abetted by Germany and the treasure of Baron von Schenk, will be used in a final and supreme endeavor to conjure the defeat of the statesman who is persuaded that the greatness—if not the very existence—of his country is indissolubly bound up with the victory of France and Britain.

James Whitcomb Riley

By Herbert Kaufman

He didn't write of gods and kings
And all such highfalutin things;
But folks and boys and bumblebees.
And when he talked of Summer, say,
The printing smelled of clover hay.
And you could see the lazy breeze
Go nosin' through the locust trees
Around the house where you were born.
And hear the old tin dinner horn.

He din't read up Persian tales,
Of these bul-buls and nightingales;
But went and sat out on the rails
And listened to the thrush and wren
Cheep in the meadow brambles, when
The song of birds was in his pen;
The whippoorwill and bobolink
Gave music lessons to his ink.

He turned words into wishing rings
That made forgotten memories start
Tears trickling in your lonely heart;
And painted signposts all the way
Along the pike to Yesterday.

God must be feeling might good
To have him 'round (I know I would)
A-telling tales of lazy scamps
And run-aways and dogs and tramps.

It don't seem queer to picture him
All fussed with golden robes and wings
Up there upon an armchair cloud
Inventing stories for a crowd
Of breathless little Cherubim—
Of fairy, goblin, which and elf.

When he rode by the other day,
There wasn't anything to say
But "Good-bye, Jim, take keer yourself."

The Swallow

Then I . . . saw the swallow
Sinking, floating, softly fly
Through the milk-white clouds on high,
And my heart rejoiced anew;
How she drifted!
Through the blue I scarce could follow
Her sun-gilded body, though
She lay in a dark cloud-hollow:
How she sprang; and turned, in flashing,
As if weaving in mid-air
With her wing-points through and through
Some strange web of gold and blue . . .
—Tr. from the Norwegian or *Wergeland* by Edmund Gosse.

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Bringing Up Father — By George McManus

ARENT YOU GOING TO THE MUSICAL WITH US TONIGHT-
I'D LIKE TO MAGGIE ME DARLIN- BUT I DON'T FEEL WELL.
I GOT OUT OF THAT NICELY-
PA- WON'T YOU PLEASE GO TONIGHT IT'S MEYERSBEER NIGHT- I KNOW YOU'LL ENJOY IT-
MEYERSBEER? THAT SOUNDS GOOD
IM FEELIN BETTER NOW- MAGGIE - I THINK I'LL GO-
GEO MCMANUS
A-16

Love, Home and Table Topics By Clever Writers — Daily Home Magazine Page — A Good Page to Read in the Leisure Hour

New Hawaii National Park Most Interesting Yet Created

The Hawaii National Park, just created by Congress, is the first national park lying outside the continental boundaries of the United States. It sets apart three celebrated Hawaiian volcanoes, Kilauea, Mauna Loa and Haleakala, and entrusts their protection and development as national spectacles to the department of the interior.

"The Hawaiian Volcanoes," writes T. A. Jaggar, director of the Hawaiian Volcano Observatory, "are truly a national asset, wholly unique of their kind, the most famous in the world of science and the most continuously, variously and harmlessly active volcanoes on earth. Kilauea crater has been nearly continuously active with a lake or lakes of molten lava for a century, Mauna Loa is the largest active volcano and mountain mass in the world, with eruptions about once a decade, and has poured out more lava during the last century than any other volcano on the globe. Haleakala is a mountain mass ten thousand feet high with a tremendous crater rift in its summit eight miles in diameter and three thousand feet deep, with many high lava cones built up inside the crater. It is probably the largest of all known craters among volcanoes that are technically known as active. Haleakala erupted less than two hundred years ago. The crater at sunrise is the grandest volcanic spectacle on earth."

The lava lake at Kilauea is the main feature of the new national park. It draws visitors from all over the world. It is a lake of fire a thousand feet long splashing on its banks with a noise like waves of the sea, while great fountains boil through it fifty feet high sending quantities of glowing spray-over the shore. Gases hiss and rumble and blue flames play through crevasses.

There have been occasional crises, Mr. Jaggar recently testified before the house committee on the public lands, "when the active crater was upheaved into a hill and thereafter collapsed into a deep pit with marvelously spectacular avalanches and fiery grottoes, cascades, whirlpools and rapids of glowing melt were common."

Mauna Loa is capped with perpetual snow. It is 13,675 feet high.

Around the base of these vast volcanoes are gorgeous tropical forests. Sandalwood, elsewhere extinct, grows there luxuriantly. There are mahogany groves, forests of tree ferns forty feet high, and magnificent tropical jungles, alternating with green meadows. There are also tracts of desert and wonderful lava caves.

In short the Hawaii National Park fully maintains the reputation of our greater national parks for individuality and superlative beauty.—*Honolulu Star-Bulletin.*

Romance

The gentle zephyrs are blowing,
The graceful willows tremble,
The rivulets all are flowing,
The birds to their songs assemble.
The torrents of the mountain
Glide gently through the vale,
And the music of the fountain
Makes a concert with the gale.
The bees have left their dwelling
To gather their honied stores;
List to their anthems swelling
Around the bending flowers!
They will hasten homeward, bearing
Emeralds, and coral red;
And many a topaz wearing
With jewels round their head.
What diamonds all adorning
What pearls the flowers display!
They are wakened by the morning
And scattered by the day.
—From the Spanish of *Silva de Romances (Bowring)*

British School of Oriental Studies

The first meeting of the governing body of the School of Oriental Studies which was held at the board of education, recently, constituted an interesting waymark in the history of the United Kingdom's dealings with her eastern possessions. The meeting was presided over by the president of the board, and the purpose of the school could not have been better set forth than it was by Arthur Henderson, president of the board of education, in the course of the speech which he made when delivering the charter of incorporation to the governors.

Mr. Henderson pointed out the important part the school would play in the reconstruction of commerce and industry after the war, by assisting the country to develop certain sources of raw material and also to open new markets in Africa and the east. The development of British possessions in the east would, moreover, call for an increasing number of trained civilians, who would be able to devote themselves with full intelligence to public work in those countries. Mr. Henderson's most impotant reference, however, was probably to India. The loyalty of India and their other possessions in the war, he said, had shown that their administration had been sound; but to meet developments in the future, it would be necessary to give representatives and agents from the United Kingdom a thorough training, not only in languages, but in the customs, religion and manners of the native populations.

This last point is certainly one of great importance. Where the European has failed in the east, it has always been largely due to the fact that he was to a great extent ignorant and was content to remain ignorant of matters which to the easterner were matters of very urgent concern. All the greatest British administrators in India, in Egypt and in other parts of the east, have invariably been men who made it their business really to understand the people they governed; to endeavor to see things from their point of view; to appreciate their code of values, and to show sympathy with their legitimate aspirations. It was the secret of Lord Kitchener's success in Egypt, as it was of Lord Hardinge's in India. It is, of course, the secret of General Lyautey's remarkable success in Morocco. Nothing is so likely to help in the work of producing men with such sympathies, in all grades of the service, as a school such as that which has just been founded in London.

It is also hoped, of course, as Mr. Henderson pointed out, that the school will become the chief center of research to which the learned classes among the people of India and Egypt may turn for guidance in their studies. This in itself would form another bond of union of very great importance.—*Christian Science Monitor.*

Good Housekeeping Recipes

All measurements are level, standard half-pint measuring cups, tablespoons and teaspoons being used. Sixteen level tablespoonfuls equal a half-pint. Quantities are sufficient for six people unless otherwise stated. Flour is sifted once before measuring.

Molded Salmon

1 can salmon, scalded, or
2 cupfuls flaked, fresh cooked salmon.
½ tablespoonful flour.
Few grains cayenne pepper.
2 egg yolks.
¾ cupful milk.
¼ cupful vinegar.
½ teaspoonful salt.
1 teaspoonful granulated gelatin.
1 teaspoonful mustard.
1½ tablespoonfuls melted butter.

Make a boiled salad dressing of the flour, mustard, pepper, egg yolks, milk, vinegar and salt. In the meantime soak the gelatin in cold water to cover, and add it to the salad dressing mixture when it is done. Then stir in the salmon. Pour into a mold and when stiff and cold serve with cucumber sauce.

Bachelor's Buttons

One-quarter cupful butter; 1 1-3 cupfuls flour; 2-3 cupful sugar; ½-teaspoonful salt; ½-teaspoonful almond flavoring; 1 egg.

Rub the butter into the flour. Divide the sugar, beat the egg with half of the sugar, and stir the remainder into the flour mixture. Combine this with the egg mixture. Add the flavoring and roll the dough in the hands to make balls the size of a large nut. Place two inches apart on a buttered baking sheet, sprinkle with sugar and bake gently for ten minutes in a moderate oven.

Pineapple Fruit Salad

One medium sized pineapple, shredded.
An equal quantity cut celery, or very crisp finely shredded new cabbage, or finely shredded heart leaves of lettuce.
1 cupful chopped walnuts, tomato aspic, cooked mayonnaise.

Pour the aspic into a border-mold and let it stiffen. Unmold on a large round platter and fill the center with the pineapple, celery (or celery substitute), and walnuts—which have been scalded and the skins removed—mixed together with mayonnaise to moisten thoroughly. Decorate with lettuce leaves and serve with additional cooked mayonnaise. If a border-mold is not at hand, the tomato aspic may be solidified in a shallow dish, cut into squares, and the salad piled on it. Do not put together till serving time. To make the aspic, boil together slowly about thirty minutes a can of tomatoes, 1 teaspoonful salt, ½ tablespoonful pepper, 2 tablespoonfuls vinegar Add 2 tablespoonfuls of powdered gelatin soaked in a little cold water. Strain and use.

Gooseberry Cream

1 pint gooseberries, 1 cupful granulated sugar, ½ cupful water, 1 pint milk, 3 egg yolks, 1-3 cupful sugar, ¼ teaspoonful orange extract, wipped cream.

Stew the gooseberries and the cupful of sugar and water together till mushy, then sift. Make a boiled custard of the milk, egg yolks, remaining sugar and flavoring, stir in the sifted gooseberries, chill, and serve very cold in a deep glass dish with whipped cream piled on top.

Children as Literary Critics

"There can be no happier fortune than that which has made him the children's poet," says Prof. Bliss Perry of Long fellow. "These wise little people know so well what they like! They are untroubled with scruples and hesitancies. With how sure an instinct do they feel—without comprehending or analyzing—the note of true poetry! Will Stevenson be one of the enduring writers? I look at his twenty-five volumes in shining red and gold, and cannot tell; but when I hear a child murmuring 'My Shadow,' I think I know. If there were a language for such children secrets, the sweet voices that recite with delicious solemnity 'The Children's Hour' might tell us more about Longfellow than we professional critics—with our meticulous pedantry, our scrutiny of sources, our eyes so trained to detect overtones that we lose the melody—shall ever learn."

Just received in stock the following
SWISS WINES
Villeneuve, Yvorne
Dezaley, Fendant
Epesses, JOHANNISBERG
Dole du Valais, Cortaillod
Chateau d'Auvernier
Caves du Palais
HIRSBRUNNER & Co.
"The Swiss House"
Telephone 218 — 1 Nanking Road.

THE GENUINE ALL-BRITISH POLISH.
NUBIAN
LIQUID WATERPROOF BLACKING
Self-Polishing. No Brushes required.
Also in BROWN for brown boots, shoes, etc.
Applied with sponge attached to the cork. Gives an instantaneous brilliant and elastic polish, which lasts a week wet or dry weather. Mud can be washed off and polish remains. Does not injure leather nor soil the most delicate clothing. NUBIAN MANUFACTURING CO., LTD., 2, Lorrimore St., London, S.E., Eng

"Timborite"
Wood Preservative and Stain
Both Decorative and Preservative
As a **decorative article** "Timborite" produces a most artistic finish which does not obliterate the grain of the wood where a painted effect is not required.
As a **protective material,** wood impregnated with Timborite is proof against decay, dry rot, fungus and the ravages of insects and vermin.
Tint cards and further particulars
From
WHC Wilkinson, Heywood & Clark, Ltd.
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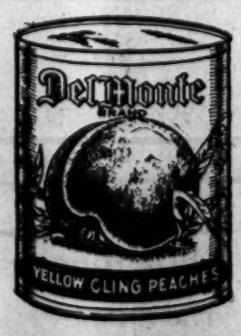
"DEL MONTE"
Canned Fruits and Vegetables
For sale by all first-class dealers
Connell Bros. Company,
AGENTS



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Optician
Refracting and Manufacturing
Toric Lenses
Invisible Bifocals
Sun Glasses in Various Shades
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38, Nanking Road

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F 126 BUBBLING WELL ROAD
9765

"YOU DO LOOK COOL!"
GAS COOKING means comfort in the kitchen and satisfaction in the dining room. There are no wasteful blazing fires, no flues to clean, but, instead, a clean and cool kitchen.
For particulars apply to the Engineer's Office,
SHANGHAI GAS COMPANY, LTD.
or Showroom, 29 Nanking Road.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL NEWS

Exchange and Bullion

Shanghai, September 18, 1916.

Money and Bullion

	Tls.
Mex. Dollars: Market rate:	71.8625
S'hai Gold Bars: 978 touch...	—
Bar Silver	—
Copper Cash	—
Sovereigns:	
Buying rate, @ 3-7/8—Tls.	6.50
Exch. @ 72.1—Mex..$	9.03
Peking Bar	343
Native Interest	.07

Latest London Quotations

Bar Silver	32 1/2 d.
Bank rate of discount	6%
Market rate of discount:—	
3 m-s.	%
4 m-s.	%
6 m-s.	%
Exchange on Shanghai, 60 d-s.	
Ex., Paris on London ....Fr.	27.91
Ex., N. Y. on London....T.T. $	476 1/16
Consols £	—

Exchange Closing Quotations

London	T.T.	3-7/8
London	Demand	3-11/16
India	T.T.	228 1/4
Paris	T.T.	428 1/2
Paris	Demand	429
New York	T.T.	73 1/4
New York	Demand	73 1/4
Hongkong	T.T.	71
Japan	T.T.	69 5/8
Batavia	T.T.	176 1/2

Bank's Buying Rates

London	4 m-s. Cdts.	3-2 1/16
London	4 m-s. Docy.	3-2 1/16
London	6 m-s. Cdts.	3-2 1/16
London	6 m-s. Docy.	3-2 1/16
Paris	4 m-s.	443 1/2
New York	4 m-s.	75 7/8

CUSTOMS HOUSE RATES OF EXCHANGE FOR SEPTEMBER

$1	Hk. Tls.	5.93
Hk. Tls. 1	Francs	4.72
" 1	Marks†	3.86
Gold $ 1	Hk. Tls.	1.55
Hk. Tls. 1	Yen	1.57
" " 1	Rupees	2.38
" " 1	Roubles	2.40
" " 1	Mex. $	1.60

† Nominal.

Stock Exchange
Transactions

Shanghai, September 18, 1916.

TODAY'S QUOTATIONS

Official

Shanghai Docks Tls. 74.25
S'hai Gas 6% debs Tls. 93.00
S. & H. Wharf 6% debs Tls. 97.00
Anglo-Javas Tls. 12.85
Butes Tls. 1.97 1/2
Consolidated Tls. 4.10
Dominions Tls. 15.00
Kota Bahroes Tls. 12.50
Kota Bahroes Tls. 12.75
Permatas Tls. 5.50
Shanghai Pahangs Tls. 2.10
Shanghai Kelantans Tls. 1.02 1/2
Chempedaks Tls. 16.75

Direct Business Reported

Shanghai Cotton Tls. 98.00 Sept.
Shanghai Docks Tls. 74.00
Anglo-Javas Tls. 12.90
Consolidated Tls. 4.10
Kota Bahroes Tls. 12.50
Samagagas Tls. 1.30
Shanghai Kelantans Tls. 1.02 1/2

Sharebrokers' Association
Transactions

Shanghai, September 18, 1916.

BUSINESS DONE

Official

Dominions Tls. 15.00 cash
Ziangbes Tls. 7.85 cash
Anglo-Javas Tls. 12.90 cash
Consolidated Tls. 4.05 cash
Kotas Tls. 12.85 October.
S'hai Land 6% debs. Tls. 97.00 cash

Direct

Dominions Tls. 15.00 September
Gulas "B" Tls. 9.90
Docks Tls. 74.00 cash

U. K. METAL MARKET

Reuter's Service

London, September 15.—Today's metal prices were:—

	£ s. d.
Standard Copper G. M. B. f.o.b.	116 0 0
American Electrolytic 99 90% Copper	134 10 0
Lead L. B. c.i.f. per ton	Nominal
Soft Lead "Spanish" f.o.b. (paid)	30 10 0
Quicksilver Second hand f.o.b.	17 15 0
Tinplates i.c.w. 20/24 100 lbs. per case	31s. Nominal
Mentz Metal f.o.b. London or Liverpool	15d.
Standard Tin (cash)	170 5 0
Standard Tin (3 months)	171 5 0
Spelter (ordy soft) f.o.b.	50 10 0
Galvanized Sheets 24 Gauge...	26 5 0

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PRIVATE HOTEL
Established 20 years.
102 Bubbling Well Road. Seven minutes from Bund by trams, which stop at the door. Strictly first-class cuisine under the personal supervision of the proprietress. 60 rooms, separate baths, with hot and cold water, electric light. Tel. W. 1271.

Singapore Rubber Auction

Singapore, September 7.—Following were the prices realized at the rubber auction this week:—

	Singapore per picul.
Sheet:	$
Smoked Fine Ribbed.. @	120/114
Smoked Good Ribbed.. "	113/112
Smoked Fine Plain... "	111/107
Smoked Good Plain... "	—
Unsmoked Fine Ribbed "	107
Unsmoked Good Ribbed "	—
Unsmoked Fine Plain. "	106/104
Unsmoked Good Plain. "	100/ 97
Crepe:	
Fine Pale Thin..... "	119/115
Good Pale Thin ..... "	115/110
Good Pale Blanket... "	111/110
Good Brown Blanket....	110/108
Fine Brown ..... "	113/109
Good Brown ..... "	105/ 96
Good Dark ..... "	99/ 78
Barky ..... "	88/ 60
Scrap:	
Virgin and Pressed.... "	89/ 62
Loose ..... "	78/ 50
Sheet: Cupwashing .... "	105/ 91

London quotations:	s. d.
Fine Pale Crepe	2 3 1/4
Fine Ribbed Smoked Sheet.	2 3

Catalogued for sale Pcls. 11,690 (about 696 tons).

Sold Pcls. 5,980. (about 356 tons).

Nearly 700 tons of Rubber were catalogued for sale at the auction this week, and about 356 tons found buyers. The demand was very good for all grades and the prices realized were as above. Fine ribbed smoked Sheet and fine pale Crepe @ $120 and $119 respectively are actually above what must be considered the market values. Fine brown and good brown Crepe were well in demand at prices a few dollars higher than those of our last sale. Lower Crepes were well competed for, but values remained at about the same level as last week. Plain smoked Sheet were not wanted, whereas a few lots of unsmoked Sheet found buyers at sellers' limits. Buyers showed quite a keen interest in Blankets, which moved off freely.

The sale had to be continued today, and in spite of reports of an easier market in London, the prices of $120 for Sheet and $119 for Crepe were well maintained — mostly though on account of the excitement of one single buyer.

Banks' buying rate on London 3 m-s.	2 4 25/32
Banks' buying rate on London demand	2 4 3/8
Banks' buying rate on New York demand	56 7/16

With Compliments,
Meyer and Measor.

COMMERCIAL CABLES

Reuter's Service

London, September 15.—Today's rates, prices and deliveries were:—

Consols 2 1/2% for a/c £59 7/8
Cheques on London at Paris Frs. 27.88
T. T. on London at New York $4.76 1/2
Bar Silver (Spot) ..... 32 3/8 d.
Market rate of Discount ..... 5 5/8 %
Cotton; Egyptian F. G. F..... 13.35d.
Cotton; M. G. Fine Scinde and Bengal ..... 7.05d.
Cotton; Mid American Spot ..... 9.5d.
Plantation Rubber October 2s. 4 1/2d. paid
Indian Tea ..... 9 3/8 d.
Ceylon Tea ..... 9 3/8 d.

The Cathay Trust, Ltd.

Paid-up Capital £220,899

LOANS, AT LOW RATES OF INTEREST, GRANTED ON APPROVED SECURITIES.

J. C. DYER, Manager.
J. A. WATTIE & Co., Ltd.
Secretaries and General Managers,
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The China Mutual Life Insurance Company, Ltd.

Incorporated under the Hongkong Ordinances.

Subscribed Capital. . . Tls. 500,000,00
Paid Up Capital. . . . Tls. 50,000,00

A British Company

Issuing all forms of Life, Endowment and Annuity Polices at current rates.

Assurance Fund (31-3.'15) Tls. 9,069,647.72

Assurances in force exceed Tls. 31,700,000-00

Head Office—SHANGHAI
Agencies throughout Asia.

British-America Assurance Co.

The undersigned, as agents for the above company, are prepared to grant policies against Fire on Foreign and Native Risk at Current Rates.

FRAZAR & Co.

BENJAMIN AND POTTS SHARE LIST

Yesterday's Prices.

STOCK	Closing Quotations
Banks	
H. K. and S. B.	$745
Chartered	£52.
Russo-Asiatic	R. 250.
Cathay, ordy	3 1/4 B.
Cathay. pref	5 3/4 S.
Marine Insurances	
Canton	$400
North China	155 B.
Union of Canton	$945.
Yangtsze	$255 B.
Fire Insurances	
China Fire	$154 B.
Hongkong Fire	$384 S.
Shipping	
Indo-China Pref.	
Indo-China Def.	Tls. 128.
"Shell"	109s. S.
Shanghai Tug	Tls. 17 1/2 B.
Shanghai Tug	Tls. 50.
Kochien	Tls. 21 1/2 B.
Mining	
Kaiping	Tls. 10 B.
Oriental Cons.	39s. 6d.
Philippine	Tls. 1 B.
Raub	Tls. 2 1/2 B.
Docks	
Hongkong Dock	Tls. 130 B.
Shanghai Dock	$74 1/4 Sa.
New Eng. Works	Tls. 10 B.
Wharves	
Shanghai Wharf	Tls. 82 B.
Hongkong Wharf	$85 1/2 B.
Lands and Hotels	
Anglo-French Land	Tls. 95 B.
China Land	Tls. 50 N.
Shanghai Land	Tls. 95 S.
Weihaiwei Land	Tls. 3.
Central Stores	$8 1/2 B.
China Realty (ord.)	Tls. 80 B.
China Realty (pref.)	Tls. 52 B.
Cotton Mills	
E-wo	Tls. 150
E-wo Pref	Tls. 107 B
International	Tls. 77 1/2 B.
International Pref	Tls. 75.
Laou-kung-mow	Tls. 65.
Oriental	Tls. 37 1/2 B.
Shanghai Cotton	Tls. 98 B.
Kung Yik	Tls. 14 1/4 B.
Yangtszepoo	Tls. 5.05 B.
Yangtszepoo Pref	Tls. 101
Industrials	
Anglo-German Br'y	$95 N.
Butler Tile	Tls. 23 N.
China Flour Mill	Tls. 6 S.
China Sugar	Tls. 110 B.
Green Island	Tls. 9.70 B.
Langkats	Tls. 26 B.
Major Bros.	Tls. 5.
Shanghai Sumatra	Tls. 157 1/2 B.
Stores	
Hall and Holtz	Tls. 16 1/2
Llewellyn	$60.
Lane, Crawford	$96 B.
Moutrie	$35.
Watson	Tls. 6 3/4 B.
Weeks	Tls. 18 B.
Rubbers (Local)	
Alma	Tls. 14 1/2 B.
Amherst	Tls. 1 3/4 S.
Anglo-Java	Tls. 12.90 B.
Anglo-Dutch	Tls. 7 S.
Ayer Tawah	Tls. 40 B.
Batu Anam 1913	Tls. 1.97 1/2 Sa
Bukit Toh Alang	Tls. 5 3/4 B.
Bute	Tls. 1.95 B.
Chemor United	Tls. 2.05 B.
Chempedak	Tls. 16 3/4 Sa.
Cheng	Tls. 3.95
Consolidated	Tls. 4.10 Sa.
Dominion	Tls. 15 1/4 B.
Gula Kalumpong	Tls. 9 1/2 B.
Java Consolidated	Tls. 21 1/2 B.
Kamunting	Tls. 9
Kapala	Tls. 1.10 B.
Kapayang	Tls. 33 B.
Karan	Tls. 15 1/4.
Kota Bahroes	Tls. 12 3/4 B.
Kroewoek Java	Tls. 19 B.
Padang	Tls. 16 B.
Pengkalan Durian	Tls. 11 3/4.
Permata	Tls. 5 1/2 B.
Repah	Tls. 1.65 B.
Samagagas	Tls. 1.30 Sa.
Seekee	Tls. 9 3/4 B.
Semambu	Tls. 1 3/4 B.
Senawang	Tls. 18 1/2 B.
Shanghai Klebang	Tls. 1.15 B.
Shanghai Malay	Tls. 8 1/2 B.
S'hai Malay-Pref	Tls. 15 S.
Shanghai Pahang	Tls. 2.10 Sa.
Sungala	Tls. 1.60 B.
Sungei Duri	Tls. 13 3/4
Sua Manggis	Tls. 6.20 B.
S'hai Kelantan	Tls. 1.02 1/2 Sa.
Shanghai Seremban	Tls. 1.20 B.
Taiping	Tls. 2.80
Tanah Merah	Tls. 1.27 1/2.
Tebong	Tls. 27 1/2 B.
Ulobri	Tls. 2 1/2
Ziangbe	Tls. 7 3/4 B.
Miscellaneous	
C. I. and E. Lumber	Tls. 110 B.
Culty Dairy	Tls. 10 B.
S'hai Elec. and Asb.	$2 N.
Shanghai Trams	Tls. 89 B.
Shanghai Gas	Tls. 24 B.
Horse Bazaar	Tls. 30.
Shanghai Mercury	Tls. 30.
S'hai Telephone	Tls. 90 B.
S'hai Waterworks	Tls. 250 B.

S., Sellers. Sa., Sales. B., Buyers.

Benjamin & Potts, 8 Jinkee Road
Telephone No. 398.

London Rubber Market

Reuter's Service

London, September 16.—Today's rubber prices were:—

Plantation First Latex:
Spot: 2s. 4 1/4d. Paid.
November to December: 2s. 5d. Buyers.
Tendency of Market: Firm.

Last Quotation, London, September 15:
Spot: 2s. 4d. Paid.
November to December: 2s. 5d. Buyers.
Tendency of Market: Firm.

Shipping Bulletins

Vincente Madrigal has purchased a 5,000 ton steamer from a Japanese company to add to his fleet. The sum paid is reported to be Pesos 1,000,000. The new steamer is to be known as the Macaria.

* * *

The s.s. Mogami Maru, 3,100 tons d.w., registered at Dalny, has been chartered by a British merchant of Hongkong for one year at the rate of Yen 11 per ton per month for service between Moji and Suez.

* * *

A junk hired by the Standard Oil Co., of New York, was raided by a gang of freebooters near the mouth of the Pili River near Chuangho on its way from Dalny to Antung, carrying 500 cases of kerosene. Both junk and cargo were seized. A telegram to the above effect was received from the District Superintendent, Antung.

* * *

The I. G. Kaisha's steamer Taikosan Maru, 3,121 tons, which collided with the two Japanese steamers near Moji on August 28th last, sinking both of them, as reported previously, has been contracted to be chartered by the French Government for one year at the rate of 35 shillings per ton deadweight carrying capacity. She will be employed by that Government for service between Marseilles and Italian and British ports, her war insurance being borne by the charterers.

* * *

An offer has come from America for the purchase of a 9,000 ton stock-boat, to be completed at the Kawasaki Dockyard, Kobe, by the end of next month, at the price of £40 per ton deadweight carrying capacity. The Dockyard management are said to be not unwilling to close with the offer at G. Yen 400 per ton in Japanese money.

* * *

The s.s. Santo Maru arrived at Tientsin last week, with 408 pieces of Silver Sycee valued at G. Yen 660,000.

* * *

A Tientsin report states that another batch of nine hundred Chinese coolies for labor in Russia will shortly leave North China. This lot has been recruited in Tongshan and districts, and the authorities are going into the matter thoroughly, taking only picked men of physical ability, as well as those with some experience in road mending, farming, etc.

PRESIDENTIAL MANDATES

Tsao Kuan is hereby appointed Tuchun of Chihli.

The resignation of Kiang Yuan, Vice-Minister of Justice, is approved. Hsu Chien is appointed Vice-Minister of Justice.

Not Only Cash, But Jobs For Stranded Rebels

An Office To Deal With This Question Will Be Opened At West Gate

A set of regulations for settling with the stranded revolutionists in Shanghai has been drawn, after several consultations, by the military authorities and leaders of the various revolutionary parties. The regulations contain 9 articles of which the most important is one that asks the leaders of the various revolutionary parties to help in the finding of revolutionists who may be competent to serve in the government service. An office for dealing with this question is to be established at West Gate. A committee of 8 prominent revolutionary personages, including General Pah Wan-wei, Tsen Ta-bi, Pang Yang-kuang, and Kung Chen-peng, has been selected by Dr. Sun Yat-sen to weigh the merits of persons recommended.

The regulations also allow the leaders of the revolutionary parties to report on the sums they have spent for the revolution, and if they are in need, this money will be returned to them as well as other help to enable them to avoid personal financial distress.

Conqueror of Zeppelin Gets £550 Prize Money

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, September 15.—Cheques totalling £550, for the first air-man felling a Zeppelin in Great Britain, were presented to Lieutenant Robinson at the Baltic Exchange, today.

BRITISH AIRMENS' SUCCESS

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, September 16.—The Admiralty announces: Early in the morning of the 15th, a squadron of naval aeroplanes successfully bombarded the enemy's heavy batteries near Ostend. They all returned safely.

Between August 25 and 29, a British sea-plane squadron carried out a series of attacks and reconnaissances of the enemy's railway communications in Palestine. Considerable damage was done to Afuleh Junction, where an engine, rolling-stock and stores were destroyed and to the stations at Tulkeram, Ardana and Homs. The enemy's camp near Remieh was also severely damaged.

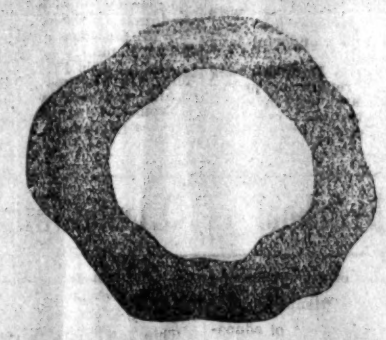
BOKHARA AIDS RUSSIA

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Petrograd, September 15.—The Emir or Bokhara has presented the Emperor of Russia with the sum of one million Roubles, to be used for war purposes.

AMUSEMENTS

Commencing Friday, September 22
at the
APOLLO THEATRE



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The great Pathe serial of Heredity, Romance and Humanity

In 14 episodes of 2 parts

Featuring Ruth Roland and Frank Mayo

First Two Episodes

"Never More" and "Pity the Poor"

THE Apollo THEATRE

TONIGHT TONIGHT

The Great Mahatma Co.
DR. RICHARD ROWE.
MYSTIC MORA, Clairvoyant.
When in doubt, ask Mora.
WATCH FOR

The Great Trance

Something new tonight:
Paintings in Coloured Sands; The Egyptian Water Mystery
Also an entire change of new pictures including
PATHE'S BRITISH AND FRENCH GAZETTES

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VICTORIA THEATRE
The Famous
KAMENSKY OPERA COMPANY
presenting
"GYPSEY ASA"
Dramatic Operetta in Four Acts

Act I	GYPSEY LOVE
Act II	DEATH AT THE WEDDING
Act III	TORTURE OF PASSION
Act IV	LOVE MADNESS

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Solo Duets, Dances and Concert Chorus

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PRICES:
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BY
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Assisted by
MRS. POWELL

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 4th
AND
FRIDAY, OCTOBER 6th

Booking open at Moutrie's TODAY

USUAL PRICES.

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TOWA CINEMA THEATRE
Corner of Weochang and Chapoo Roads

PROGRAMME
for
Tuesday and Wednesday, 19th and 20th September.

"Million Dollar Mystery"
11th and 12th Episodes, entitled:
"In the Path of the Fast Express"
"The Elusive Treasure Box"

"LOVE, OIL AND GREASE"
Highly Amusing Ham and Bud Comedy

"FATTY'S JONAH DAY"
Very Interesting Keystone Picture.

Dress Circle Seats .....30 Cents.

Our "Million Dollar Mystery" is a new copy, and has been imported with the exclusive rights for exhibition in China. It is not the same copy as shown in another theatre. Our copy arrived in Shanghai first, long before the other copy.

Showing For Three Nights Only
Sept. 19th, 20th and 21st
AT THE
OLYMPIC THEATRE
A great art film entitled
"WRONGLY ACCUSED"
An intensely dramatic and powerful story, in six wonderful acts

NEW ACTS BY
MISS KITTY RAYNER
and
MISS MABELLE

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Open-Air Cinema Theatre
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Change of Programme
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Chinese and Foreign Banking Announcements

Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China

Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1853.

Capital £1,200,000
Reserve Fund 1,800,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders 1,200,000

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38 BISHOPSGATE, LONDON, E. C.

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Cebu	Madras	Sourabaya
Colombo	Malacca	Taiping
Delhi	Manila	(F.M.S.)
Foochow	Medan	Tavoy (Lower
Haiphong	New York	Burma)
Hankow	Peking	Tientsin
Hongkong	Penang	Yokohama

Shanghai Branch, 18 The Bund.

Drafts granted on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world. Bills of Exchange bought and received for Collection. Travelling Letters of Credit issued and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

Interest allowed on Current Deposit Account, according to arrangement.

Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

W. B. SUTHERLAND,
Manager.

Banque de L'Indo-Chine

Capital .....Frs. 48,000,000.00
Reserves .....Frs. 48,000,000.00

Succursales et Agences:

Bangkok	Hanoi	Saigon
Battambang	Hongkong	Shanghai
Canton	Mengtze	Singapore
Djibouti	Noumea	Tientsin
Dondichery	Peking	Tourane
Haiphong	Papeete	
Hankeou	Pnom-Penh	

Bankers:
IN FRANCE: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais; Banque de Pari et des Pays-Bas; Credit Industriel et Commercial; Societe Generale.
IN LONDON: The Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.; Comptoir National d'Escompte des Paris; Credit Lyonnais.

This Shanghai Agency undertakes all banking operations and exchange business, grants credits on goods and approved securities and receives deposits on current and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

L. ARDAIN,
Manager.

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Filiale de la Societe Generale de Belgique
Societe Anonyme
Paid-up Capital ....Frs. 30,000,000

Head Office: BRUSSELS.
London Office: 2 Bishopsgate.
Branches at Peking, Tientsin, Alexandria, Cairo (Egypt), and Rotterdam.

President:
JEAN JADOT,
Gouvernor Societe Generale de Belgique.

Bankers:
LONDON Martin's Bank, Ltd.
BRUSSELS: Societe Generale de Belgique.
ANTWERP: Banque d'Anvers.
PARIS: Banque de l'Union Parisienne, Societe Anonyme.
LYONS AND MARSEILLES: Comptoir National d'Escompte d'Paris.
NEW YORK: National City Bank of New York.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts Taels and fixed deposits according to arrangements.

Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.

W. A. HOEHN,
Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Paid-up Capital $15,000,000

Reserve Funds:—
Sterling £1,500,000 @ 2s. $15,000,000
Silver 18,000,000
$33,000,000

Reserve liability of Proprietors $15,000,000

Head Office: HONGKONG.
Court of Directors:
W. L. Pattenden, Esq., Chairman.
S. H. Dodwell, Esq., Deputy
G. T. M. Edkins, Esq. [Chairman.
C. S. Gubbay, Esq.
Hon. Mr. P. H. Holyoak.
Hon. Mr. D. Landale.
J. A. Plummer, Esq.
Hon. Mr. E. Shellim.
Chief Manager:
Hongkong—N. J. STABB.

Branches and Agencies:

Amoy	Ipoh	Peking
Bankok	Johore	Penang
Batavia	Kobe	Rangoon
Bombay	Kuala-Lumpur	Saigon
Calcutta		S. Francisco
Canton	London	Shanghai
Colombo	Lyons	Singapore
Foochow	Malacca	Sourabaya
Hankow	Manila	Tientsin
Harbin	Nagasaki	Tsingtau
Hollo	New York	Yokohama

London Bankers:
London County and Westminster Bank, Ltd.

Shanghai Branch: 12, The Bund.
Sub-Agency: 9 Broadway.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Local Bills Discounted.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, Africa, China, Japan and America.

A. G. STEPHEN.
Manager.

Russo-Asiatic Bank

Roubles.
Capital (fully-paid) 45,000,000
Reserve Fund 22,000,000
Kpg. Tls.
Capital Contributed by the ..Chinese Government 3,500,000
Reserve Fund 1,733,000

Head office: PETROGRAD.
Paris Office: 9, Rue Boudreau.
London Office: 64, Old Broad St., E.C.

Bankers:
LONDON: Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co.
PARIS: Societé General pour favoriser le Development du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France. Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas.
LYONS: Societe Gerenale pour favoriser le Development du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.

Far Eastern Branches and Agencies

Bombay	Hailan	Peking
Calcutta	Hankow	Shanghai
Chanchun (Kwan-chendze)	Harbin	Tientsin
	Hongkong	Tsingtau
Chefoo	Newchwang	Vladivostock
Dalny (Dairen)	Nicolayowsk	Yokohama

o-A
85 Branches and Agencies in Russia, Siberia and Mongolia.

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on Current Account and Fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars and Roubles. Terms on application.

Local Bills discounted. Special facilities for Russian Exchange.

Foreign Exchange on the principal cities of the world bought and sold.

SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES:
J. JEZIERSKI,
Q. CARRERE,
Managers for China and Japan

The Shanghai Commercial and Savings Bank, Ltd.

9, Ningpo Road.

Paid-up Capital $200,000

All kinds of banking business transacted.

Currency Exchange a speciality.

Special department for handling loans against warehouse receipts and other commercial paper.

Interest on Tael current accounts 2%.

Particulars of interest allowed on Dollar current accounts and fixed deposits can be obtained on application.

K. P. Chen,
General Manager.

The Bank of China.

(Specially authorised by Presidential Mandate of 15th April, 1915)

Authorised Capital $60,000,000
Paid-up Capital $10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING.
Branches and Agencies:
Peking, Tientsin, Newchang, Mukden Changchun, Harbin, Dairen, Tsinan, Tsingtau, Kaifung, Hankow, Ichang, Shanshi, Wuhu, Yangchow, Chinkiang, Nanking, Shanghai, Hangchow, Ningpo, Foochow, Canton, Nanchang, Taiyuen, etc., etc.

SHANGHAI BRANCH,
3 HANKOW ROAD.

Loans granted on approved securities. Local bills discounted. Interests allowed on Current Deposit Account in Tales at the rate of 3 per cent. per annum and on Fixed Deposits at the following rates:
For 3 months at the rate of 3 per cent. per annum.
For 6 months at the rate of 4 per cen. per annum.
For 12 months at the rate of 5 per cen. per annum.

SUNG HAN-CHANG,
Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Savings Bank Office:
12 The Bund, and 9 Broadway.

Deposits of not less than $1, or over $100, will be received at one time.

Not more than $1,200 will be received in one year from any single depositor whose credit balance shall not at any time exceed the sum of $5,000.

Interest at the rate of 3½ per cent. per annum will be allowed on the monthly minimum balance. Deposits may be withdrawn on demand. Accounts will be kept either in Mexican Dollars or Taels, at the option of the depositor.

Depositors will be presented with Pass Books in which all transactions will be entered. Pass Books must will be entered. Pass Books must be presented when paying in or withdrawing money.

Office Hours—10 a.m. to 3 p.m. Saturday, 10 a.m. to 12 noon.

Banque Industrielle de Chine.

Capital ..... Francs 45,000,000
One-third of the Capital, i.e. Frs. 15,000,000, subscribed by
THE GOVERNMENT OF THE CHINESE REPUBLIC

Statutes approved by the Government of the Chinese Republic on January 11, 1913.

President, Andre Berthelot.
General Manager, A. J. Pernotte.

HEAD OFFICE
74, RUE ST. LAZARE, PARIS.
Branches in Peking, Tientsin and Shanghai
BANKERS:
In France: Societe Generale pour le Development du Commerce et du l'Industrie en France.
In London: London, County and Westminster Bank, Ltd.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits on application.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

G. LION,
Manager.

1, French Bund, Shanghai.

Yokohama Specie Bank, Limited

(*Established* 1880.)

Head Office: YOKOHAMA, JAPAN.

Capital Subscribed ..... Yen 48,000,000
Capital Paid-up ..... „ 30,000,000
Reserve Fund ..... „ 20,800,000

London Bankers:
Union of London & Smith's Bank, The London Joint Stock Bank, Parr's Bank, Ltd.

Branches and Agencies:

Antunghsin	London	Port Arthur
Bombay	Liaoyang	S. Francisco
Calcutta	Los Angeles	Singapore
Changchun	Lyons	Sydney
Dalny	Mukden	Sinanfu
Hankow	Nagasaki	Tiehling
Harbin	Newchwang	Tientsin
Hongkong	New York	Tokio
Honolulu	Osaka	Tsingtau
Kobe	Peking	

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels and Dollars, according to arrangement.

Drafts granted on principal places in Japan, Korea, Formosa and China and the chief commercial places in Europe, India and America, and every description of Banking and exchange business transacted.

K. KODAMA, Manager.

The Mercantile Bank of India, Ltd.

Authorised Capital £1,500,000
Subscribed Capital 1,125,000
Paid-up Capital 562,500
Reserve Fund 550,000

HEAD OFFICE, 15 Gracechurch Street, LONDON, E. C.

London Bankers:
Bank of England.
London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.

Branches & Agencies.

Bombay	Howrah	Madras
Calcutta	Kandy	Penang
Colombo	Karachi	Port Louis (Mauritius)
Delhi	Kota Bahru (Kelantan)	Rangoon
Galle		
Hongkong	Kuala Lumpur Singapore.	Shanghai

Shanghai Branch.

EVERY description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Tael Current Accounts at 2% per annum and on Fixed Deposits at rates which may be ascertained on application.

C. T. BEATH.
Acting Manager.

7 Nanking Road.

9753

Nederlandsche Handel Maatschappij

(NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY.)

Established 1824.

Paid-up Capital—
Guilds. 65,000,000 (about £4,603,666)
Reserve Fund—
Guilds. 9,625,431 (about £827,129)

Head Office: AMSTERDAM.
Head Agency: BATAVIA
Agencies in Holland:
THE HAGUE and ROTTERDAM.
Bankers:

Bandjermasin	Padang	Soerakarta
Bandoeng	Palembang	Tandjong Balei
Cheribon	Pekalongan	Tebing-Tinggi
Djember	Penang	Tegal
Djokjakarja	Pontianak	Telok-Betong
Hongkong	Rangoon	Tjilatap
Kota-Radja	Semarang	Weltevreden
Makassar	Singapore	
Medan	Soerabaya	

London Bankers:—
Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.

Correspondents at the principal places in Europe, Asia, Australia and North America.

The Bank buys, sells, and receives for collection bills of exchange, issues letters of credit on its branches and correspondents, and transacts banking business of every description.

Current accounts kept in taels and dollars.

SHANGHAI INTEREST ALLOWED on current tael accounts and fixed deposits, according to arrangement.

B. G. I. WYNBERG,
Acting Agent.

THE BANK OF TERRITORIAL DEVELOPMENT OF CHINA, LIMITED

3 NANKING ROAD: Tel. Nos. 3893-4452

CHARTERED BY THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT, 1914

"THE PREMIER CHINESE BANK IN THE ORIENT."

Head office: Peking

Authorized Capital .. $20,000,000.00
Subscribed Capital .. 14,000,000.00
Fully Paid Up Capital 4,000,000.00
Liabilities $10,000,000.00

Board of Directors:
Chairman: Mr. Wang Yi-tang, ex-Tartar General of Mongolian Frontier and now General Advisor to Yuan Shih-k'ai.
Vice-Chairman: Mr. Feng Ling-peh, President of the United Chamber of Commerce in Peking.
Mr. Chin Char, Chairman of the Bureau of Commerce and Labour of the Central Board of Commerce.
Mr. Tao Te-kuang, M. A., Cornell University, U.S.A., ex-Commissioner on Foreign Loans, now Commissioner on Currency Reform and Advisor on Finance to Li Yuan-hung.
Mr. Liu Ming-chee, Financier and Capitalist, Managing Director for the Chinese Frontier Trading Corporation.
BRANCHES and Sub-Branches in the provinces and Territories of China.

Bankers:
The Eastern Bank, Ltd., London, National Bank of Commerce, New York.

FOREIGN AGENCIES:

Amsterdam	Manila	Seattle
Bangkok	Malta	Somarang
Batavia	Melbourne	Singapore
Benkolen	Milan	Soerabaya
Bombay	Moscow	Sydney
Calcutta	New York	Tokio
Cheribon	Osaka	Vladivostock
Hongkong	Padang	Wellington
Honolulu	Paris	Yokohama
London	Rangoon	
Macassar	San Francisco	

CURRENT ACCOUNT kept in Taels and Dollars; interest allowed in Taels at 2½% per annum, in Dollars at 1½% per annum on the daily balance of over Taels or Dollars 200 respectively.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year or shorter period at rates to be ascertained on application.

The Bank transacts every description of Exchange and Banking business, issues drafts and letters of credit on the above Branches and Agencies.

Advances made on approved securities and local bills discounted.

C. T. HSU, Manager.
YUSHU CHIN, Sub-Manager.

March 13, 1913.

International Banking Corporation

Head Office:
60 Wall Street, New York

London Office:
36 Bishopsgate, E. C.

Capital paid-up .....U.S. $3,250,000.00
Reserve and Undivided Profits 3,628,688.77
U.S. $6,878,988.77

Branches at:

Bombay	Hongkong	Singapore
Calcutta	Kobe	San Francisco
Canton	London	Tientsin
Cebu	Manila	Yokohama
Celon (P.C.Z.)	Medellin	Peking
Hankow	Panama	Shanghai

Through its close affiliation with THE NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK, the Bank is able to offer the special services of the Branches of that Institution in Cuba and South America:—BUENOS AYRES, HABANA, MONTEVIDEO, RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTIAGO, SANTOS, SAO PAULO.

The Corporation transacts every description of Banking and Exchange business, issues Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit and Travellers' Cheques, available in the United States of America and in all other parts of the world, and receives money on CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNT and on FIXED DEPOSIT upon terms which can be ascertained on application.

G. HOGG,
Manager.
1a Kiukiang Road, SHANGHAI.

BANK OF COMMUNICATIONS

Paid-up Capital: Kungping' Taels 10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING.
Fifty Branches and Agencies In China.

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on current accounts and on fixed deposits in Taels and Dollars according to arrangement.

Credit granted on approved securities and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

5559.

Commercial Bank of China

Head Office: SHANGHAI.

Subscribed Capital Sh. Tls. 5,000,000
Paid-up Capital... Sh. Tls. 2,500,000

Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum on daily balance. On Fixed deposits:
For 3 months at 3% per annum.
For 6 months at 4% per annum.
For 12 months at 5% per annum.
On Deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.

H. C. MARSHALL,
Chief Manager.

The Bank of Canton, Limited.

Incorporated 1912.

Authorised Capital .....H. $32,000,000
Subscribed and Paid-up Capital .....H. $1,357,350
Reserve Fund .....H. $70,000

Head Office:
6, Des Voeux Road, Hongkong.

Shanghai Office: 2, Ningpo Road.

Drafts granted on the Principal Commercial Cities throughout the world, Bills of Exchange bought and received for collection and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

Interest allowed on Tael Current Accounts at 2% p.a. on daily balance and on Fixed Deposits:
For 3 months at 3% per annum.
For 6 months at 4% per annum.
For 12 months at 5% per annum.
On Deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.

IUKUUN,
Manager.

AMERICAN EXPOSITION TO BE HELD IN MOSCOW

Russian-American Enterprise To Build Railroads And Exploit Water Power

Petrograd, August 15.—An important Russian-American enterprise, organized with the principal object of the construction of railways and the exploitation of motive and water power in Russia, has been put on foot, according to the semi-official Russian News Agency.

In line with this undertaking the Russian-American Chamber of Commerce is planning an exposition of American manufactures which will be held in Moscow.

SAYS JAPAN SHOULD OWN THE PHILIPPINES

Writer in Emigration Magazine Believes They Ought To Belong to Mikado

CANNOT BE INDEPENDENT

People of Nippon Only Race In Archipelago Capable Of Ruling, He Asserts

Tokio, September 10.—All the islands of the long archipelago stretching from the Kuriles on the north to the southern tip of the Philippines should be under the domination of the Japanese, the only race inhabiting these islands that is capable of maintaining an independent government, is the keynote of an article which appears in the September number of the Kwaigai, or "Over the Sea." This magazine is devoted to the encouragement of the emigration of the Japanese and the expansion of Japanese influence.

The writer is Nichinan Fukumoto, noted for his lengthy articles on Germany. Mr. Fukumoto has shown sympathy with German ideals of imperialism. He calls this latest article "The Relations Between the Japanese Empire and the Philippines." A translation of his article follows:

"Take a bird's-eye view of the world from the firmaments of the northern region, and you will behold a long serpentine stretch of islands starting with the Kuriles and passing over Yezo, the main island of Japan, Kyushu, Luchu, Formosa, and ending in the Philippine archipelago. It seems proper geographically that all these small islands should be under the rule of the island Empire of Japan. In fact these islands belong to one family, and just as this earth is inseparable from the solar system, so should these islands be regarded as inseparable from the political system of Japan.

Japanese the Only Leaders

"If of all the races who inhabit these islands, the Ainu were the most superior people they should with propriety rule the rest of the races. The Formosan aborigines or the Filipinos might also claim that right if only they had the power. But unfortunately none of these peoples are strong enough to make and maintain an independent state, holding their own in the family of nations. Only the Japanese are capable at present of ruling an Empire, so that it is the decree of Providence that Japan should rule all these islands.

"Even while they were under the Spanish rule some of the native races in the Philippines made a bid for independence. At present the islands belong to the United States, but for the United States to hold them is contrary to the fundamental principles of Washington's national policy. There are today many intelligent Americans in Congress who advocate the relinquishment of the Philippines. In the Congressional session of last year the bill for giving independence to the Philippines was on the point of passing when it was shelved owing to America's suspicions of Japan. It is quite right and just on the part of the United States that she should let go her hold on the Philipines. She should not hold in perpetuity any land outside her own great domain.

Natives Couldn't Govern Selves

"But could the Filipinos govern themselves as an independent state? We regret that we have to declare that they have not yet arrived at the full stature of independence.

"I have been in the Philippines twice and met several men of the Aguinaldo party, so that I learned someting of their independence scheme. Then I told them frankly that the Filipino natives alone were not strong enough to constitute an independent state. There are two requisites to a modern state: one is that it should be able to maintain order, and the other is that it should be able to defend itself against alien molestation. In other words an independent state must not be like a sponge easily penetrable by any aggressive water but like a rubber ball, proof against outside influence. Behold China! She is a gigantic state with 400 million people, but she is spongy, absorbing any alien influence which may invade her territory. How could the Philippines alone command independence? This was my view. And things turned out as I had thought. Aguinaldo raised the banner of independence once, but soon took his stand under the shadow of the Stars and Stripes.

Islands Really Part of Japan

"Geographically and sentimentally the Philippines are a part of Japan. It is an old adage that heaven will punish us if we refuse to take that which heaven gives us. We must not stand on ceremony too much.

"Historically speaking a Japanese Empress once attempted to annex the Philippines, and Matsukura also at tempted a great expedition thither but was prevented by the Tokugawa's policy of shrinkage. During the Meijimera three attempts at annexation were made, but failed owing to the cowardly policy of the Government, till at last the Philippines were snatched off by the United States for the paltry sum of 20 million dollars. Consequently we have had to put up with a detachment of a foreign Power right in front of our own shop. I wonder how my own countrymen can tolerate such a state of affairs without indignation."

Passengers Arrived

Per I.-C. s.s. Namsang from Hongkong:—Capt. S. Wilde, Mr. L. Watkins.

Per C.N. s.s. Hsin Peking from Ningpo:—Mr. Maganini and one Sister.

Per C.M. s.s. Anping from Chefoo:—Mrs. Odda Shiel, Mrs. Fattack and child, Messrs. Fattack and Bulster.

Per N.Y.K. s.s. Chikugo Maru from Japan:—Mr. L. M. Beytagh.

Per I.-C. s.s. Suiwo from Hankow and ports:—Mr. and Mrs. Summers, Mrs. G. E. Scott and Miss E. M. Scott.

Per C.N. s.s. Fengtien from Tientsin:—Mr. and Mrs. Hummet, Mr. and Mrs. Doherty, Capt. and Mrs. Chanvies, Mr. and Miss Demmion, Misses Loosley and Jones, Messrs. Dabbie, Billinghurst and Urbanck and child.

Per M.M. s.s. Paul Lecat from Marseilles:—Mr. and Mrs. Mallet, Mr. Lemont. From Singapore:—Mr. and Mrs. La Wanze, Miss Paukine, Mr. Gillcee, Mr. Gee, Mr. O. Sarn, Mr. Murata, Mr. and Mrs. Robinson and 2 children. From Saigon:—Mr. Chao Vov-van, Mrs. & Miss Gay, Mrs. Beliond, Mr. and Mrs. Marie, Mrs. Ohl, Mrs. Foso Kumano, Mrs. Shoupsmann. From Hongkong:—Mr., Mrs. and Miss Seuna, Mr. J. Watson, Mr. Nielsen, Mr. Magnu, Mr. Donnison, Mr. and Mrs. Dubors, Mr. and Mrs. J. Lopes, Mr. E. M. Carion, Mr. Feruandes, Mr. Languo, Mr. Wong Shunon, Mr. Ho Tse-lai, Mr. Vladimic Petroff, Mrs. Roster, Mr. Boachland Meurazymal. From Colombo:—Mrs. Nami Okada, Mrs. Ed. Pugh and child, Mr. Shah, Parecht.

Per S.M.R. s.s Sakaki Maru from Dalny:—Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Crawford and 2 children, Mrs. J. W. Hobart, Mrs. H. R. Wilde, Mrs. J. S. Cowen, Miss. D. Cowen, Mrs. F. McGarity, Mrs. Wm. L. Merriman, Miss D. J. Merriman, Miss E. Roper, Master Lob, Miss Vinokurawa, Miss Linoff, Mr. E. T. Hobart, Mr. C. Kearsley, Mr. A. S. Andersen, Mr. S. Eneooldsen, Mr. J. E. Lyhne, Mr. J. Windenfelt, Mr. H. J. Christiansen, Mr. M. Matsumoto, Mr. C. L. Chan, Mr. Chun, Mrs. and Miss Zimmerman, Misses Michkoff, Mr. V. N. Michkoff, Mr. J. K. Chapman, Mrs. Kushnoff and child, Mrs. Kondrashiff and child, Miss Kornushenko, Miss Ratketritch, Miss Bach, Master Kornushenko, Master Betick, Master Roff, Master Gooreritch, Master Rondoroshoff, Master Lershevitch. From Tsingtao:—Capt. and Mrs. Dixon, Mr. and Mrs. R. Roberts and baby, Mr. and Mrs. D. Fleming and child, Mr. and Mrs. L. Blum and 2 children, Mrs. Goyet and 3 children, Mrs. Obaldia and 2 children, Mrs. Fabue and 3 children, Mrs. Lepekhin, Miss Pooritz, Mrs. Hinderson, Mrs. Halmes and child, Mrs. H R. Peter, Miss A. B. Bourdin, Miss Wstowsky, Miss Steward, Mr. T. Takekado, Mr. Shepherd, Miss Shepherd, Mr. F. S. Gibbings, Mr. J. D. Frost, Mr. Wm. Armstrong, Mr. J. Inokay, Mr. Servain.

Per C.N. s.s. Tatung from Hankow:—Mr., Mrs. and Master Baynton, Messrs. George, A. Denbin, B. J. Girre, A. J. Whitmore and Master Corbin.

Per P. and O. s.s. Sardinia from London:—Miss I. Gardice, Miss E. Videan, Mr. R. Hansford, Mr. B. Ansell. From Bombay:—Mr. K. R. Dandawalla, Mr. and Mrs. N. C. Thanawalla, Mr. and Mrs. D. Charles, Mr. and Mrs. C. Robbins, Mr. A. M. Matthews, Mr. W. E. Kirby. From Colombo:—Mr. Chinnappa, Mr. Rangiah, Mr. Venkatasami, Mr. P. Jopalaraj, Mr. P. M. Basappa, Mr. T. Narasimah, Mr. Chennaveerappa, Mr. and Mrs. Fowler and 2 children. From Penang:—Mrs. T. Mezuta. From Singapore:—Mr. P. Heath, Mr. R. H. Parker, Mr. and Mrs. R. M. Saker, Master and Miss Silby.

Siccawei Weather Report

17.—The cyclone is deepening and nearing Tourane. Rough rather between Hainan and Annam. Variable and moderate breezes along our coasts. Fine weather and considerable heat at Shanghai.

18.—Fine weather at Shanghai. Heavy moisture with mist changing into a fog. The pressure is slightly decreasing. Contant S.E. breezes.

Meteorological Readings

Monday, September 18, 1916.

WEATHER.	4 a.m.	9 a.m
Bar. at Centg., mm	768.32	761.25
„ „ inches.....	29.92	30.97
Variation mm. for 24h ..	-0.74	-4.43
Variation mm. for 12 h ..	†0.59	†0.16
Wind { Direction	SE	ESE
Wind { Kilom per hour ..	8	11
Wind { Miles	5.0	6.8
Temperature { Cen'	22°9	27°5
Temperature { Fahr	73.1	81.5
Humidity: 00	100	80
Nebulosity: 0-10	4	7
Rainfall mm	—	—
Rainfall inches	—	—

GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

Future Sailings

FOR AMERICA AND CANADA

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Sept 18	P.M.	Seattle Tacoma	Manila maru	Jap.	A. T. Co.
" 20	..	S. F'cisco via Kobe, Y'hama	Chile	Dan.	E. A. C.
" 25	5.00	Vancouver B. C.	Empress of Japan	Br.	C. P. O. S.
" 26	5.00*	Seattle, Wash	Sado maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
" 30	..	Vancouver	Harold Dollar	Br.	Dollar Co.
Oct 2	noon	Seattle, Wash.	Shidzuoka maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
" 5	..	Seattle, Vancouver B.C.	Henrik Ibsen	Br.	Forbes & Co
" 6	5.00	Vancouver B.C.	Empress of Asia	Br.	C. P. O. S.
" 7	..	New York via Panama	Tokoyama maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
" 7	3.00	SanFrancisco	Tenyo maru	Jap.	A. T. Co.
" 8	noon	Seattle Wash	Awa maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
" 11	P.M.	San Francisco	Ecuador	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
Nov 1	P.M.	San Francisco	Venezuela	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
" 4	5.00	San Francisco	Shinyo maru	Jap.	A. T. Co.
" 4	5.00	Vancouver B.C.	Empress of Russia	Br.	C. P. O. S.

FOR JAPAN PORTS

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Sept 19	D.L.	Moji, Kobe	Namsang	Br.	J. M. & Co.
" 19	4.30*	Nagasaki, Moji, Kobe	Yawata maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
" 19	..	Moji, Kobe	Sardinia	Br.	P. & O.
" 21	5.00*	Moji, Kobe Osaka	Kasuga maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
" 22	.	Kobe, Yokohama	Hirano maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
" 22	3.00	Karatza	Poltava	Rus.	R.V.F.
" 23	8.00*	Nagasaki, Moji, Kobe	Hakusan maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
" 23	5.00	Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama	Empress of Japan	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Oct 7	3.00	Nagasaki, Moji etc.	Tenyo maru	Jap.	A. T. Co.

FOR EUROPE, INDIA, STRAITS, ETC.

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Sept 20	3.00	London via Cape	Miyazaki maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
" 20	A. M.	Marseilles, London via Suez	Namur	Br.	P. & O.
" 21	..	Java Ports	Tjimanoek	Dut.	H.-C. T. Co.
" 22	P.M.	Marseilles via Suez	Porthos	Fr.	Cie M.M.
" 22	D.L.	Liverpool via Cape	Knight Companion	Br.	B. & S.
" 29	P.M.	Marseilles via Suez	Paul Lecat	Fr.	Cie M. M.
Oct 1	noon	London via Cape	Kitano maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
" 2	A.M.	Marseilles, London via Suez	Sardinia	Br.	P. & O.
" 4	D.L.	Liverpool via Cape	Alcinous	Br.	B. & S.
" 5	D.L.	London via Cape	Demodocus	Br.	B. & S.

FOR SOUTHERN PORTS

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Sept 19	A.M.	Foochow	Hsinchi	Chi.	C.M.S.N.Co.
" 19	D.L.	Hongkong, Canton	Chenan	Br.	B. & S.
" 19	P.M.	Ningpo, Wenchow	Poochi	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
" 20	4.00	Ningpo	Hsin Peking	Br.	B. & S.
" 20	A.M.	Hongkong Canton	Chiyuen	Chi.	C.M.S.N.Co.
" 20	D.L.	Swatow, Hongkong, Canton	Woosang	Br.	J.M. & Co.
" 21	P.M.	Hongkong	Ecuador	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
" 21	D.L.	Amoy, Hongkong	Sinkhang	Br.	B. & S.
" 22	5.00	Manila via Hongkong	Empress of Asia	Br.	C. P. O. S.
" 29	11.30*	Hongkong	Shidzuoka maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
" 29	..	Takao, Formosa via Keelung	Keelung maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
Oct 5	5.00	Hongkong	Nippon maru	Jap.	A. T. Co.
" 11	P.M.	Hongkong	Venezuela	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
Nov 1	5.00	Hongkong	China	Am.	C. M. S. S. Co

FOR NORTHERN PORTS

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Sept 19	D.L.	Haichow, Eching	Foochow	Br.	B. & S.
" 19	3.00	Weihaiwei, Chefoo, Tientsin	Fengtien	Br.	B. & S.
" 19	3.30	Dalny direct	Sakaki maru	Jap.	S. M. R.
" 19	A.M.	Chefoo, Tientsin	Anping	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
" 21	9.00*	Tsingtao	Ono maru	Jap.	S. M. R.
" 21	D.L.	Tientsin direct	Proteus	Br.	K. M. A.
" 22	3.00	Vladivostock	Poltava	Rus.	R. V. F.
" 23	11.00*	Tsingtao and Dalny	Satsuki maru	Jap.	S. M. R.
" 23	10.00*	Weihaiwei, Chefoo, Tientsin	Shengking	Br.	B. & S.
" 26	..	Tientsin via Tsingtao	Joshin maru	Jap.	N.K.K.

FOR RIVER PORTS

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Sept 18	M.N.	Hankow etc.	Luenho	Br.	J. M. & Co.
" 18	M.M.	do	Kianghsin	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
" 18	M.N.	do	Yokyang maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
" 19	M.N.	do	Suiwo	Br.	J. M. & Co.
" 19	M.N.	do	Wuchang	Br.	B. & S.
" 19	M.N.	do	Tachang maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
" 19	M.N.	do	Changon	Br.	Geddes & Co
" 20	M.N.	do	Kiangyung	Chi.	C.M.S.N.Co.
" 20	M.N.	do	Siangyang maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
" 20	M.N.	do	Tatung	Br.	B. & S.
" 21	M.N.	do	Tafoo maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
" 21	M.N.	do	Kutwo	Br.	J. M. & Co.
" 21	M.N.	do	Kiangyu	Chi.	C.M.S.N.Co.
" 22	M.N.	do	Luenyi	Br.	B. & S.
" 22	M.N.	do	Tuckwo	Br.	J. M. & Co.
" 23	M.N.	do	Poyang	Br.	B. & S.
" 23	M.N.	do	Nanyang maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
" 24	M.N.	do	Kiangkwan	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.

*A.M. M.N.—Midnight. D.L.—Daylight.

Arrivals

Date	From	Ship's Name	Tons	Flag	Agents	Berth
Sept 17	Ningpo	Hsin Peking	2868	Br.	B. & S.	CNCW
Sept 17	Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	3151	Chi.	N. S. N. Co.	NSCW
Sept 18	Chinwangtao	Proteus	1025	Nor.	K. M. A.	KMAW
Sept 18	Dalny	Sakaki maru	1346	Jap.	S. M. R.	WW
Sept 18	Hongkong	Manila maru	6032	Jap.	A. T. Co.	
Sept 18	Hongkong	Sardinia		Br.	P. & O.	
Sept 18	Hankow	Kiangyung	1451	Chi.	C.M.S.N.Co.	KLYW
Sept 18	Hankow	Tatung	1552	Br.	B. & S.	CNW
Sept 18	Chefoo	Irene	526	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.	KLYW
Sept 18	Japan	Kasuga maru	2387	Jap.	N. Y. K.	
Sept 18	Hongkong	Chiyuen	2111	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.	KLYW
Sept 18		Kaga maru	1808	Jap.	K. M. A.	
Sept 18	Japan	Asosan maru	1221	Jap.		
Sept 18	Japan	Genzan maru	1140	Jap.		

Departures

Date	For	Ship's Name	Tons	Flag	Agents
Sept 17	Tientsin, Tsingtao & Dalny	Esang	1127	Br.	J. M. & Co.
" 17	Chinwangtao	Kwangping	1244	Br.	K.M.A.
" 17	Hankow etc.	Kiangtoo	1468	Chi.	C.M.S.N.Co.
" 17	Hankow etc.	Ngankin	1769	Br.	B. & S.
" 17	Cruise	Pacific	727	Dan.	G. N. T. Co
" 17	Hankow	St Patrick	2602	Br.	Dodwell
" 17		Singan	1049	Br.	B. & S.
" 17	Hankow etc.	Whasheng	731	Chi.	China S. S Co.
" 17		Wuhu	1297	Br.	B. & S.
" 17	Swatow, Hongkong	Yingchow	1216	Br.	B. & S.
" 18	Hankow	Ningshao	1930	Br.	Geddes & Co.
" 18	Japan	Machaon	4277	Br.	B. & S.
" 18	Japan	Fudo maru	1412	Jap.	M. B. K.
" 18	Takao, Foochow via Keelung	Koboku maru	1611	Jap.	N.K.K.
" 18	London	Glenlogan	5906	Br.	Glen Line
" 18	Japan	Paul Lecat	7546	Fr.	Cie M. M.
" 18	Ningpo	Hsin Peking	2868	Br.	N.S.NCo.
" 18	Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	2151	Chi.	B. & S.

Vessels Loading

For River Ports

HANKOW and PORTS.—The Co.'s Str. Tachang Maru, Captain H. Yamashita, will be despatched from the Pootung N.K.K. Wharf on Tuesday, the 19th instant at about 12 o'clock midnight. This steamer has extra spacious Staterooms (electric fans fitted). European food of the best cuisine is provided. The last steam launch will leave Canton Road jetty at 11 p.m. For Freight and Passage apply to The Nisshin Kisen Kaisha, No. 5 The Bund. Tel. No. 3256.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The Co.'s Str. Siangyang Maru, Captain J. A. Scott, will be despatched from N.Y.K. Wharf on Wednesday, the 20th instant at about 12 o'clock midnight. This steamer has extra spacious Staterooms (electric fans fitted and iron beds in single tire). Smoking Room and all the conveniences usually found in a first class Mail Steamer. European food of the best cuisine is provided. For Freight and Passage apply to The Nisshin Kisen Kaisha, No. 5 The Bund. Tel. No. 3256.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The Str. Kiangyung, Capt .Wm. McIllwain, will leave on Wednesday night. For Freight or Passage apply to C. M. S. N. Co.

For Southern Ports

FOOCHOW.—The Str. Hsinchi, Capt. E. Hansen, will leave on Tuesday morning. For Freight or Passage apply to C. M. S. N. Co.

WENCHOW via NINGPO.—The Str. Poochi, Capt. J. Mackil, will leave on Tuesday night. For Freight or Passage apply to C. M. S. N. Co.

HONGKONG and CANTON.—The Str. Chiyuen, Capt. W. S. Ross, will leave on Wednesday morning. For Freight or Passage apply to C. M. S. N. Co.

HONGKONG.—The s.s. Nippon Maru will leave on Thursday, October 5. The tender convey passengers and mails will leave the Customs jetty at 5 p.m. For passage apply to The American Trading Company.

For Northern Ports

CHEFOO and TIENTSIN.—The Str. Anping, Capt. W. R. Wallace, will leave on Tuesday morning. For Freight or Passage apply to C. M. S. N. Co.

TIENTSIN DIRECT.—The Kailan Mining Administration Chartered s.s. Proteus September 21. For Freight or Passage apply to Agent, No. 1 Jinkee Road. Tel. No. 319.

For Japan

NAGASAKI, KOBE and YOKOHAMA.—The s.s. Tenyo Maru, Capt. H. S. Smith, will leave on Saturday, October 7. The tender conveying passengers and mails will leave the Customs jetty at 3 p.m. For freight or passage apply to The American Trading Company.

For Foreign Ports

SAN FRANCISCO via NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA and HONOLULU.—The s.s. Tenyo Maru, Capt. H. S. Smith, will leave on Saturday, October 7. Passengers booked to all, points in America, and ports in Great Britain and Europe. The tender conveying passengers and mails will leave the Customs jetty at 3 p.m. For freight or passage apply to The American Trading Company.

Shipping Items

The C.M. s.s. Kiangyu left Hankow for Shanghai on Saturday.

The C.N. s.s. Shengking left Tientsin for Chefoo, Weihaiwei and Shanghai on Sunday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Tafoo Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Sunday.

The I.-C. s.s. Kutwo left Hankow for Shanghai on Sunday.

The C.N. s.s. Anhui left Hongkong for Shanghai on Sunday.

The I.-C. s.s. Tuckwo left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.N. s.s. Luenyi left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangkwan will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The C.N. s.s. Poyang will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The C.N. s.s. Luchow will leave Hongkong for Shanghai today.

The N.K.K. s.s. Nanyang Maru will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The C.N. s.s. Shuntien will leave Tientsin for Chefoo, Weihaiwei and Shanghai today.

The N.K.K. s.s. Talee Maru will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangwah will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The N.Y.K. European line s.s. Miyazaki Maru, with mails left Moji for Shanghai on Sunday, and may be expected to arrive at the Co.'s buoy today at 9 a.m. The tender carrying up passengers and mails is expected to arrive at the Customs jetty about 10.30 a.m. This steamer will be despatched for London on Wednesday, September 20.

The S.M.R. s.s. Sakaki Maru will be despatched from the Whangpoo Wharf at 3.30 p.m. today.

The Blue Funnel s.s. Glancus left Singapore for Shanghai on the 16th instant.

The I.-C. s.s. Kingsing will leave Tientsin for Shanghai via Chefoo and Weihaiwei today.

The I.-C. s.s. Choyang left Swatow for Shanghai via Foochow at 4 p.m. on Saturday.

Passengers Departed

Per M.M. s.s. Paul Lecat for Yokohama:—Mr. and Mrs. Verheyren, Miss E. Rice, Mr. R. F. Hoyland, Mr. J. W. Harding, Mr. A. E. Algar, Mr. R. C. B. Fennell, Mr. Ho Pak-yue, Mr. Ho Chun Wan. For Kobe:—Mrs. E. Remedios and Mrs. O. Remedios.

Per C.M. s.s. Kianghsin for Hankow:—Rev. Courtois, Mr. Chu and Mr. Mio.

Per I.-C. s.s. Luenho for Hankow:—Mr. T. J. Mitchell, Mr. and Mrs. Thedore and child, Mr. A. S. Forbes.

Per I.-C. s.s. Koonshing for Tientsin:—Mrs. F. Viccajee.

Launch Services

TODAY

The launch conveying departing passengers to the N.K.K. s.s. Tachang Maru will leave the Canton Road jetty at 11 o'clock p.m.

The tender conveying departing passengers and mails to the S.M.R. s.s. Sakaki Maru will leave the Customs jetty at 2.30 p.m.

The tender conveying departing passengers and mails to the P. and O. s.s. Namur will leave the Customs jetty at 5 p.m.

Vessels In Harbor And At Woosung

Arrived	From	Ship's Name	Tons	Flag	Agents	Berth
Nov 14	Hankow	Albenga	2769	Ger.	Carlowitz	YWGW
Sept 17	Chefoo	Anping	1159	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.	KLYW
Aug 4	Hongkong	Bohemia	4282	Aus.	Aus. Lloyd	B VII
Sept 14	Chinwangtao	Burrumbeet	1561	Br.	K. M. A.	SHW
Aug 5	Hongkong	China	8868	Aus.	Aus. Lloyd	CMEW
Sept 15	Japan	Chikuzen maru	1449	Jap.	N. Y. K.	NYKW
Sept 16	Kobe	Chile	3490	Dan.	E. A. Co.	
Sept 16	Hongkong	Chenan	2200	Br.	B. & S.	WTW
Sept 17	Hankow	Changon	1289	Br.	Geddes & Co.	NSCW
Aug 8	Hongkong	D. Rickmers	2651	Ger.	H. D. & Co	USA
Sept 15	Hongkong	Eurymachus	3214	Br.	B. & S.	
Dec 27	Nanking	Fortuna	182	Ger.	H. D. & Co	10 p
Sept 16	Swatow	Foochow	1355	Br.	B. & S.	WTW
Sept 17	Japan	Fujisan maru	1276	Jap.	M. B. K.	MBKW
Sept 17	Tientsin	Fengtien	1073	Br.	B. & S.	CNCW
Sept 16		Gemini	1366	Br.	M. B. K.	
Sept 17	Hankow	Hanping	981	Chi.	H.Y.P.I. & Co	HYPW
Sept 16	Foochow	Hsinchi	1385	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co	KLYW
May 23	Hankow	Kinling	2511	Br.	B. & S.	CNWP
Sept 15	Chefoo	Koonshing	1333	Br.	J. M. & Co	SHW
Sept 15	Swatow	Kwangse	1228	Br.	B. & S.	WTW
Sept 16	Hankow	Kianghsin	1210	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.	KLYW
Aug 13	Hankow	Lienhua	366	Br.	J. M. & Co.	O.N.W.
Sept 16	Hankow	Luenho	1205	Br.	J. M. & Co.	SHW
July 16	Hankow	Meidah	1682	Ger.	Melchers	NGLB 1
July 30	Hankow	Mellee	1682	Ger.	Melchers	NGLB 1
Sept 9	Hankow	Meian	461	Am.	S. Oil Co.	SOCW
Sept 15	San Francisco	Maricopa	4418	Nor.	A. P. Co.	
Sept 13	Port Townsend	Nottingham	1062	Am.	M. B. K.	10 p
Sept 15	Hongkong	Namsang	2591	Br.	J. M. & Co.	SHW
Sept 9	Japan	Pembrokeshire	7968	Jap.	J. M. & Co.	B X
Sept 18	Hongkong	Perseus	4299	Bri.	B. & S.	HWYK
Sept 17	Wenchow	Poochi	631	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.	KLYW
July 30	Tsingtao	Sikiang	1840	Ger.	H. A. L.	9 p
July 30	Hongkong	Silesia	5446	Aus.	Aus. Lloyd	B VIII
Aug 17	Chinwangtao	Shinfoo	1373	Br.	K.M.A.	KMAW
Sept 9	Blakely ports	Stimson	605	Am.	J. M. & Co.	USB
Sept 11	Hankow	Shansi	1228	Br.	B. & S.	CNCW
Sept 16	Japan	Sapporo maru	1585	Jap.	M. B. K.	MBKW
Sept 17	Hankow	Suiwo	1931	Br.	J. M. & Co.	HW
Sept 14	Hankow	Tungting	1264	Br.	B. & S	CNW
Sept 15	Chinwangtao	Taishu maru	879	Jap.	Satoh Shokai	
Sept 15	Hankow	Tachi maru	1288	Jap.	N.K.K.	LPDW
Sept 16	Hongkong	Tsangtab	475	Br.	C. I. & E.L.Co.	
Sept 17	Hankow	Tachang maru	1369	Jap.	N.K.K.	LPDUW
Sept 17	Hongkong	Tjimanoek	3510	Dut.	H.-C. T. Co.	KMAW
Sept 10	San Francisco	Wilbert L. Smith	710	Am.	J. M. & Co.	USB
Sept 15	Swatow	Wenchow	560	Br.	B. & S.	WTW
Sept 16	Hongkong	Wingsang	1517	Br.	J.M. & Co.	SHW
Sept 17	Hongkong	Woosang	1127	Br.	J.M. & Co.	SHW
Sept 17	Hankow	Wuchang	1719	Br.	B. & S.	CNCW
Sept 16	Hankow	Yohyang maru	1917	Jap.	N.K.K.	NYKW
Sept 16	Japan	Yawata maru	2159	Jap.	N. Y. K.	WSW

Men-of-War In Port

Section	Date	From	Name	Flag and Rating	Tons	Guns	Men	Commander
C II	April 8	Cruise	Brooklyn**	Am cru.	9215	20	562	Day
P & O B I	Sept. 16	Cruise	Wilmington	Am g-b.	1397	12	208	Mann

**Flagship, U.S. Asiatic Fleet.

Admiral A. G. Winterhalter, Commander-in-Chief.

The French gunboats D. de Lagree and Decidee, the Japanese gunboats Fushimi, Sumida and Toba, and the British gunboat Woodlark are not included in this list, being dismantled.

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EMPRESS OF RUSSIA	3 Nov.	EMPRESS OF ASIA	1 Dec.
		EMPRESS OF RUSSIA	29 "

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"	"SHINYO MARU"	22,000 tons	Nov. 4
"	"TENYO MARU"	22,000 tons	Dec. 22

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S.S.	"PERSIA MARU"	9,000 tons	Sept. 25
"	"NIPPON MARU"	11,000 tons	Oct. 24
"	"PERSIA MARU"	9,000 tons	Dec. 12

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S.S.	"SHINYO MARU"	22,000 tons	Oct. 14
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Russo-Rumanians in Full Retreat From the Dobrudja

Berlin Cable Reports; Bukharest Tells of Triumphant Advance, With Capture of Three Towns

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Berlin, September 16.—An official communique published in Berlin regarding the operations against Rumania states that there is very heavy fighting in the Dobrudja, where the Russo-Rumanian forces are retreating northward.

London, September 17.—A Rumanian official communique reports: We continued our advance on our northern and north-western fronts. Three towns were occupied and 910 prisoners captured, besides war-material.

Branhill is in our possession, after frequently changing hands. We captured 76 prisoners.

Paris, September 16.—Military experts point out that the important successes won at the outset of the Allied offensive at Salonica will considerably upset the enemy's plans of concentration against Rumania.

28,000 Troops Captured When Tartukai Mastered

(Ostasiatische Lloyd War Service)

Official German telegram.—Headquarters, September 14.—The German-Bulgarian-Turkish troops continue to advance in the Dobrudja, in successful engagements.

September 15.—At several places, the enemy's resistance was broken, they being pressed back into the general line Cuzgun to Caraomer. Prince Friedrich Wilhelm von Hessen fell near Caraomer.

The number of prisoners made during the first combats at Turtukai and by the conquest of this fortress, according to the newest available reports, amounts to 28,000 men, in round figures.

Official Austro-Hungarian telegram.—Vienna, August 14.—Several enemy attacks, west and north of Hermannstadt, were repulsed. Otherwise, there were no events of importance.

September 15.—The attacks of the allied troops south-east of Hatszeg are progressing favorably. East of Fogaras, the Rumanians crossed the Alt River.

Official Bulgarian telegram.—Sofia, September 14.—The enemy shelled Kladovo and the village of Davidoven, without effect. Weaker enemy detachments twice attempted to cross the Danube, near the villages of Kostol, Malkavarbitza and Gocmavrbitza, but without success.

In the Dobrudja, the offensive is progressing. A combat on the line Oltina-Lake Sarichoi-Aptast-Mussabey-Cifutköi is developing favorably for us. Up to the present, 24 rapid-fire guns have been captured. The enemy were driven back, under heavy losses. The battle continues.

On the Black Sea coast, the situation is calm.

September 15.—On the bank of the Danube, the situation is calm. The fortress of Turtukai was shelled by the enemy's artillery, without any result.

In the Dobrudja, our troops, since September 12th, have been engaged in heavy combats against the enemy forces, composed of Russian, Rumanian and Servian troops. The great battle on the line Oltina-Lake Sarichöi-Aptast-Mussabey - Caraomer ended on September 14 with the complete destruction of the enemy.

The enemy are retreating on the whole front, energetically pursued by our troops. We are busy ascertaining the number of prisoners and the booty captured. In this battle, the 2nd, 5th, 9th and 19th Rumanian divisions, the 61st Russian infantry division, a mixed Russian-Servian infantry division and three Russian cavalry divisions took part.

According to the declarations of prisoners, we captured at Turtukai the 15th and 17th Rumanian divisions, i.e., the 34th, 36th, 74th, 75th, 79th, 88th infantry regiments, one mixed regiment, the 2nd frontier infantry regiment, the 5th howitzer regiment and the 3rd fortress artillery regiment. Up to the present, 462 officers have been made prisoners, among whom are the brigade commanders Colonels Rashkanu and Marshescu, 40 physicians and 5 bandmasters.

The Chief of the 15th division, General Grogorescu, escaped, according to the declarations made by prisoners. The commander of the 17th division, Todorescu, was drowned in the Danube. The booty includes two "bacera," 100 guns, 62 machine-guns and a great quantity of other war material.

In the combats near Kurtbunar, Dobricz and Silistria, fifteen officers and 3,000 men were made prisoners and thirty guns captured.

'The Scamps'

"The Scamps" entertained a large house at the Lyceum Theater last night.

Mr. Wolseley Charles is a worker. He hardly left the stage for a minute and when he wasn't tickling the ivories in the most finished fashion he was having quite a nice little talk to those on the other side of the footlights.

Dancing, singing, sketches, burlesques and gags of every kind were perpetrated and the show is evidently one that will please a Shanghai audience.

Apart from Mr. Wolseley Charles—the taipan of the party—Miss Isabel Giudici came in for the greatest amount of appreciation. Her rendering of 'The Floral Dance' was delightful and we would have enjoyed much more of her fine contralto voice.

The Fox Trot was purveyed by two of the Scamps and received a fine round of applause—it was well deserved.

The chief point about the company is its finish. It has evidently been wonderfully rehearsed and all the business goes with a snap that ensures success.

Reeves Hansford very soon became a favorite with his humorous songs and work and the dancing of the Destiny Waltz by Miss Videan and W. E. Kirby calls for mention.

Just a word in the company's private ear. "You are not very well heard in all parts and some of the make-ups are evident. This can easily be remedied." So good luck and a good season to the Scamps.

CRISIS IN HUNGARY

Police Intervene When Budapest Crowd Gets Out of Hand

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Rome, September 15.—News from Hungary describes the situation there as being increasingly grave. The political troubles are complicated by the constantly growing influx of refugees from Transylvania, who are received with scant courtesy. In Budapest, there have been several unpleasant incidents, in which the police have had to intervene.

Leads President Wilson's Campaign

The Democratic campaign for the coming election is now in full swing. Vance McCormick, the new chairman of the National Democratic committee, with a score or more of assistants is busy managing the details of the campaign for President Wilson's re-election. The President is to make some speeches this and next month.

155 Nurses in Philippine General Hospital Strike

Desert Their Patients; Now Barred from All Hospitals In Manila

Manila, September 12.—As a result of a strike declared by the nurses and student nurses, both male and female, in the Philippine General Hospital an unofficial ban has been placed on the strikers by officials of the hospital as well as by the private institutions where their services might be required in Manila. On August 30, the 155 nurses signed an agreement to resign and to abandon their patients in the hospital unless they were informed of the immediate resignation of Dr. W. E. Musgrove, the director of the institution, and two assistants. The strikers were all native Filipinos.

Assisted by the governor general's staff and by the health authorities, Dr. Musgrove issued a call to all prospective student nurses on the waiting list to report for immediate duty. They came from all parts of the islands and were augmented by American women in Manila who had had some experience in nursing. The hospital staff again has been built up to its normal strength and the institution is looking after the usual number of patients.

Several days ago Governor General Harrison ordered an investigation of the trouble and named Dr. E. A. Colson, the director of civil service, as the investigator. This inquiry is still in progress. The stories of the individual strikers who are applying for reinstatement are being heard, but it has been officially given out that none of the striking nurses and students will be allowed to return.

The trouble originally arose over the enforcement of strict rules of discipline and conduct both in and out of the hospital. Many prominent Filipinos took the part of the strikers and provided homes for them outside the institution when they walked out. The police were twice called to maintain order in the hospital and to stop the strikers from interfering with the loyal nurses and students who were attempting to look after the patients.

BOMB GERMAN DEPOTS

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Petrograd, September 15.—A squadron of Russian giant aeroplanes effectively bombarded the German hydroplane lake-station on the Gulf of Riga, dropping 73 bombs. The enemy made a counter-raid, but were driven off, eight of their machines being put out of action.

HESSIAN PRINCE SLAIN

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Berlin, September 16.—General Baron von Freytag has been appointed Deputy Chief of the General Staff. A German official communique mentions that Prince Friedrich of Hesse has been killed.

LL. GEORGE RETURNS

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, September 16.—Mr. Lloyd George has returned from France, where he had important conferences with Generalissimo Joffre and General Sir Douglas Haig, in addition to visiting Verdun.

MEDAL FOR VERDUN

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, September 15.—Cordial telegrams have been exchanged by the King and President Poincare with reference to the award of the Military Cross to Verdun.

UNCLAIMED CABLEGRAMS

(Eastern Extension Co.)

Aug. 15 Wynaendts Telegraphe-restante; Davosplatz.
Aug. 29 Nortrom; London Sub.
Aug. 31 Kootzenkien; Singapore.
Sept. 5 Robert Baldwin, Astor House; Barcelona.
Sept. 11 K. D. Yue, care of Jardine Matheson; Singapore.
Sept. 12 Arbel; Colombo.

Commercial Pacific Cable Co.

Sept. 6 Bellamore Shanghai; Teledoo.
Sept. 13 Doctor Heiser care of American Consul Shanghai; New York.
Sept. 17 Hindmarsh Shanghai; San Francisco.

Great Northern Telegraph Co.

Aug. 7 Union; Tsingtau.
Aug. 14 Sawyer Astor; Hongkong.
Aug. 30 Fungtah Southmarket; Hongkong.
Aug. 30 Singlee; Kobe.
Sept. 1 Sugiyama Tokiwa Hotel; Hongkong.
Sept 4 Tongsangfai Dahonchan Samyoungking Qu; Hongkong.
Sept. 17 Schechter Palace Hotel; Odessa.
Sept. 8 Chuaongyong, St. John's University.

CREDIT FOR DUTCH NAVY

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

The Hague, September 15.—A Bill has been submitted to the Second Chamber for an extraordinary naval credit of 3,500,000 Florins for the second half of 1916.

Lawn Tennis

Wayside v. Junior Golf Club

This match was played at the Junior Golf Club on Sunday afternoon and resulted in a win for the J. G. C. by three games to one. The scores were:—

W. J. Bisset and G. Anderson beat W. Train and C. MacGillivray 6-2, 4-6, 6-2.

B. P. Critchley and A. Braid beat G. S. Clark and P. Campbell 3-6, 7-5, 6-3.

H. E. Pickering and C. Richards beat G. H. Bloom and A. Cheetham 6-4, 6-4.

J. Quayle and D. White lost to J. S. W. Milne and P. Isherwood 5-7, 2-6.

S.C.C. v. Portuguese Association

This match will be played tomorrow, at 5 p.m. on the S. C. C. courts. Best of 3 setts.

The following will represent the S. C.C.:—

N. B. Ramsay and St. G. R. Clark.
L. R. Wheen and W. J. Hawkings.
D. Campbell and V. H. Lanning.
A. J. Grant and G. A. Thomson.
A. H. Leslie and B. L. Cheetham.

SHANGHAI GOLF CLUB

The September Monthly Cup was played for on Saturday and Sunday; 18 Holes, Medal, Club Handicaps. The card:

	Total.	H'cap.	Net.
W. M. Weston	90	16	74
P. Enticknap	96	18	78
H. E. S. Pickering	89	8	81
W. G. Lancaster	90	9	81
R. A. Lawson	85	2	83
A. S. Hocking	90	7	83
E. M. Ross	91	6	85
H. E. Brewer	97	12	85

33 cards were taken out.

Provision Prices in Local Markets

Prices quoted are in Mexican dollars cents at Hongkew market, as compiled on September 12, 1916.

Butcher's Meat		
Beef	per lb.	14-20
Mutton	"	16-20
Pork	"	25-30
Veal	"	25-30
Fish		
Bream	per lb.	20-25
Cod	"	14-16
Mandarin	"	30-50
Mackerel	"	20-25
Pomfret	"	20-25
Salmon	"	none
Sampi	"	none
Soles	"	20-30
Whitebait	"	20-25
Game, Poultry and Eggs		
Deer	each	none
Duck	"	40-50
Eggs	per doz.	16-20
Fowl	per lb.	15-20
Geese	each	50-$1
Hare	"	none
Partridge	"	none
Pheasant	"	none
Pigeons	"	15-20
Plover	"	none
Quail	"	none
Snipe	"	16-18
Turkey	per lb.	45-50
Teal	each	none
Wild Duck	"	none
Wild Geese	"	none
Woodcock	"	none
Wild Pigeon	"	none
Fruit		
Apples	per lb.	10-15
Apricots	"	none
Bananas	"	5-6
Cherries	"	none
Cocoanuts	each	15-20
Chestnuts	per lb.	10-12
Figs	per doz.	3-5
Grapes	per lb.	12-16
Lemons	each	6-7
Lichees	per lb.	none
Mangoes	each	none
Mangosteens	per doz.	none
Melons	each	none
Oranges	per lb.	none
Peaches	"	none
Persimmons	"	5-7
Pineapples	each	none
Peeboes	per lb.	none
Plums	per lb.	none
Pumeloes	each	15-20
Pears	per lb.	8-15
Strawberries	"	none
Walnuts	"	8-10
Vegetables		
Artichokes	each	none
Asparagus	per doz.	15-25
Bamboo Shoots	per lb.	none
Broad Beans	"	4-5
Beetroot	per bunch	1-2
Cabbages	each	4-6
Celery	per bunch	2-3
Carrots	each	2-3
Cauliflower	each	none
Egg Plant	per lb.	4-5
French Beans	per lb.	5-6
Green Corn	each	2-3
Leeks	per bunch	2-3
Mushrooms	perlb.	none
Onions	per lb.	2-3
Peas	"	none
Potatoes	per-pic.	$1.50-1.80
Parsnips	per lb.	2-3
Radishes	per bunch	1-2
Spinach	per lb.	5-6
Tomatoes	"	3-5
Turnips	per bunch	none
Grain and Flour		
Flour, American	per 50 lb.	$4.50
Flour, Shanghai	per 50 lb.	$2.40
Rice	per 200 lb.	$8.20
Milk		
Foreign dairies	per bottles	20
Chinese dairies	"	17
Fodder		
Barley	per 114 lbs.	$2.90
Bran	"	$2-20
Fuel		
House Coal	per ton	Tls. 9.50
Stove Coal	"	Tls. 16.00
Firewood	per 60 bundles	$1.00

E. KILNER.

"KOFA"
DISINFECTING FLUID
4 times stronger than Carbolic Acid
½ gallon $ 1.00
1 gallon $ 1.80
Special price for wholesale orders. For Export in Iron drums, if required.
VOELKEL & SCHROEDER A.G.
MANUFACTURING CHEMISTS
SHANGHAI.

CHINESE GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS
TIENTSIN-PUKOW LINE
TIME TABLE

(Published by order of the Administration)

0⁰⁰ = Midnight, 13³⁰ = 1³⁰ p.m.

September 1st, 1916, and until further notice

Mail 101 B s.	Mail 3. B. S.	Luxe 1. B. S.	Miles	Peking-Mukden Line	Luxe 2. B. S.	Mail 4. B. S.	Mail 102 B. s.
2035	855	300	0	dep. Peking arr.	2200	1950	1020
2345	1112	626	. .	arr. Tientsin-Central dep.	1935	1700	720
2350	1117	640	84	dep. Tientsin-Central arr.	1930	1653	710
000	1125	650	. .	arr. Tientsin-East dep.	1920	1645	700
1910	520	2310	524	arr. Mukden dep.	248	. .	1040

Local 5.	Mail 3. B. s.			Tientsin-Pukow Line		Mail 4. B. s.	Local 6.
715	1130	—	0	dep. Tientsin-East arr.	—	1705	1950
725	1140	—	2.71	arr. Tientsin-Central dep.	—	1655	1941
745	1200	—		dep. Tientsin-Central arr.	—	1641	1931
1133	1500	—	78	dep. Tsangchow dep.	—	1332	1508
1457	1746	—	148	dep. Techow dep.	—	1048	1148
1801	2021	—	—	arr. Tsinanfu dep.	—	806	845
7.	:	—	220	:	—	:	8.
800	2031	—	—	dep. Tsinanfu arr.	—	756	1812
1039	2231	—	266	dep. Taianfu dep.	—	601	1512
1300	038	—	318	arr. Yenchowfu dep.	—	340	1311
1315	018	—		dep. Yenchowfu arr.	—	339	1256
1536	316	—	377	dep. Lincheng dep.	—	120	1024
1818	450	—	—	arr. Hsuchowfu dep.	—	2336	816
9.	:	—	420	:	—	:	0.
630	457	—	—	dep. Hsuchowfu arr.	—	2329	207
1156	833	—	523	arr. Pengpu dep.	—	1956	1442
1204	840	—		dep. Pengpu arr.	—	1948	1422
1657	1152	—	600	dep. Chuchow dep.	—	1648	928
1848	1339	—	631	arr. Pukow dep.	—	1530	738

Express 16 B. S.	Express 10. B.			Shanghai-Nanking Line		Express 1. B.	Express 15. B. S.
. .	1420	. .	0	dep. Nanking-Ferry arr.	. .	1410	. .
2300	1420	. .	. .	dep. Nanking arr.	. .	1415	650
700	2120	. .	193	arr. Shanghai-North dep.	. .	755	2300

Yenchowfu-Tsiningchow Branch Line						Lincheng-Tsochuang Branch Line					
930	1357	2137	d. Yenchowfu a.	610	1230	2009	530	1110	1800	d. Lincheng a.	810	1410	2100
1032	1455	2238	a. Tsiningchow d.	522	1125	1858	638	1219	1908	a. Tsochuang d.	702	1302	1952

The station for the foreign concessions in Tientsin is "TIENTSIN-EAST"

Conventional Signs.

300 = train runs on Thursday only. 230 = train runs on Fridays only.

300 = on trains marked thus passengers must hold additional place tickets.
B = train has buffet car with regular meal service
S = train has sleep. accomm. 1st & 2nd class. s = train has only 1st class sleep. accomm.

Application for sleeping accommodation at $5.00 per berth should, at the earliest possible moment, be made to the Traffic Manager at Tientsin, or to the Traffic-Inspectors at Tientsin, Tsinanfu, Hsuchowfu or Pukow.

By Order.
THE TRAFFIC MANAGER.

Tientsin, September, 1916.

SHANGHAI-NANKING RAILWAY ABRIDGED TIME TABLE.

(Main Line)

Shanghai North To Nanking—Up

STATIONS.	1 Express E	3 Local	5 Slow	7 Coolie Goods	9 Fast E	11 Local	13 N S G Local	15 Night Express E.S.	17 N S G Local
SHANGHAI NORTH ..dep.	7.55		8.20	9.00	12.50	15.20	5.40	20.00	19.15
Nanzang..			8.56	9.42	13.21	15.56	9.15	—	17.50
Kunshan			9.55	11.04	14.27	16.51		—	
SOOCHOW { arr.	9.34		10.53	12.52	14.50	17.53		1.01	
SOOCHOW { dep.	9.41		11.02	13.13	14.57	18.13		1.08	
WUSIH .. { arr.	10.24		12.11	13.53	15.45	18.59		2.02	
WUSIH .. { dep.	10.31		12.21	14.43	15.55	19.41		2.10	
CHANGCHOW { arr.	11.13		13. 0	14.51	16.33	20.45		3.00	
CHANGCHOW { dep.	11.23	6.10	13.12	15.01	16.47			3.10	
TANYANG .. { arr.	12.07	8.00	14.07	16.10	17.41			—	
TANYANG .. { dep.	12.09	8.05	14.09	16.14	17.47			—	
CHENKIANG { arr.	12.43	8.53	15.49	17.08	18.23			4.58	
CHENKIANG { dep.	12.52	8.59	15.57	17.15	18.30			5.05	
Nanking Ferry ..arr.	*14.10	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
NANKING	14.15	10.55	17.50	19.25	20.05			6.50	..

Nanking To Shanghai North—Down

STATIONS.	2 Local	4 Slow	6 Coolie Goods	8 Fast E	10 Express E	12 Local	14 N S G Local	16 Night Express E.S.	18 N S G Local
NANKING .. ..dep.		7.00	7.30	11.15	*14.30	18.55		23.00	
Nanking Ferry ..dep.	—	—	—	—	*14.30	—		—	
CHENKIANG.. { arr.	5.57	9.42	10.30	15.11	18.05			0.48	
CHENKIANG.. { dep.	6.05	9.52	12.50	16.01	19.35			1.00	
TANYANG .. { arr.	6.55	10.40	13.35	16.55	19.16			—	
TANYANG .. { dep.	6.57	10.50	13.50	16.59	19.19			—	
CHANGCHOW { arr.	7.54	11.54	14.41	17.56	20.20			2.53	
CHANGCHOW { dep.	8.20	11.14	14.58	17.58				3.06	
WUSIH .. { arr.	7.34	12.14	15.36	18.34				4.01	
WUSIH .. { dep.	7.36	12.22	15.46	18.51				4.11	
SOOCHOW .. { arr.	8.40	13.15	16.47	19.51				5.04	
SOOCHOW .. { dep.	8.45	13.50	16.58	20.02				5.12	
Kunshan	9.54	14.57	18.14	17.41	—			—	
Nanzang..	10.32	15.37	19.19	22.20	—			—	
SHANGHAI NORTH .. arr.	11.25	16.20	17.55	13.55	21.20		3.40	6.35	12.00
							10.15	7.00	18.25

R. Restaurant Cars S. Sleeping Cars

*Connects at Tientsin with the Peking-Mukden and through Siberian Service.

Woosung Forts to Shanghai North—Up (Branch Line) **Shanghai North to Woosung Forts—Down**

	31	33	35	37	39	41	43	45	47
WOOSUNG FORTS .....dep.	7.00	8.20	10.45	13.10	14.40	16.10	18.10	18.40	21.30
KIANGWAN	7.27	8.47	11.12	13.37	15.07	16.37	18.37	19.07	21.57
SHANGHAI NORTH ..... arr.	7.35	8.55	11.20	13.45	15.14	16.45	18.45	19.15	22.05

	32	34	36	38	40	42	44	46	48
SHANGHAI NORTH ....dep.	6.30	7.40	10.05	12.15	14.00	15.30	17.25	18.00	20.30
KIANGWAN	6.33	7.51	10.16	12.26	14.13	16.41	17.36	18.11	20.41
WOOSUNG FORTS .....arr.	6.55	8.15	10.40	12.50	14.35	16.05	17.00	19.35	21.05

SHANGHAI-HANGCHOW-NINGPO RAILWAY

ABRIDGED TIME TABLE IN FORCE FROM THE 1st NOVEMBER, 1915.

MAIN LINE.

SHANGHAI TO ZAH KOU. "DOWN" **ZAH KOU TO SHANGHAI. "UP"**

STATIONS	2 Local Mixed a.m.	4 Fast a.m.	6 Slow a.m.	8 Coolie Goods a.m.	10 Ex-Press p.m.	12 Local Mixed p.m.	STATIONS	1 Local Mixed a.m.	3 Fast a.m.	5 Slow a.m.	7 Coolie Goods a.m.	9 Ex-press p.m.	11 Local Mixed p.m.
Shanghai South ..... dep.		8.00	8.55	10.15	3.30	4.20	Zah Kou ..... dep.		7.20	8.20	9.25	2.20	3.50
Sung Kiang ..... { arr.		8.52	10.01	11.24	4.13	5.46	Hangchow ..... { arr.		7.44	8.45	9.58	2.35	4.18
Sung Kiang ..... { dep.		8.55	10.06	11.40	4.15	5.56	Hangchow ..... { dep.		7.55	8.55	10.13	2.50	4.25
Ka Shai		9.49	11.07	1.02	5.00	7.10	Chang An		8.52	10.11	12.15	3.41	5.48
Ka Shing ..... { arr.		10.11	11.35	1.33	5.19	7.40	Yeh Zah ..... { arr.		9.25	10.54	1.15	4.06	6.27
Ka Shing ..... { dep.	7.30	10.19	11.45	1.46	5.29		Yeh Zah ..... { dep.		9.32	11.01	1.50	4.08	6.47
Yeh Zah ..... { arr.	8.24	10.56	12.27	2.37	5.56		Yeh Zah ..... { arr.		10 09	11.43	2.45	4.35	7.28
Yeh Zah ..... { dep.	8.40	10.58	12.31	2.52	5.58		Ka Shing ..... { dep.	7.40	10.12	11.55	3.01	4.41	
Chang An	9.38	11.38	1.17	3.55	6.25		Ka Shai	8.18	10.36	12.26	3.37	5.01	
Hangchow ..... { arr.	11.18	12.28	2.30	5.32	7.09		Sung Kiang ..... { arr.	9.33	11.29	1.26	4.48	5.44	
Hangchow ..... { dep.	11.30	12.38	2.42	5.47	7.24		Sung Kiang ..... { dep.	10.02	11.32	1.31	4.58	5.47	
Zah Kou ..... arr.	11.55	12.57	3.05	6.20	7.40		Shanghai South ... arr.	11.22	12.25	2.38	6.07	6.30	

KIANGSHOO BRANCH LINE

KON ZEN CHIAO TO ZAH KOU **ZAH KOU TO KON ZEN CHIAO**

STATIONS	14 a.m.	16 a.m.	18 a.m.	20 p.m.	22 p.m.	24 p.m.	STATIONS	13 a.m.	15 a.m.	17 p.m.	19 p.m.	21 p.m.	23 p.m.
Kon Zen Chiao ... dep.	7.40	10.10	11.50	1.50	3.15	6.35	Zah Kou ..... dep.	9.00				5.10	
Kon Shang Hsu .. { arr.	7.53	10.23	12.03	2.03	3.28	6.48	Hangchow ..... { arr.	9.19				5.33	
Kon Shang Hsu .. { dep.	8.04	10.30	12.05	2.05	3.30	6.50	Hangchow ..... { dep.	9.34	10.55	12.35	2.40	5.48	7.35
Hangchow ..... { arr.	8.13	10.40	12.15	2.15	3.40	7.00	Kon Shang Hsu .. { arr.	9.34	11.05	12.45	2.48	5.53	7.45
Hangchow ..... { dep.	8.21				3.50		Kon Shang Hsu .. { dep.	9.37	11.12	12.47	2.50	5.56	7.48
Zah Kou ..... arr.	8.46				4.15		Kon Zen Chiao ... arr.	9.56	11.25	1.06	3.08	6.09	7.43

Light Type A.M. Dark Type P.M.

Business and Official Notices

MAISON DE MODES

Astor Block, 3A & 4A Broadway

MME. T. LINOFF,

having now returned from London and Paris, has resumed the management of this establishment

September 18, 1916.

11050

Whangpoo Conservancy Board

Notification No. 63

Tenders for Workshop Machinery

Tenders are hereby invited for the supply of the following machinery for the Whangpoo Conservancy Board's Workshop at Woosung:—

A. One Shaping Machine.
B. One Punching and Shearing Machine.
C. One Steam-Hammer With Boiler.
D. One Electric Motor.

Tenders may be submitted for one or more of the above items. In case of tendering for two or more machines, the tenders must be submitted separately for each item.

Copies of Specifications and information for tendering may be obtained after noon on Sept. 18th on application to the Engineering Department, 6 Kiukiang Road.

Sealed tenders marked "Tender for Workshop Machinery" and addressed to the Whangpoo Conservancy Board will be received at the Office, 6 Kiukiang Road, until noon on Tuesday, September 26th, 1916.

The Board do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender.

Whangpoo Conservancy Board

Shanghai, September 15th, 1916.

11028

IF YOU WANT YOUR PROPERTY

LOOKED AFTER

Your houses or other buildings rented, your rents collected and sent to you each month

SEE

China Realty Co., Ltd.

39 Nanking Road

M. CHING CHONG

Proprietor, **Yeh Mei-Ching**

Hardware and Metal Merchants
Government Contractors

Materials of every description for Engineering

Naval and Marine Stores always in stock

Our entire stock is from well-known manufacturers, and our prices are moderate

Sole Agent for

The Chee Hsin Cement Co., Ltd.

For further information, please apply to—

66-69 North Soochow Road, Shanghai.

Tel. Gen. office No. 2971

Tel. Pri. office No. 4885

The Shanghai Chemical Laboratory

No. 4 Canton Road

BILL SMITH

Bill Smith had a cold all summer one year,

Which he caught eating cheese without "Elephant" Beer.

But from that day to this, both morning and night,

He drinks "Elephant" and feels quite all right.

"ELEPHANT HEAD" PILSENER PLEASES PARTICULAR PEOPLE

Ask Bill

Garner, Quelch & Co.

Wine Merchants

Mesdames Pronay and Leitmann

17 Nanking Road

Beg to announce that they have reopened their tailoring and millinery establishment for ladies.

On October 1, new evening and other dresses will be received from Paris.

A call is solicited.

11034 S. E. O. D.

NOTICE

THE Tropical Paint and Oil Company of Cleveland, Ohio, U. S. A., have this day appointed the Chinese-American Company, "An American Corporation," as their General Agents and Distributors for all China.

(Sgd.) **The Tropical Paint & Oil Co.**
(C. C. Chopp, Foreign Manager)

We have this day taken over the General Agency of the Tropical Paint & Oil Company of Cleveland, Ohio, U. S. A., formerly held by Messrs. Marques, Chang & Pereira Co., and from now on will act as General Agents and Distributors for all China for the Tropical Paint & Oil Co.

We have also taken over the Sub-Agency formerly held by Mr. W. H. Tenney, together with the painting contracting business established by him, and Mr. W. H. Tenney will henceforth act as Sales Manager of our paint department and continue the business of Paint Contracting as before.

Any communications regarding Paints or Paint Contracts should be addressed to,

The Chinese-American Company,
Paint Department,
1A Jinkee Road,
Shanghai, China.

Shanghai, 15th September, 1916.

11030

Sam Joe & Co.

General Storekeepers, Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants.

Our goods are always absolutely fresh, being imported weekly from well-known manufacturers.

"American" fresh fruit always in stock

Price very moderate

Prompt attention given to all orders

Orders from outports and the interior are carefully packed, and all breakages will be promptly made good.

A1114 Broadway

Telephone No. 1095.

SHANGHAI

KNAPP & BAXTER, INC.

IMPORTERS OF

AMERICAN PRODUCTS

6 Kiukiang Road, Shanghai, China

Phone: No. 1860 Chinese Dept. No. 1625

FALL CLOTHES

New American Styles and American Patterns
Business and Evening Clothes

THOM SHING

G19 Tiendong Road, Hongkew

ALL MAKES

OF TYPEWRITERS & OFFICE SUPPLIES

SEE OUR STOCK — SEND FOR PRICE LIST

THE OFFICE APPLIANCE CO.

4 CANTON ROAD, SHANGHAI

Prize Masquerade Ball

NEW POINT HOTEL, Friday, September 22.

Ladies' First Prize £10

(in Sovereigns); for the most Elaborate Costume.

Ladies' Second Prize £5

(in Sovereigns); for 2nd most Elaborate Costume.

Prizes will be awarded on a ballot, to take place at 1.30 o'clock.

BALL OPENS AT 11.30 P.M. AND CLOSES AT 3 A.M.

Supper, at $2.00, will be served at 2 o'clock

MUSIC BY WELL-KNOWN ORCHESTRA

Floral decorations by leading florist. Masks and Dominoes (obtainable at Point Hotel) by Shanghai Toilet Club.

$3.00 Admission by Ticket Only $3.00

Booking at Moutrie's and at Point Hotel

Lyceum Theatre

With the

Allies in France and Flanders

The War on the Western Front as seen by an actual eyewitness.

Frederick Coleman, F.R.G.S.

Vivid and Thrilling Stories of the War.

Battle Pictures that will amaze you.

First lecture Saturday, Sept. 30 at 9 p.m.

Booking will open on Tuesday, 19th inst. at "MOUTRIE'S."

LYCEUM THEATRE

SHANGHAI

Monday, September 18
FOR 10 NIGHTS ONLY

Maurice E. Bandman

Presents

Wolseley Charles'

Renowned Company

THE SCAMPS

In their Merry Entertainment, from the Strand and Palace Theatres, London.

NEW MUSIC
ORIGINAL SONGS
EXCELLENT COMEDY
UP-TO-DATE BURLESQUE

Entire change of programme every other night

Booking now open at **Messrs. Moutrie & Co.**

Prices of Admission $3, $2 and $1.

Commencing 9.15 p.m. Sharp

Cantorovitch's Sale Now On

Over 20,000 items on our tables, each a bargain in itself.

103 Broadway

Next block to Astor House

United States Postal Agency

THE public are hereby notified that under Subsection 24, Section 28 of the Tariff Act of August 5th, 1909 "NO IMPORTATION OF ANY MERCHANDISE EXCEEDING $100.00 IN VALUE SHALL BE ADMITTED TO ENTRY WITHOUT THE PRODUCTION OF A DULY CERTIFIED INVOICE THEREOF AS REQUIRED BY LAW."

Every shipment of merchandise by PARCEL POST to the United States or the Philippine Islands valued at more than $100.00 U. S. Currency must be accompanied by Invoice bearing consular certification at the time of mailing, even though a shipment, for postal or other purposes, may be divided in several packages.

JOHN M. DARRAH,
Postal Agent.

Shanghai, September 18, 1916.

NOTICE

ASTOR GRILL ROOM, the most elegant refreshment and entertaining parlours in Hankow, to be sold as a going concern or to be let.

RABISCHOWSKY.

11052 S 21

PRELIMINARY NOTICE!

HILL'S WINTER BAZAAR

Will shortly open at Shanghai, with $50,000 of

New Autumn and Winter Outfitting Goods and Household Linens.

These goods are now being landed ex s.s. "Perseus," "Demodocus" and "Sado Maru."

This Bazaar will afford everyone an opportunity to purchase

New goods at old Prices

Descriptive catalogues will be mailed to local residents shortly.

TRANSLATIONS

TRANSLATOR, who has considerable experience in legal, consulate, syndicate, journalistic, commercial and official translation work, undertakes translation in English and Chinese of agreements, petitions, letters, legal documents, advertisements, and commercial documents, etc. Please apply to Chang Nieh-yun, c/o 1-a, Peking Road, or P.D., 159 Haining Road opposite West End Lane.

FINANCIAL

WE CAN arrange loans from Tls. 1,000 to Tls. 1,000,000 on first class real estate security. China Realty Company, Ltd.

11060 S 20

Classified Advertisements

2 cents a Word (Minimum Charge 40 cents)

All Advertisements must be Prepaid

Replies must be called for

APARTMENTS

WINDSOR HOUSE
14-15, Quinsan Gardens

Flat to let, 2 rooms, with bathroom and boxroom, also front room.

Telephone 3482

8 & 11 Quinsan Gardens

Flat with bathroom attached, facing the Park. Nice room facing South, with full board, and all comforts at very moderate terms.

Telephone 1946.

TO LET

IN Avenue Joffre (private German family), one large well-furnished room, with verandah, balcony and bathroom attached, also use of telephone. With or without board. Suitable for married couple or bachelors. Apply to Box 297, THE CHINA PRESS.

10915 S 21

TO LET, from October 1st, or immediately, large bed and bathroom, nice verandah, pleasant view; stable. Apply to Box 363, THE CHINA PRESS.

11051

TO LET, very large room, small room, bathroom and verandah attached. 45 Bubbling Well Road.

11056 O 3

TO LET, in Western district, in private German family, one well-furnished flat of two rooms, bathroom and large verandah. Apply to Box 353, THE CHINA PRESS.

11032 S 19

TO LET, central and near Bund, several double and single well-furnished attic bedrooms, very cool and airy, in newly-decorated, up-to-date flat. Excellent board. Moderate terms. Elevator and 'phone. Apply to Box 215, THE CHINA PRESS.

11021 S 19

TO LET, from 1st November, in up-to-date, first-class boarding house, one very pleasant bedroom, bathroom attached. Good Central location near Bund. Lift and 'phone. Moderate terms. Apply to Box 347, THE CHINA PRESS.

11021 S 19

TO LET, one furnished room with board, also from 1st October, one large room, small room with bathroom, balcony attached, suitable for married couple or bachelors. 12-a Quinsan Gardens.

11024 S 19

SITUATION VACANT

WANTED, by an Insurance Office, one young experienced Chinese office assistant. Must write and speak English well. Apply to Box 361, THE CHINA PRESS.

11053 S 21

WANTED, salesman who can deposit $500. Good salary and commission are offered. Apply to Box 348, THE CHINA PRESS.

11022 S 19

WANTED: Steno-typist. Reply, by typewritten letter, to Box 338, THE CHINA PRESS.

11004 S 20

SITUATIONS WANTED

WANTED. A young man, at present employed in Tientsin, desires position in Shanghai as general office assistant or book-keeper; four years office experience. Neat handwriting, quick and accurate at figures. Can also type. No objection to salary. Please apply to Box 364, THE CHINA PRESS.

11055 S 24

AN EXPERT American accountant and auditor, of extensive experience, is open for engagement from October 1st. Position desired as chief accountant of a large firm, or as assistant with established public accountants. Highest of references. Satisfaction guaranteed. Apply to Box 357, THE CHINA PRESS.

11043 S 23

RETURNED STUDENT desires situation in engineering concern. Apply to Box 358, THE CHINA PRESS.

11044 S 19

EXPERIENCED bookkeeper and shipping clerk seeks position. First-class references. Apply to Box 349, THE CHINA PRESS.

11023 S 19

POSITION wanted by a competent bookkeeper, who has two spare hours during morning. Apply to Box 330, THE CHINA PRESS.

10982 S 19

POSITION WANTED by a Chinese as godownkeeper, storekeeper or timekeeper: many years' experience in Shanghai. Apply to Box 204, THE CHINA PRESS.

T. F.

OFFICES, ETC., TO LET

COMMODIOUS Business Offices to let at 2a Kiangse Road. Apply Secretary, Union Commercial Co., Ltd., 22 Museum Road.

11042 S 23

OFFICES TO LET, 49 Kiangse Road, five rooms from October 1st. China Realty Co., Ltd.

11029 T. F.

EDUCATIONAL

ACCURATE translations from English into Russian, and vice versa, quickly executed by expert steno-typist. Charges very moderate. Apply, Steno-typist, 3 Young Allen Terrace.

11054 S 29

EDUCATIONAL: A graduate in Arts, of many years' teaching experience in Schools and Colleges, is open to accept pupils at their homes; subjects, English, Mathematics, Science, &c. Terms moderate. Please apply to Box 356, THE CHINA PRESS.

11035 S 23

LESSONS in German given to ladies and children, by German lady teacher. Terms moderate. Please apply to Box 355, THE CHINA PRESS.

11036 S 23

APARTMENTS WANTED

WANTED, November 1st, a flat of 3 or 4 rooms, with kitchen and servants' quarters, furnished, and in Central district preferred. Apply to Box 344, THE CHINA PRESS.

11012 S 21

Exchange and Mart

FOR SALE, first-class sporting gun, 12-bore, with hammers, in strong leather case, and loading accessories, also one rook rifle. Eastman Kodak, No. 4, for films and plates, complete, in perfect order. 20 cases good French Cognac Brandy. Apply to Box 362, THE CHINA PRESS.

11047

FOR SALE; child's perambulator. Apply to Box 360, THE CHINA PRESS.

11046

FOR SALE: An Indian Motorcycle with side car, Price Tls. 400. Please apply to Box 352, THE CHINA PRESS.

11031 S 19

FOR SALE, New Winchester 12-bore automatic shot-gun, Tls. 65, and one 12-bore hammer-gun by James Jackson & Co., with loading accessories and leather case, complete. Tls. 28. Apply to Box 350, THE CHINA PRESS.

11025 S 19